

VR241/02/10 VR242/02 VR243/01/13 VR247/01/02/06 VR347/02/10 VR447/02

VR2410/19 VR2419/39 VR2469/39 VR3419/39 VR3469/39 VR3479/39 VR4469/39 3SB47/11 VR4479/39 24DV10/19

2SB41/11 2SB410/18 2SB419/38 2SB469/38 3SB419/38 3SB469/38





CONTENTS

Chapter

- Table of contents per page Survey PCB location Front/rear view of the video recorder Description of the controls and connections Survey of features and direction for use Technical data Safety instructions Supplementary service information
- Error diagnosis system Servicing of SMD's Dismantling of the set Survey of abbreviations used Circuit description Measurements Electrical adjustment instructions
- 3 Wiring diagram Block diagram PCB layout Circuit diagrams
- Tape deck dokumemtation Adjustments Exploded view of the tapedeck Partslist tape deck
- Cabinet exploded view Parts lists cabinet and PCB's

Safety regulations require that the set be restored to its original condition and that parts which are identical with those specified be used.

Survey of versions

	Survey	or versions;
	/01	PAL B/G
	/02	PAL B/G (with VPS)
	/05	PAL I England
\	_/06	PAL B/G & SECAM L (with VPS) Swiss
	707	PAL I Ireland
	/08	PAL B/G Italy
	/10 /11	PAL B/G Belgium
t	/13 ′	PAL B/G Nordic
	/16	PAL B/G Spain
	/18 /19	SECAM L
	/38 /39	SECAM L & PAL B/G
	/59	PAL/SECAM B/G, D/K
	/60	PAL/SECAM D/K

Survey of remote controls:

Survey of remote c	controls:	
VR241/02	RT143/124	4822 218 30744
VR241/10	RT140/114	4822 218 30748
VR242/02	RT242/124	4822 218 30747
VR247/02, VR347/02	RT941/124	4822 218 30749
VR243/01, VR243/13	RT431/415	4822 218 30702
VR247/01, VR347/10	RT943/114	4822 218 30751
VR247/06	RT940/114	4822 218 30758
VR447/02	RT941/124	4822 218 30749
VR2410/19 VR2419/39	RT141/144	4822 218 30754
VR2469/39 VR3469/39	RT740/144	4822 218 30755
VR3419/39	RT141/144	4822 218 30754
VR3479/39 VR4479/39	RT942/144	4822 218 30756
VR4469/39	RT740/144	4822 218 30755
2SB410/18 2SB419/38	RT140/244	4822 218 30753
24DV10/19 3SB419/38	RT140/244	4822 218 30753
2SB41/11	RT140/214	4822 218 30757
2SB469/38 3SB469/38	RT740/244	4822 218 30759
3SB47/11	RT940/214	4822 218 30761
Tape deck :		
VP24 /	MID T DOG	(0)

VR24./	WD-T-P2/0	(2 heads)
VR34./ 3SB/	WD-T-P3/0	(3 heads)
VR44./	WD-T-P4/0	(4 heads)
2.DV./	WD-T-P2/0	(2 heads)
2SB/	WD-T-P2/0	(2 heads)
23D./	WD-1-P2/0	(2 heads)

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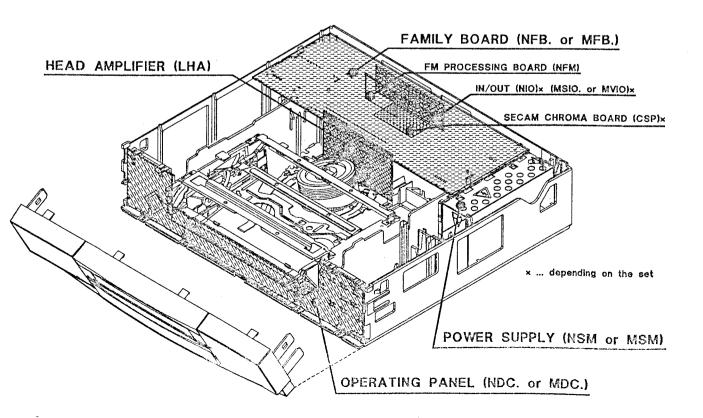
TABLE OF CONTENTS		Tape deck sensor panel Deck electronics-DE circuit diagram	3-40
Chapter 1 Technical data and features		CSP Chroma Secam Processing N3 N5	
Front page	1-1	PCB drawing CSP	3-42
Table of contents		Circuit diagram CSP	3-43
Survey of sets and PCBs		MSIO Input/Output board N3 N5	
Technical specifications/Safety instructions		PCB drawing MSIO	3-44
Description of the system for publication of changes	1-0// 1_Q	Circuit diagram MSIO	3-45
Survey of direction for use		MVIO Input/Output, Teletext board 182 185	
Front/rear view of the set		PCB drawing MVIO	3-46
Remote control		Circuit diagram MVIO-I/O-unit	
Direction for features		Circuit diagram MVIO-Control unit	
Chapter 2 Tools for error diagnosis		Circuit diagram MVIO-TXT-unit	
Error diagnosis system	2-1/4	Family board N4	
Servicing of SMDs		PCB drawing Family board	
Dismantling of the set	2-7/8	Video/Chroma-VS circuit diagram	
Abbreviations		Audio linear-AL circuit diagram	
Circuit descriptions		Frontend-FV circuit diagram	
Adjustment procedures	2-20/23	IN/OUT-I/O circuit diagram	
Chapter 3 Printed boards		Deck electronics-DE circuit diagram	
Wiring diagramm N1 N2	3-1	CSP Chroma Secam Processing	
Wiring diagramm N3 N5		PCB drawing CSP	
Wiring diagramm		Circuit diagram CSP	3-57
Block diagram analog part N1 N2		NIO Input/Output board M	
Block diagram digital part		PCB drawing NIO	3-58
		Circuit diagram NIO-OSD/FOME-unit	
Block diagram analog part 133 15		Circuit diagram NIO-I/O-unit	
Block diagram digital part N3 N5			
Block diagram analog part M4	3-8	NFM - FM-Processing board M	0.00
Block diagram digital part	3-9	PCB drawing NFM Circuit diagram NFM	
MSM1/1A Power supply		· ·	3-60
PCB drawing MSM1/1A	310	Chapter 4 Turbo drive	
Circuit diagram MSM1/1A		Deck parts replacement	
-		Deck layout diagram	
NSM1/1A Power supply PCB drawing NSM1/1A	0.40	Lift	4-2
		Head disc	4-3
Circuit diagram NSM1/1A	5-12/15	A/C Head	4-4
MDCP2/ Operating panel		Threading motor	4-4
PCB drawing		Capstan motor	
Circuit diagram	3-15	Pressure roller	
MDCP3/, MDCB1/ Operating panel		Roller unit right	
PCB drawing		Roller unit left	
Circuit diagram	3-17	Sensor print assy	4-6
NDCP4/ Operating panel		Adjustments	
PCB drawing		Tape path	
Circuit diagram	3-19	"Roller unit left; roller unit right"	
NDCB1/ Operating panel		A/C Head Horizontal distance	
PCB drawing	3-20	Brake band	
Circuit diagram		Tape tension adjustment	
LHA 2/0, 3/0 Head amplifier		Friction clutch control	
Circuit diagram LHA 2/0, 3/0	3-22	Reverse brake control	4-7
PCB drawing LHA 2/0, 3/0		Exploded view	
LHA 4/0 Head amplifier		Cleaning and lubrication	1.0
PCB drawing LHA 4/0	3-24	Parts list	
Circuit diagram LHA 4/0			
Family board M M		Chapter 5 Parts lists	, m
PCB drawing Family board	3-26/27	Exploded view of cabinet parts	
Frontend-FV circuit diagram		Cabinet parts	
Audio linear-AL circuit diagram		Power supply	
Tape deck sensor panel	3-30	Operating panelFamily board	
Deck electronics-DE circuit diagram		CSP Chroma Secam Processing	
Video/Chroma-VSIO circuit diagram	3-32	MSIO Input/Output board	
Family board 💹 💢		MVIO Input/Output, Teletext board	
PCB drawing Family board	3-34/35	NIO Input/Output board	
Video/Chroma -VS circuit diagram		LHA Head amplifier	5-24
Audio linear-AL circuit diagram		NFM - FM-Processing board	5-24
Frontend-FV circuit diagram	3-38	Cables	5-24
IN/OUT-I/O circuit diagram	3-39		

FEATURES

	PAL B/G	PAL B/G & SECAM L	SECAM L	PLL tuning system	2 Videoheads	3 Videoheads	4 Videoheads	VPS	LCD-Remote	Teletext / VPT	Audio dubbing	Studio picture control	Show View / Video Plus	Video Longplay	16:9 switching	Follow TV	Synchroedit	Real time download	Title recording	VISS	6 Timer blocks	2 Scart connectors
VR241/02 VR241/10 VR242/02 VR247/01 VR247/02 VR247/06 VR347/02 VR347/10 VR2410/19 VR2419/39 VR3469/39 VR3469/39 VR3479/39 2SB41/11 2SB410/18 2SB419/38 3SB419/38 3SB419/38 3SB469/38 3SB47/11 24DV10/19		•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•	•				•									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
VR447/02 VR4469/39 VR4479/39	•	•					•	•	•						•	•	•	•	•		•	
N5 VR243/01 VR243/13										•										•		•

SURVEY OF SETS

	N	N2	Ng	万道	NB
VR241/02/10			*		
VR242 /02			•		
VR243/01/13					•
VR247/01/02/06			*		
VR347/02/10		<u> </u>	*		
VR2410/19			♦		
VR2419/39			*		
VR3419/39			*		
VR3479/39			*		
VR2469/39			*		
VR3469 /39			*		
VR447/02				*	
VR4469/39				♦	
VR4479/39				♦	
2SB41/11			♦		
2SB410/18			♦		
2SB419/38			♦		
2SB469/38			•		
3SB419/38			•		
3SB469 /38			•		
3SB47/11			*		
24DV10 /19			♦		



SURVEY OF SETS AND PCE'S

	POWER SUPPLY	OPERATING PANEL				FAMILY BOARD	- VS-Videoprocessing	- IO-Input/Output	- FV-Frontend	- AL-Audio linear				And the second s	SECAM L BOARD	IN/OUT BOARD	IN/OUT, VPS BOARD	IN/OUT, TXT BOARD	IN/OUT, VPS BOARD	IN/OUT BOARD	FM BOARD	HEAD AMPLIFIER			TAPE DECK		
	MSM,NSM	NDCP2/UG	MDCP3/VPT	NDCB1/UG	NDCP4/UBG	NFB3/2GV	NFB3/2G	NFB3/2GL	NFB3/2GLV	MFB2T/2L	MFB3T/2GV	NFB4/4FG	NFB4/4FGVLP		CSP	MSIO	MSIO/VPS	MVIO	NIO/VF	NIO/F	NFM	LHA2/0	LHA3/0	LHA4/0	DM2/0	DM3/0	DM4/0
VR241/02 VR241/10 VR242/02 VR247/01 VR247/02 VR247/06 VR347/02 VR347/10 VR2419/39 VR2419/39 VR3419/39 VR3469/39 VR3479/39 2SB41/11 2SB410/18 2SB469/38 3SB419/38 3SB469/38 3SB419/38 3SB47/11 24DV10/19		•		•			•	•	•	•							•					•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
VR447/02 VR4469/39 VR4479/39 VR243/01					•			, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>				•	•		•			-		•	•	•		•	•	<u></u>	

MFB1T/	VST-Tuning, 1 Scart					
NFB1/	VST-Tuning, 1 Scart					
NFB2/	PLL-Tuning, 1 Scart	FAMILY BOARD				
NFBE/	ECO, VST-Tuning, 1 Scart					
NFBC/	ECO, PLL-Tuning, 1 Scart					
MFB2T/	PLL-Tuning, 2 Scart					
MFB3T/	PLL-Tuning, 2 Scart, TXT	FAMILY BOARD IN IN				
NFB3/	PLL-Tuning, 2 Scart	FAMILY BOARD				
NFBO/	ECO, PLL-Tuning, 2 Scart					
NFB4/	PLL-Tuning, 2 Scart, Audio dub.	FAMILY BOARD				







CARACTERISTIQUES

TECHNICAL DATA TECHNISCHE DATEN

Mains voltage	Netzspannung	Tension secteur	180 - 240 V
Mains frequency	Netzfrequenz	Fréquence	45 - 65 Hz
Power consumption	Leistungsaufnahme	Puissance absorbée	15 W
			+10°C - +35°C
Relative humidity	Relative Luftfeuchtigkeit	Humidité relative	20 - 80%
Dimensions	Abmessungen	Encombrement	380 x 86 x 338 mm
Weight	Gewicht	Poids	~ 4,6 kg
Fast forward/rewind time	Vor-/Rückspulzeit	Temps (re-)bobinage	typ. 95s (260s ECU) E180 cass.
			horizontally, max 15°
			>234 lines
Audio	Audio	Audio SP :	80Hz - 10kHz (≤8dB)
		LP:	80Hz - 5kHz (≤8dB)

(NL)





DATI TECNICI

TECHNISCHE GEGEVENS

DATOS TECNICOS

Netspanning	Tensión de red	Tensione di alimentazione	180 - 240 V
Netfrequentie	Frecuencia de red	Frequenza di rete	45 - 65 Hz
Opgenomen vermogen	Consumo de potencia	Potenza assorbita	15 W
Omgevingstemperatuur	Temperatura ambiente	Temperatura ambiente	+10°C - +35°C
Relatieve vochtigheid	Humedad relativa	Umiditá relativa	20 - 80%
Afmetingen	Dimensiones	Dimensioni	380 x 86 x 338 mm
Gewicht	Peso	Peso	~ 4,6 kg
Vooruit/terugspoeltijd	tiempo de (re-)bobinado	Tempo di (ri-)avvolgimento	typ. 95s (260s ECU) E180 cass.
Gebruikspositie	Posición de uso	Posizione di funzionamento	horizontally, max 15°
Oplossend vermogen	Resolución video	Risoluzione video	>234 lines
Audio	Audio	Audio SP :	80Hz - 10kHz (≤8dB)
		LP :	80Hz - 5kHz (≤8dB)

(GB)

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Safety regulations demand that the set be restored to its original condition and that components identical with the original types be used.
 - Safety components are marked by the symbol
- All IC s and many other semi-conductors are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD). Careless handling during repair may reduce life drastically. When repairing, make sure that you are conneted with the same potential as the mass of the set via a wrist wrap with resistance. Keep components and tools on the same potential.
- A set to be repaired should always be connected to the mains via a suitable isolating transformer.
- Never replace any modules or any other parts while the set is switched on.
- Use plastic instead of metal alignment tools. This in order to prelude short-circuit or to prevent a specific circuit from being rendered unstable.

REMARKS

- The direct voltages and oscillograms ought to be measured relative to the set mass.
- The direct voltages and oscillograms mentioned in the diagrams ought to be measured with a colour bar signal and the picture carrier at 503.25 MHz (C25).
- The oscillograms and direct voltages have been measured in RECORD or PLAY mode.
- The semiconductors, which are mentioned in the circuit diagram and in the parts lists, are fully exchangeable per position with the semiconductors in the set, irrespective of the type designation of these semiconductors.

SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

- Die Sicherheitsvorschriften erfordern es, daß sich das Gerät nach der Reparatur in seinem originalen Zustand befindet und daß die zur Reparatur benutzten Ersatzteile mit den OriginalErsatzteilen identisch sind.
 - Sicherheits-Bauteile sind mit der Markierung versehen /!
- Alle IC's und Halbleiter sind empfindlich gegen elektrostatische Entladungen (ESD). Unvorschriftmässige Behandlung von Halbleitern im Reparaturfall, kann zur Zerstörung dieser Bauteile oder zu einer drastischen Reduzierung der Lebensdauer führen. Sorgen Sie dafür, dass Sie sich im Reparaturfall über ein Armband mit Widerstand auf dem gleichen Potential, wie die Masse des Gerätes befinden. Alle Bauteile, Werkzeuge und Hilfsmittel sind auf das gleiche Potential zu legen.
- Ein zu reparierendes Gerät ist immer über einen Trenntransformator an die Netzspannung anzuschliessen.
- Bei eingeschaltetem Gerät dürfen keine Module oder sonstige Einzelteile ausgetauscht werden.
- Zum Abgleich sind ausschliesslich Kunststoffwerkzeuge zu benutzen (keine Metallwerkzeuge verwenden). Dadurch wird vermieden, dass ein Kurzschluß entstehen kann oder eine Schaltung instabil wird.

ANMERKUNGEN

- Die Gleichspannungen und Oszillogramme sind gegen Gerätemasse zu messen.
- Die Gleichspannungen und Oszillogramme angeführt in den Schaltbildern sollen unter folgenden Bedingungen gemessen werden: Farbbalkensignal, Bildträger auf 503.25 MHz (C25)
- Die Oszillogramme und Gleichspannungen sind in RECORD oder PLAY gemessen.
- Die in den Stücklisten aufgeführten Bauteile sind positionsweise voll auswechselbar gegen die Bauteile in dem Gerät, ungeachtet der etwaigen Typenbezeichungen.



AVERTISSEMENTS

- Les normes de sécurité exigent qu'aprés réparation l'appareil soit remis dans son état d'origine et que soient utilisées les piéces de rechange identiques à celles spécifiées.
 Les composants de sécurité sont marqués
- Tout les IC et beaucoup d'autres semi-conducteurs sont sensibles aux décharger statiques (ESD). Leur longévité pourrait étre considérablement écourté par le fait qu'aucune précaution n'est prise à leur manipulation. Lors de réparations s'assurer de bien être relié au même potential que la masse de l'appareil et enfiler le bracelet serti d'une résistance de sécurité. Veiller à ce que les composants ainsi que les outils que l'on utilise soient également à ce potentiel.
- Toujours alimenter un appareil à réparer à travers un transfo d'isolement.
- Ne jamais remplacer les modules ni d'autres composants quand l'appareil est sous tension.
- Pour l'ajustage, utiliser des outils en plastique au lieu d'instruments métalliques. Ceci afin d'éviter les court - circuits et exclure l'instabilité dans certains circuits.

OBSERVATIONS

- La mésure des tensions continues et des oscillogrammes doit se faire par rapport à la terre de l'appareil.
- La mésure des tensions continues et des oscillogrammes figurant sur le schéma doit se faire dans un signal de barre couleur porteuse image sur 503.25 MHz (C25).
- Les oscillogrammes et tension sont mésurées en mode RECORD ou PLAY.
- Les semi-conducteurs indiqués dans le schéma de principe et à la liste des compostants, sont interchangeables par repère sur ce chassis avec les semi-conducteurs de l'appareil quelle que soit la désignation de type donnée sur ces semi-conducteurs.

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VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

- Veiligheidsbepalingen vereisen, dat het apparaat in zijn oorspronkelijke toestand wordt teruggebracht en dat onderdelen, indentiek aan de oorspronkelijke, worden toegepast. De veiligheidsonderdelen zijn aangeduid met het symbool //.
- Alle IC's en vele andere halfgeleiders zijn gevoelig voor elektrostatische ontladingen (ESD). Onzorgvuldig behandelen tijdens reparatie kan de levensduur drastisch doen verminderen. Zorg ervoor, dat U tijdens reparatie via een polsband met weerstand verbonden bent met hetzelfde potentiaal als de massa van het apparaat. Houd componenten en hulpmiddelen ook op ditzelfde potentiaal.
- Sluit een apparaat dat gerepareerd wordt altijd via een scheidingstransformator aan op de netspanning.
- Verwissel nooit modules of andere onderdelen terwijl het apparaat is ingeschakeld.
- Gebruik voor het afregelen plastic i.p.v metalen gereedschap. Dit om mogelijke kortsluiting te voorkomen of een bepaalde schakeling instabiel te maken.

OPMERKINGEN

- De gelijksspanningen en oscillogrammen dienen gemeten te worden ten opzichte van de apparaat aarde.
- De gelijksspanningen en oscillogrammen vermeld in de schema's dienen gemeten te worden met een kleurbalkensignaal beelddraaggolf op 503.25 MHz (C25).
- De oscillogrammen en gelijksspanningen zijn in RECORD of PLAY mode gemeten.
- De halfgeleiders, die in het pricipeschema en in de stuklijsten, zijn vermeld, zijn per positie volledig uitwisselbaar met de halfgeleiders in het apparaat, ongeacht de typeaanduiding op deze halfgeleiders.



AVISOS

- Las instrucciones de seguridad exigen que, después de la reparación, el aparato se encuentre en el estado original y que las piezas de repuesto, utilizadas para la reparación, sean idénticas a las originales.
 - Los componentes de seguridad están marcados con
- Todos los IC y semiconductores son sensibles a descargas electrostáticas (ESD). Un tratamiento no conforme a las instrucciones de semiconductores, en caso de reparación, podría llevar a la destrucción de estos componentes o a una reducción drástica de la duración. En caso de reparación tenga cuidado de que esté al mismo potencial que la masa del aparato, por una pulsera con resistencia. Ponga todos los componentes, herramientas y recursos al mismo potencial.
- Para reparar un aparato hay que conectarlo siempre a la alimentación a través de un transformador de aislamiento.
- Cuando un aparato está en marcha no pueden ser cambiados módulos u otras piezas de repuesto.
- Para los ajustes hay que utilizar exclusivamente herramientas de plástico (nunca herramientas metálicas). Así se evitarán cortocircuitos y circuitos inestables.

NOTAS

- Hay que medir las tensiones continuas y los oscilogramas contra la masa del aparato.
- Las tensiones continuas y los oscilogramas mencionados en los esquemas tienen que ser medidos de la manera siguiente: señal barra de color portadora de imagen en 503 25MHz (C25)
- Los oscilogramas y las tensiones continuas son medidas en "RECORD" y "PLAYBACK"
- Los componentes mencionados en las listas se los puede cambiar por los componentes en el aparato, a pesar de eventuales designaciones de tipos.



AVVERTIMENTI

- Le prescrizioni di sicurezza richiedono che l'apparecchio sia ricondotto alle condizioni originali e che siano usati ricambi originali. Componenti di sicurezza sono marcati con
- Tutti gli IC e semiconduttori sono sensibili a scariche elettrostatiche (ESD). Noncuranze durante la riparazione di semiconduttori possono danneggiarli o condurre ad una riduzione drastica della durata. Durante la riparazione assicurarsi di essere collegati allo stesso potenziale attraverso un bracciale di protezione contro scariche elettrostatiche. Inoltre tenere anche tutti i componenti e gli attrezzi a questo potenziale.
- Apparecchi da riparare bisogna collegarli sempre via un trasformatore isolante (separatore) alla tensione normale.
- Non scambiare moduli o altri componenti quando l'apparecchio è in funzione.
- Per l'accordo usare soltanto attrezzi di plastica (non usare attrezzi metallici). Cosi si evitano cortocircuiti e collegamenti instabili.

OSSERVAZIONI

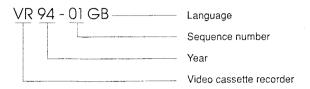
- Misurare le tensioni continue e gli oscillogrammi riferiendosi alla massa dell'apparecchio.
- Le tensioni continue e gli oscillogrammi indicati negli schemi di collegamento devono essere misurati secondo le condizioni seguenti: segnale barre colore, portante dell'immagine su: 503.25 MHz (C25).
- Gli oscillogrammi e le tensioni continue sono misurati in RECORD o PLAYBACK.
- I semiconduttori che sono menzionati negli schemi e nelle liste sono intercambiabili con quelli di pari tipo nonostante siano montati in posizione diversie.

MODIFICATIONS

Description of the system used for publishing modification data and supplements to the service manual.

All modification data and supplements to the Service Manual are published by means of Service Information bulletins.

Each Service information has a number, for example :



A Service Information bulletin concists of a front sheet, as the case may be followed by supplementary and/or replacement sheets.

Replacement sheets serve to replace existing sheets in the Service Manual. These sheets are identified by an additional letter after the page number, for example 5-1a. Page 5-1a then takes the place of page 5-1.

Supplementary sheets are inserted between the existing sheets in the Service Manual. These sheets can be identified by an additional figure following the page number, for example 5-1-1.

Sheet 5-1-1 should be inserted after page 5-1.

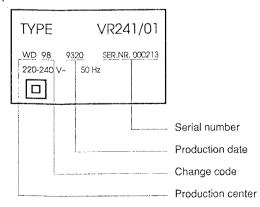
Description of the system by means of which modifications are indicated in the recorder.

All important parts of the recorder, such as tape deck, p.c. boards and modules, are provided with a sticker. These stickers specify a number of product data. The meaning of this data will now be explained for the most important sections.

The complete recorder

The type plate is located at the back of the recorder, below an example of such a type plate is given.

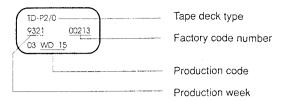
Type plate:



Note:

In the case of an important modification to the recorder the productionscode on the type plate is increased by one. E.g. 00 becomes 01.

· Tape deck



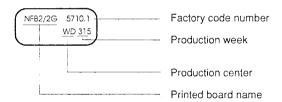
Note:

The production code and the serial number on the tape deck need not correspond to the production code and the serial number on the type plate.

· Printed panels

The stickers are generally located on the track side of the module.

Example:



Remarks:

The production status number will not always be mentioned. In case of an important modification, the last figure of the factory code number (point number) is increased by one. E.g. 5710.1 becomes 5710.2.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

The G/K Switch	1-12
Setting the clock and date on the video recorder	1-12
Setting the display language and the wide screen format	1-12
Connecting a decoder	1-12
Still picture / Super-slow motion	1-13
Searching for a tape Position	1-13
How do I eliminate Picture interference	1-13
Automatic channel search	1-14
Allocating channel numbers (Programme preset)	1-15
Manuel channel search	1-16
Attenuator switch SIG	1-16
Auto-assembling	1-16
Synchronous Editing (Synchro-Edit)	1-17
Long play function	1-18
What is "PDC"	1-18
TODAY-programming on the video reorder	1-18
What is VPS	1-19
Programming with "Show View"	1-19
How do I record from a satellite tuner	
How do I check or correct a TIMER block	
Audio dubbing	1-21
Programming on the remote control	1-21
How do I clear a TIMER-block	
How can I read TXT	1-22
Can I store my "favourite" pages	1-22
How can I call up my "favourite" pages	1-22
The automatic use of the TXT clock by the video recorder	
How can I record subtitles	1-23
Switching off TXT temporarily	1-23
To enlarge the print	1-23
TXT turns over pages automatically	1-23
Calling up concealed information	1-23
Tuner-Mode.	
Your video recorder as an extension of your TV set	1-24
Channel name display	1-24
Changing the TV standard manually	
View-Mode	
TV monitor function	
Switching the built-in modulator on or off	1-25

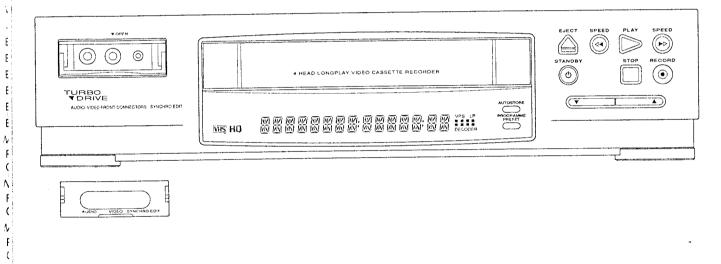
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Symbol on front of video recorder

AUTOSTORE Autostore PROG. PRESET Programme preset EJECT Cassette eject **⊲** SPEED Rewind/Reverse scanning PLAY Playback SPEED ▶▷ Forward wind Forward scanning STANDBY U Switch off STOP Stop RECORD • Record Down / Minus, programme number ₩ Up / Plus, programme number AUDIO Audio chinch VIDEO Video chinch SYNCHRO EDIT Synchro edit



Symbol on back of video recorder

Aerial input socket

Aerial output socket

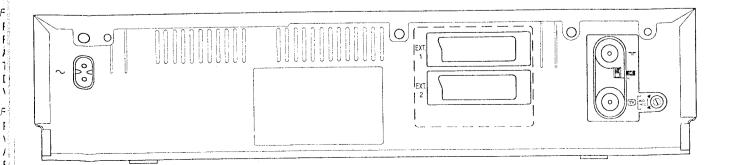
Mains socket

EXT 1 AV-Euro socket (Scart)

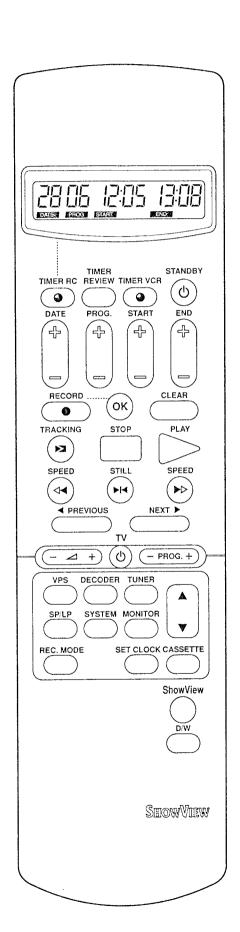
AV-Euro socket (Scart) EXT 2

MOD. FREQ. Channel control

> SIG Attenuator switch



The remote control



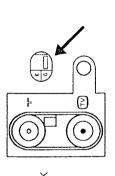
TIMER RC 3	Timer RC
TIMER REVIEW	Timer Review
TIMER VCR 9	Timer VCR
STANDBY 0	Standby
DATE +/-	Timer Date +/-
PROG. +/-	Timer Programme +/-
START +/-	Timer Start Time +/-
END +/-	Timer Stop Time +/-
RECORD •	Record (OK and
	RECORD button simultaneously)
OK	OK
CLEAR	Reset/clear
TRACKING >	Tracking/optimum setting
STOP	Stop
PLAY	Playback
⊲ SPEED	Rewind/Reverse scanning
STILL ►I◀	Pause/Still picture
SPEED ▶▷	Wind/Forward scanning
◆PREVIOUS	Previous picture
NEXT ▶	Next picture
VPS	VPS On/Off
DECODER	Decoder
TUNER	Tuner
lack	Up
V	Down
SP/LP	Tape speed selection (SP/LP)
SYSTEM	System
MONITOR	Monitor
REC.MODE	Record mode
SET CLOCK	Set clock on video recorder
CASSETTE	Cassette
SHOW VIEW	'ShowView' programming
D/W	Daily/weekly programming
	Additional TV functions:
- 4	Up/Down TV
Φ	Switch On/Off
-PROG. +	Up/Down programme number

Note: Only works on televisions with the same remote control code.

The G/K switch

You can connect this video recorder with a TV set equipped either with a West European PAL-B,G TV-standard ('G') or with an East European SECAM-D,K TV-standard ('K').

If you don't hear the sound from the video recorder during playback, switch to the other TV-standard. The switch is positioned at the back. In our factory the switch GIRIs set to position 'G'.



Setting the display language and the wide screen format

You can select from ten languages for the display on your video recorder and select the screen format.

- ◆ Ensure that there is no cassette in the cassette slot. With the video recorder switched off, press the <u>KASSETTE</u> and <u>WIEDERGABE</u> buttons simultaneously.
- ② Use the Tor Dutton to select the required display language, e.g.: ENGLISH.

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Press the OK button twice.

• 4:3' appears in the display. If you have one of the new wide screen TV sets, use the ► button to switch over to the '16:9' format. Otherwise, leave the setting at '4:3'.

© Finally, press the <u>ВЕВЕТТSCHAFT</u> பbutton.

Connecting a decoder

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Some TV broadcasters transmit encoded television signals which you can only see with a purchased or rented decoder. You can connect such a decoder (descrambler) to this video recorder.

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O Connect the decoder to the video recorder with an AV-Euro cable (<u>EXTZ</u>) socket).

You will find a description of how to store TV channels with the decoder in the chapter 'Storing TV channels'.

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O Connect the TV set to the EXT 1 socket.

Note:

- * You cannot use the decoder with your video recorder and your TV set simultaneously.
- * On your video recorder select the programme number that you allocated to the decoder function when storing the channel numbers. The video recorder will then automatically use the decoder.

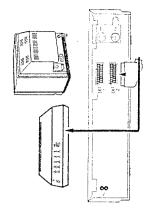
Setting the clock and date on the video recorder

In order to be able to programme recordings, you must first ensure that the video recorder clock is correctly set. To do this, use the <u>DOWN</u> or <u>UP</u> buttons on the remote control in all the following steps.

- Press the <u>SET CLOCK</u> button on the remote control. 'TIME' will appear in the video recorder display. Set the current time.
- Press the OK button. 'YEAR' will appear in the display. Set the current year,
- Press the OK button again. 'MONTH' will appear in the display. Set the current month.
- Press the <u>OK</u> button again. 'DATE' will appear in the display. Set today's date.

Press the OKD button again. The time and date have now been set. In confirmation, 'READY' will appear briefly in the display.





Still picture/Super-slow motion

◆ Press the PLAY button on the remote control.

② Press the STIL ► ■ button. The picture will stand still

Each time you press STILL MA again the picture will move on one step at a time.

Hold down the STILL ME button. The picture will be played in super-slow motion.

Press the PLAY button to continue playing back at the normal speed.

Special note:

* If the still picture vibrates vertically, keep pressing the TRACKING button until the vibration disappears.

If you pass the optimum setting, repeat this step with the <u>TRACKING</u> button.

You only have to find the optimum setting for your TV set once as the video recorder will store it automatically.

Please note, however, that interference may still occur with poor quality hired cassettes. This is not a fault in your video recorder.

Searching for a tape position

Sometimes you may have recorded two or more TV programmes on one cassette.

So that you do not have to spend time searching, your video recorder offers you an automatic search facility.

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The video recorder marks the tape with code marks every time you start to record. You can search for these code marks on the tape using the PREVIOUS and NEXT buttons on your remote control.

Press the <u>NEXT</u> button to select the next code mark or the <u>PREVIOUS</u> button for the previous code mark.

recorder display.

Once the video recorder finds the code mark it will automatically switch to playback.

Either 'NEXT' or 'PREVIOUS' will appear in your video

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Jote:

* When you press any tape transport button (e.g.: the PLAYP or PAUSE/STOP II I button) this

search function will be stopped

* You cannot use this function with recordings made on another video recorder that does not have this function.

How do I eliminate picture interference?

Every time a cassette is loaded the video recorder will automatically set the correct tracking position. For recordings made on another video recorder you may be able to improve on the automatic setting as follows:

● Press the PLAY button on your remote control.

Press the <u>TRACKING</u> button on your remote control.

Press the LPLAY button as soon as the playback quality is at its best. This setting will remain until you remove the cassette.

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Allocating channel numbers (Programme

Automatic channel search

The video recorder will search for all TV channels at the same time.

Switch on the TV set.

Many TV sets switch automatically to the programme number for the video recorder at step ②. However, this will only function if your video recorder is connected to the TV set with a scart cable. Otherwise, select the video programme number on your TV set.

With the video recorder switched off, press the MAUTOSIORE button on your video recorder for a few seconds. The automatic channel search function starts. 'AUTOSTORE' appears in the display.

SENDERGUERE OD 🚓

- Wait until all the TV channels have been found. This can take several minutes.
- All the TV channels have been found.

 If the video recorder recognizes that the TV set has been connected via a scart cable, the allocation of the TV channels will begin automatically.

 Otherwise, the automatic channel search will stop here. Then read further in the next section.
- 'SELECT TV P 01' appears in the display.

O Confirm with the OK button on the remote control for the video recorder. The video recorder compares the TV channels on the TV set and the video recorder.

If the video recorder has the same TV channel (e.g.: 'P 01') as the TV set, then it stores it.

- Wait until, e.g., 'SELECT TV P 02' appears in the display.
- Select, either on the TV set or with the remote control for the TV set, the next programme number, e.g.:
 2.
- © Confirm with the OK button on the remote control for the video recorder.
- © Repeat steps © to © until all the TV channels have been allocated.
 If you wish to finish prematurely, press the BEREITSCHAFT ⊙ button.

Finally, check again that all the TV channels are in the same sequence on both the video recorder and the TV set.

You can read about how to change the sequence in

the next section, 'Allocating channel numbers'.

Note.

- * After any subsequent activation of the search function, the newly-found TV channels will be added at the end of those previously stored.
 - * You can store up to 42 TV channels.
- * When you activate the 'Automatic channel Search' function, any TIMER blocks which have been programmed will be cleared.

Allocating channel numbers (Programme Preset)

You can allocate any desired programme number to the For example, so that they are in the same sequence as TV channels stored by the Automatic Channel Search. on the TV set

- Switch on your TV set.
- However, this will only function if your video recordgramme number for the video recorder at step 🕗 Otherwise, select on your TV set the programme er is connected to the TV set with a scart cable. Many TV sets switch automatically to the pronumber for the video recorder.
- Press the PRESET ALLOG. button on your video recorder for a few seconds.

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A frequency number and 'STORE P 01' will appear in the display.

You will find a 'Frequency Table' on the last page of this Operating Manual.

Use the 🔼 or 🔻 button on your remote control to select the TV channel to which you wish to allocate programme number 'P 01'.

- reception. This is the easiest way for you to allocate the same TV channels to the same programme numton on the remote control? If so, you can switch to * Have you used a scart cable to connect the video spond to the switch-over with the MONITOR butand fro between TV reception and video recorder recorder to your TV set and does your TV set rebers on both appliances.
- on the remote control. 'STORED' will appear briefly Confirm the allocation by pressing the OK button in the display.

If you wish to delete an unwanted TV channel, press

the CLEAR button.

SPEIL FARRIN

- gramme number, 'P 02'. Repeat steps 🛭 and 🔾 until • The video recorder will now display the next proyou have numbered all the TV channels.
- When you have finished, press the PRESET ALLOG. button on your video recorder.

- * Unused (free) programme numbers cannot be se-
- press the PRESET ALLOC. Dutton. Then, select the * If you wish to delete an unwanted TV channel, associated programme number and press the lected.
- name can only be displayed when it is indeed being * By pressing the VPS button you can display the name of the TV channel, e.g.: BBC 1, while you are allocating the channel numbers. Of course, the transmitted by the TV station. CLEAR button.
 - and your video recorder is connected to a decoder, press the <u>DECODER</u> button on the remote control tion from now on when you select this TV channel * If a TV station broadcasts encoded programmes The video recorder will activate the decoder funcat step 🗗 . 'DECODER' appears in the display. number (= this programme number).
- SECAM standard or vice versa. Press the SYSTEM * If the picture quality is poor, e.g.: negative or roll-* If you want to fine tune the automatic TV channel stripes on the picture in cable-TV systems. Howev-Now you can use the +/- function to vary from the er, the picture and sound quality may deteriorate. Important: Such fine re-tuning is only necessary and useful in special cases, e.g. when there are setting (step 3), press the TRACKING button. standard, e.g.: the PAL standard instead of the button at step (a) to change the TV standard. standard value '0' within a range of +4 to -4. ing, you might have selected the wrong TV

Manual channel search

In certain cases the Automatic Channel Search may not channels). You can then use this manual method to set be able to find all of the TV channels (e.g. coded TV the channels.

- Switch on the TV set and select the programme number for the video recorder.
- Press the TUNER button on the remote control.
- Press the PRESET ALLOC. button on the video recorder for more than five seconds.
- channel, you can also directly enter the frequency (4 control until you have found the right TV channel. A changing frequency number will appear in the dis-♣ Hold down the or or button on the remote play. If you know the frequency number of a TV digits) with the digit buttons 0-9.

control. 'DECODER' appears in the video recorder discoded and your video recorder is connected to a de-If the TV channel you have found is transmitted encoder, press the **DECODER** button on your remote

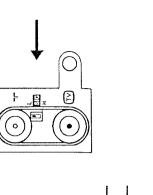
from now on when you select this TV channel number The video recorder will activate the decoder function (= this programme number).

- C Press the OK button on your remote control.
- Use the or or button on your video recorder to select the programme number that you wish to allocate to this TV channel.

Attenuator switch - SIG

You should normally leave the attenuator switch at the back of the appliance in the Lposition.

interference when receiving TV stations with strong Only use the H position if there is a great deal of signals.



Auto-assembling

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individual recordings without any annoying flickering You can use the auto-assembling function to join between the recordings.

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- pressing the PAUSE/STOP II I Dutton. 'PAUSE' will position on the tape and then stop the playback by ● Press the PLAY button. Search for the correct appear in the display.
- 2 Now start recording as usual by pressing the RECORD Dutton.



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Synchronous Editing (Synchro-Edit)

You can ed.t synchronously with a suitable connection cable between an appropriately equipped camcorder and the video recorder.

Both appliances are started at the right time with the help of a synchronized pulse and the adjustable 'switchon' (pre-roil) time.

Two different operating and cabling variations are possible. Connect both appliances when they are switched off.

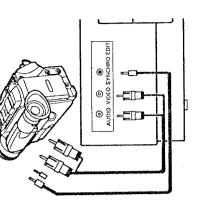
Pay attention also to the operating instructions for your camcorder. The video/audio signal is transmitted via the <u>CAUDIO</u> and <u>VIDEO</u> sockets in the video recorder. These sockets can be found at the front of the video recorder, behind a flap on the left.

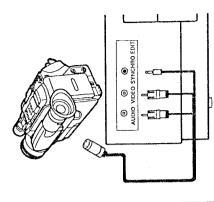
- Press the REC.MODE button several times until 'EDIT' appears in the display.
- ◆ You can change the 'switch-on' (pre-roll) time with the ▼ or ▼ button. The display will show, e.g. 'START 1:56' (seconds).
- Confirm your setting with the PAUSE STOP button.
- On the video recorder, locate the right tape position for the recording. Press the [PAUSELSTOP] button again.
- 6 Locate the right tape position on the camcorder.
- Press the 'PAUSE' button on the camcorder.

Corresponding to the above cabling, there are two ways to start editing.

Variant 1:

- Start the editing process with the <u>LAUFNAHME</u> button on the video recorder. The camcorder starts with 'PLAYBACK' and the video recorder starts synchronously with 'RECORD'.
- Stop the recording with the <u>PAUSE ISTOP</u> button on the video recorder.
- Switch off the video recorder with the [BEREITSCHAFT ○] button.





Variant 2:

- Start the editing process, e.g. with the 'EDIT' button on the camcorder. The camcorder starts with 'PLAYBACK' and the video recorder starts synchronously with 'RECORD'.
- Stop the recording with the 'PAUSE' button on the camcorder.
 - Switch off the video recorder with the [BEREITSCHAFT ©] button.

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* If the start of the scene to be edited is missing, then the setting for the 'pre-roll' time is too long. Simply set a shorter time (e.g. 1:40) as described in step . If the recording starts before the scene to be edited, the setting for the pre-roll time is too short. Then you must increase the set time, e.g. to

Long play function

You can reduce the recording speed by half. This makes it possible to record, for example, 8 hours instead of 4 hours on an E240 cassette.

- cording speed by pressing the SPAP button. 'LP' Before recording, select the 'LP' (=Long Play) rewill appear in the display.
- During playback the video recorder will automatically select the correct playback speed.

* You will obtain the best picture quality by recording at the standard speed ('SP').

What is 'Programme Delivery Control (PDC)?

corder is switched on and off. This means that the video TV programme you have programmed begins earlier or recorder switches on and off at the right time even if a finishes later than expected - provided that the TV sta-With PDC, the TV station controls when the video retion is actually transmitting PDC.

Not all TV stations transmit a PDC code.

Some notes:

- * The PDC function is only possible with the function 'Programming with TXT/VPT'
 - missing if the switch-on command sent by the TV * The first few seconds of a recording may be station is late.
- ception. When reception is poor, some programmed * PDC only functions faultlessly with good TV rerecordings with VPS may not function correctly. This is not a fault in the video recorder.

TODAY programming on the video recorder

It is very easy to programme a recording for TODAY. You only need to enter the programme number and the start Please note that only one TODAY programming is possible

The recording will be made until the end of the loaded cassette. Of course, if you activate the VPS function, the recording will be made only until the end of the selected TV programme.

- * You cannot use the PDC function with TODAY programming.
- selected before programming with button SP/LP on * The tape speed (standard play or long play) can be the video recorder.
 - * Make sure a cassette without recording protection is inserted.
- Press button TODAY on the video recorder.

The programme number currently selected flashes.

programme number of the TV channel from which you O Use button [-] or [+] (recorder) to select the want to record.

PROGRAM

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20:00

Use button [SELECT] (recorder) to switch VPS on or off. Press button [TODAY] again. The start time flashes in Use button [=] or [+] (recorder) to select the start the display. 0

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TIH

START

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Z0:00

- The data are recorded in the video recorder. TODAY Have you entered all the data correctly? If so, press READY" appears in the video recorder's display. button [TODAY]
- TODAY

READY

🗗 To finish programming, press button <u>(STANDBY க</u>). ACOUNT appears in the video recorder's display.

This concludes the programming procedure.

o io iinish programming, press button L STANDBY &

THIS IS NOT A TAULT IN THE VIGEO RECORDER

This concludes the programming procedure.

图记还编 appears in the video recorder's display.

What is VPS (Video Programming System)?

corder is switched on and off. This means that the video recorder switches itself on and off at the right time even f a TV programme you have programmed begins earlier With VPS, the TV station controls when the video reor finishes later than expected. Assuming, that is, that the TV station actually transmits

Not all TV stations transmit a VPS signal.

code by the indication 'VPS' that appears in the display You can see if a TV station is transmitting a VPS time in the 'STOP' or 'PAUSE' mode.

Please pay close attention to the VPS information alonge.g.: '20.15 (VPS 20.14)', you have to enter '20.14' as the Usually the start time is the same as the VPS time code. gramme's start time, a different VPS time code is given, side the individual TV programmes in your TV guide. This is because a VPS recording will only function if If, however, in the TV guide, in addition to a TV prostart time when programming the VPS time code. you set the VPS time code exactly to the minute.

chronologically successive TV programmes as two separate TIMER blocks. * With VPS you can only programme two

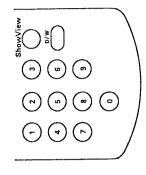
tion. When reception is poor, some programmed recordings with VPS may not function correctly. This is not a fault in the video recorder. VPS only functions faultlessly with good TV recep-

Programming with ShowView

ShowView code' (3 to 9 digits) printed in your TV guide dialing a telephone number. You only have to enter the that a cassette without erase protection has been load-With this method the programming will be as easy as next to the start time of a TV programme. Make sure ed. Press the <u>[SHOWVIEW]</u> button on the remote control.

50:0

PO 1 PRUSE



The video recorder display shows a series of dashes. To exit from this function press the CCLEAR button.

Enter the entire 'ShowView code' with the digit buttons [0-9]. This code (3 to 9 digits) is found next to the start time of a TV programme in your TV guide. If you entered an incorrect code number, clear it with the CLEAR button. If you want to repeat programming at daily or weekly display shows an additional 'DLY' (= daily) or 'WLY' intervals, press the D/W button once or twice. The (= weekly). The 'daily' function can only be used for recordings to be made from Mondays to Fridays inclusive.

• Press the SHOWVIEW button. The programmed code correctly, the display shows the resultant data. The is now decoded. If the video recorder has decoded time is shown in the 24 hour mode.

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Note: * If the programme number flashes, e.g.: 'E 2' (e.g.: for BBC 1) with the programme number in the the video recorder cannot connect the TV channel identification contained in the 'ShowView code' video recorder (e.g.: 'P 02')

When this occurs, select the correct programme number with the PROG. +/- button and press the allocation (e.g.: BBC 1 = P 02). From now on, it will use it for all ShowView programming for this chan-SHOWVIEW button. The video recorder stores this

If necessary the data can now be changed with the buttons [DATE +/-], [PROG. +/-], [START +/-] If you use VPS, 'VPS' must appear in the display. Switch VPS on or off with the $\overline{\text{LVPS}}$ button. and STOP +/-

O Use one of the two available programming methods to programme a TIMER block. Use programme num-

SAT channel has been selected.

rect

ber 'E 2' in the programming procedure for this ex-

ternal recording source.

How do I check or correct a TIMER block?

Press the TIMER REVIEW | button on the remote

control.

Connect the tuner to the EXT 2 scart socket. Make

You can also programme recordings from an external

satellite tuner.

sure that the tuner is switched on and that the cor-

Programming is now complete.

One of the squares on the right-hand side of the display ights up for each TIMER block that is occupied. The data has been stored in a TIMER block.

Confirm the correct data with the SHOWVIEW but-

ellite tuner)? Confirm the 'E 2' programme number displayed in step **©** with the <u>[SHOWVIEW]</u> button. * Do you want to use programme number 'E 2' in order to record from an external source (e.g. sat-

* if 'CODE ERROR' appears in the display, the code was incorrect or incorrectly entered. Repeat the entry or end with the BEREITSCHAFT & button.

utes are automatically added to the end time. Check * When the programmed code is decoded, 15 minquent recording. If it does, reset the end time manthat this does not overlap the start of any subse-

* if 'SET CLOCK' appears in the display, the internal ually.

ings to be made from Mondays to Fridays inclusive. Daily' programming can only be used for record-

TIMER FERTIG

The TIMER blocks will appear in chronological order

on the display.

Now press the TIMER REVIEW button as often as

necessary until the TIMER block you want to check

or correct appears in the video recorder display.

711168 • Finally, press the OK button. If you have made any

changes, the data will now be up to date. 'TIMER

READY' will appear in he video recorder display.

You can select from daily/weekly/date programming

with the D/W button.

START +/- , STOP +/- to change the recording

date, programme number, start time or stop time.

You can switch VPS on and off

Now press the buttons DATE +/- , PROG. +/-

* With 'Daily/Weekly' programming, the first recordings to be made from Mondays to Fridays inclusive. * 'Daily' programming can only be used for record-

ing must take place within a week.

FERTIS

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clock is not set. Set the clock.

* With 'Daily/Weekly' programming, the first recording must take place within a week * With 'Daily/Weekly' programming, the first recording must take place within a week.

Audio dubbing

track of an existing recording with another sound track To do this, connect an audio source (e.g.: a CD-player) This function enables you to replace (dub) the sound to the AUDIO socket.

- Press the <u>WIEDERGABE</u> button to locate the position at which the audio dubbing is to start.
- Press the PAUSE / STOP | button.
- 'DUB-PAU' will appear in the video recorder display. O Press the REC.MODE button (remote control).
- transmitted from the audio source. The sound track is re-recorded. The sound level is controlled auto-The video recorder will start to record the sound O Press the AUFNAHME button. matically.
- Stop the recording with the PAUSE/STOP button.
- ⑤ Switch off with the BEREITSCHAFT ₺ button.

O Press the TIMER RC button.

control display. Change the data in any sequence you The last data you entered will appear in the remote choose:

- Set the date of the recording with the DATE +/button.
 - Set the programme number with the PROG. +/
 - button.
- Switch the VPS on or off with the VPS button.
 - Set the start time with the START +/- button. Set the stop time with the STOP +/- button.
- remote control at the video recorder and press the O Have you set all the data correctly? Now point the OK button.

The data is transmitted to the video recorder. TIMER READY' will appear in the video recorder display to confirm that the data has been received.

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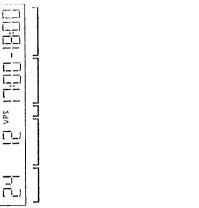
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One of the squares on the right-hand side of the display lights up for each TIMER block that is occupied. The data has been stored in a TIMER block. Programming is now complete.

(a) If you want to programme more, start again at step The video recorder can store up to six programmes

How do I clear a TIMER block?

- ◆ Press the TIMER REVIEW Dutton on the remote control
- necessary until the TIMER block you want to clear Press the button TIMER REVIEW as often as appears in the video recorder display.
- cleared. 'TIMER CLEARED' will appear in the video O Press the CLEAR button. The TIMER block will be recorder display.

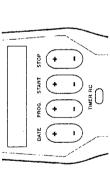


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You can enter data for one recording at a time in the

remote control.

Programming on the remote control



erase protection.

To enlarge the print

How can I read TXT?

- Switch on your TV set and select the programme number you have stored for video playback.
- Switch on the video recorder with button STOP M
- press button 🛨 or 🗀 or the digit buttons 📭 Now select on the video recorder the TV channel whose TXT pages you want to read. To do this, on the remote control.
- Use button [on the remote control to switch on the TXT decoder. The video recorder is now receiv-'TXT' will appear in the video recorder display. ing the TXT of the TV channel you chose.

On the TV screen you will see the first TXT survey page, which is usually the index. The TXT information line will be included on the upper edge of the TV screen.

Use the digit buttons 0-9 to enter the number of the O Now you can call up the TXT pages that you want to desired TXT page. You must always enter this number as three digits.

seconds search time, the page you wanted will appear. upper information line on the TV screen. After a few If you want to read another page, just enter the new The page number you enter appears in green in the page number.

remote control) to select directly the TXT page that you want to read. On the lower edge of the TV screen you You can use the coloured TXT buttons (a) (on the will find the corresponding coloured notes.

If you want a survey of the entire range of information on offer with TXT, press button []. The TXT index defined for the TV channel then appears.

- You will then return to the normal TV channel. Switch off the TXT decoder with button
- Switch off the video recorder with button

5

Can I store my 'favourite TXT pages'?

* When you switch on TXT, most of the other func-

An important note:

tions of your video recorder are blocked.

For each TV channel you can store up to four TXT page page here, programming with TXT will be much easier numbers, e.g. the news headlines or the daily TV programme survey. If you store the programme survey for you.

- select the page you want to have as a 'favourite TXT Switch on the TXT as usual with button [and] and
- rupt another page number, press the corresponding already stored. If you want to select, delete or inter-Press button SEL/ VPS . The TV screen will show you a survey of the 'favourite TXT pages' you have coloured button
- **②** To conclude, press the green button [텔]. You have now stored the page numbers.
- Return to the TXT mode with the blue button

How can I call up my 'favourite TXT pages'?

- favourite TXT page will appear on the TV screen. Switch on the TXT with button []. The first
- favourite TXT pages. You can enter the page number O Use the blue or red button [] to select other directly with buttons PAUSE/STOP
- O Press button [] to return to the normal video recorder mode.

The automatic use of the TXT clock by the

The automatic use of the TXT clock by the video recorder

Store a TV channel that transmits TXT on programme number 'P 1'. From now on, the video recorder takes the correct time from TXT.

Note:

* The date is not corrected automatically.

How can I record TXT subtitles?

- Switch on the TXT with button (remote control) and select the page number of the subtitles page.
- Then start the recording as usual with button

Some notes:

- * You can only record the subtitles from the TXT information. If you select a normal TXT page and press button [RECORD], the TXT information will
- * While you are recording you cannot use TXT. You first have to interrupt the recording with button

Switching off TXT temporarily

You can use button [] on the remote control to switch off TXT temporarily. When you press button [] again, the TXT will appear again on the TV screen without you having to call it up.

Press button () to return to the normal video recorder mode.

To enlarge the print

You can use button () to double the print height on the TXT screen. Thus, you can, for example, still read TXT from further away.

- Press button [] the upper half of the page will appear enlarged on the TV screen.
- O If you press button Dalagain the lower half of the page will appear enlarged on the TV screen.
- Press button [国] again when you want to view the whole TXT page in normal print height.

TXT turns over pages automatically:

If a TXT page takes up more space than is available on the TV screen, this page is divided into sub-pages which are automatically turned over.

- By pressing button HOLD 中国on the remote control you can stop the pages from being turned over, e.g., if you wish to take your time reading.
- This sub-page will remain on the TV screen until you press button HOLD 中国again. Then the pages are turned over automatically again.

Calling up concealed information:

Some TXT pages (e.g.: the quiz page) contain questions with concealed answers or information.

- Press button [7] to make the concealed information appear on the TV screen.
- Press button (7) once more to make the information disappear again.

In the last section we talked about interference that

STANDBY | button when you no longer want to Switch the video recorder off by pressing the watch television.

Channel name display

tally press a wrong digit button, you must neverthe-

less complete a combination of three digits. Only

* If, while selecting a page number, you acciden-

then can you enter the correct page number again.

* If the number of a chosen page remains green,

this means that the TV channel is not transmitting

this page at the moment.

* If you wish to change from one TXT channel to

another, you first have to switch off the TXT de-

* There are no page numbers beginning with '0' or

General notes:

'9', If you accidentally select '0' or '9' as the first

digit, this error will be indicated by 'P?--' on the

information line.

When you are watching or recording from TV channels that transmit the VPS signal, you can display the name of the TV channel (e.g.: 'BBC1') on the TV screen.

Press the <u>VPS</u> button.

Note:

* You can use this function in the Pause, Stop, Record, Programme Preset and Tuner modes.

Changing the TV standard manually

If you play back recordings made on other video recorders or if you record from an external source (such as a camcorder via the AV-Euro socket [EXT 2]), the automatic TV standard switch-over between PAL and SECAM may not always work properly.

• If you are recording, first select the standard of your recording source by pressing the SYSTEM button. You can also switch over during playback. The display will show for a few seconds:

: 'PAL' for the PAL-B,G standard Press once

Press twice

'SECAM' for the SECAM-

L standard

'MESECAM' for the MESECAM standard Press three times

2 If you interrupt a recording or playback by pressing the STOP 阿 button, the video recorder switches back to 'automatic'.

Tuner mode. Your video recorder as an extension of your TV set

whose TXT pages you want to see and switch on

the decoder again with button 🗐

Then select the number of the other TV channel

coder with button

You can also use your video recorder as a TV receiver channels than the number of TV channels it could actuner). This is handy if your TV set does not have remote control or if it has fewer storage places for TV tually receive.

This is how you go about it:

Switch on the TV set. Select the programme number you have earmarked for playback on the video recorder.

'TUNER' ' and a programme number will appear in Press the TUNER button on the remote control. the display.

Choose the required programme number with the + or = button.

Switching the built-in modulator on or off

PCS 74696 GB

View Mode

View Mode

socket you will be able to use the following additional recorder, a decoder, a satellite receiver or a CD video When you connect another appliance to the EXT 2 functions. The appliance can be a second video

- signal, for example, during playback, the (switched Thus, if the second appliance transmits a control You can switch View Mode on and off with the on) video recorder will recognize it and automatically switch to 'View Mode'. MONITOR] button.
 - AV-Euro connection from the TV set to the second Even when the video recorder is switched off, the appliance is still operational.

- st If you have selected the programme number 'E 1 $^{\prime}$ numbers for which the decoder function has been or 'E 2', the video recorder cannot switch over to View Mode. This also applies to programme activated
- AV-Euro cable to connect your video recorder to the * The function reacts only if your TV set also has this switch-over function and you are using an TV set.

TV monitor function

recorder on the TV screen. Your video recorder must be (Audio/Video input) by pressing the MONITOR button. Switch your TV set to the 'AV' programme number This enables you to see the picture from the video switched on

seconds. Press the button again to switch the monitor VCR MONITOR' will appear in the display for a few function off again.

- * The monitor function will respond only if your TV set also has this switch-over function and you are using an AV-Euro cable to connect your video recorder to the TV set.
 - * The monitor button does not respond during

playback

picture or sound interference using the above method could occur on the television. If you cannot eliminate You can only do this if you have connected the video In the last section we talked about interference that recorder to the TV set using an AV-Euro cable. you can switch off the built-in modulator.

Switching the built-in modulator on or off

- buttons on the video recorder simultaneously. The switch's current position will appear in the display **①** Press the __EJECT ▲ _] and __PAUSE / STOP [I ■] as 'MODULATOR ON'
- buttons simultaneously again for more than five seconds. This will switch to 'MODULATOR OFF' Switch the modulator back on in the same way. Press the EJECT ▲ and PAUSE/STOP II ■

MODELATOR

PCS 74697 GB

2. SERVICE TEST PROGRAM

2.1.Introduction

A service test program has been included in the software program of the micro processors. This service test program is divided into four operating modes:

- Checking the tape drive functions/control μP mask number
- Checking the sensors in the tape drive+tape drive status/deck μP mask number
- Operating hours meter/console μP mask number
- Continous running test

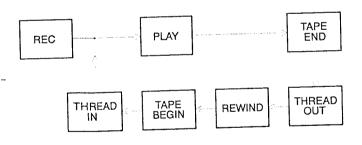
2.2 Calling the service test program

Simultaneous pressing the "STOP" key on the remote control and the "PLAY" key on the unit for at least 5 seconds calls the service test program. The display will then show the information on the display.

The service test program can be called from any operating state of the VCR other than the station search, install, set clock and cassette select. While it is operating in the service mode, the VCR remains fully operational for all tape drive functions. Pressing the "STAND-BY" key or disconnecting the unit from the mains switches the test program off.

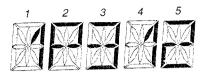
2.3. Continuous running

While in the service test program the unit can be submitted to continuous running. For this purpose, insert a cassette and select one of the following modes "PLAY", "REC" or "REWIND". The functions are then carried out continuously. This test serves to find intermittent errors. The last occuring error is stored in the EEPROM (the stored error is saved even in case of mains failure). The continuous running test is terminated by quitting the service test program.



2.7 Indication of the $\,\mu\text{P}$ mask numbers

The indication is five-figured, numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.



Deck μP mask number (NTD2-1U) Digit 1:

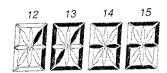
Mask indication Digit 2: Family (3 ... Nora 3) Digit 3:

Control µP mask number (NDCP1-1U) Digit 4:

Display µP version (only TXT) Digit 5:

2.5. Operating hours meter

The tape counter disply then indicates the number of hours the head disc has been running



2.6. Monitoring the tape deck functions

If there is no bellow mentioned signal, the unit tries to move the lift to "EJECT".

2.6.1. Threading in and threading out duration

The sensor signal used to check the threading in and out duration is (FTA) obtained from the butterfly sensor which monitors the revolutions of the threading motor.

2.6.2. No rotation of the left or the right reel disc

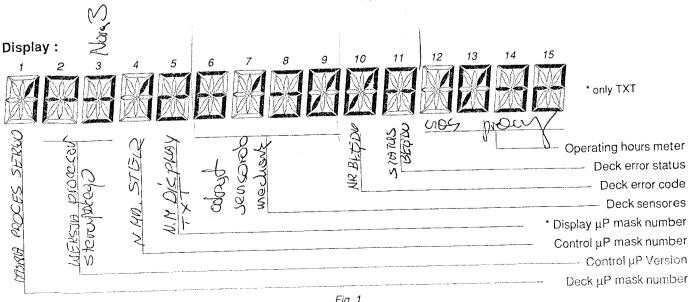
The signals sensed to check rotation are the tachometer signals from the left (WTAL) and the right (WTAR) reel disc.

2.6.3. No rotation of the head disc motor

The PG/FG signal is used for this disc rotation. It is derived from the e.m.f. of the non-current-carrying coil of the head disc motor and indicates the position of the head disc.

2.6.4. Error of the capstan motor

For this control the FGD-signal is used.



STOP + PLAY

2.7 EEPROM

2.7.1 Erasing the EEPROM

- Remove the mains supply to the VCR.
- Press the "WIND", "REWIND" and "DOWN" keys simultaneously and while the keys are held down reconnect the mains supply.

This erases and initializes all data in the EEPROM (with the exception of deck parameters and options), including the TV stations programmed by the customer. The internal processor RAM is also erased

2.7.2 "Studio like picture control" compensation (only N4)

If a new EEPROM has to be installed during a repair, it will have to be re-initialised for the "studio like picture control" feature.

- Feed in video signal via the SCART socket or the aerial.
- Insert a cassette (not a SVHS tape)
- Call up the service test program by pressing the STOP button on the remote control and the PLAY button on the machine simultaneously for at least 5 seconds. (A message such as the following will appear on the display: See fig. 1)
- Press first the PLAY button on the remote control and the RECORD button on the machine simultaneously. The machine will thread in the tape and make a recording in SP (about 4 seconds) and then another recording in LP (about 4 seconds).
- When compensation has been completed the VCR will rewind, play back the recording, and switch to STAND BY. (In the event of an error the cassette will be ejected).

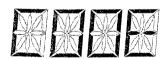
2.7.3 Initialising the EEPROM

If a new EEPROM has to be installed during repair work, it will have to be re-initialised.

Initialisation:

Call up the servicing test program by simultaneously pressing the STOP button on the remote contro and the PLAY button on the video recorder for at least 5 seconds. (A message such as in Fig. 1 will appear in the display.)

When you press the STOP button on the remote control and the PLAY button on the video recorder again, the following display will appear: $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty$



Enter a three-figure code (see code table) to set the right options. Confirm the code input by pressing the OK or the PROGRAMME PRESET or STORE or the CODE button. If you make an incorrect entry the video recorder will switch to stand-by.

ryserene epoem + - premale i pragna CODE TABLE FOR OPTIONS : MES

,				· · · · · ·	·		
not turbo	16*9	audio dubbing synchro edit	follow me	gemstar *	showview *	2 scart	CODE
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
0	0	0	0		0	1	154
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	288
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	119
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	183
0	0	0	1	0	0	11	14
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	148
0	0	0	1	0	1	11	570
0	0	1	00	0	0	0	39
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	173
0	0	1	0	0	11	0	4
0	0	1	0	0	1	- 1	138
0	0	1 ,	1	0	0	0	202
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	33
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	167
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	589
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	58
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	192
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	23
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	157
0	1	0		0	0	0	221
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	52
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	186
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	305
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	77
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	211
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	42
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	176
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	240
0		1	1	0	0	1	71
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	205
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	324
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	96
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	230
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	61
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	195
1	0	0	1	0	Ö	0	259
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	90
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	224
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	343
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	115
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	249
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	80
1	0	1	0	0	1 1	1	214
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	278
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	109
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	243
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	362
1	1	. 0	0	0	0	0	134
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	268
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	99
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	233
1	1	. 0	1	0	0	0	297
	1	0	1	0	0	1	128
1	1	. 0	1	0	1	0	262
<u> </u>	 				`		

not turbo	16*9	audio dubbing synchro edit	follow me	gemstar*	showview *	2 scart	CODE
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	381
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	153
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	287
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	118
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	252
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	13
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	147
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	281
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	400
THE GEMSTAR REPAIR CODE MAY ONLY BE USED ON GEMSTAR MACHINES! (COPYRIGHT ON MODEL PLATE)							

0	0	0	0	1	0	0	253
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	84
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	218
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	49
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	401
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	535
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	366
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	500
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	272
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	103
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	237
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	68
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	420
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	554
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	385
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	519
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	291
0	1	0	0	1	, 0	1	122
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	256
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	87
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	439
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	573
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	404
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	538
0	1	1	0	1	0	- 0	7
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	141
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	275
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	106
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	458
0	_ 1	1	1	1	0	1	592
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	423
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	557
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	26
11	0	0	0	1	0	1	160
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	294
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	125
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	477
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	308
1	0	0	1	11	1	0	442
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	576
1	0	1	0	11	0	0	45
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	179

not turbo	16*9	audio dubbing synchro edit	follow me	gemstar *	showview *	2 scart	CODE
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	10
1	0	1	0	11	1	1	144
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	496
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	327
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	461
1	0	1	11	1	1	1	595
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	64
1	1	0	0	11	0	1	198
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	29
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	163
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	515
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	346
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	480
1	1	0	1	1	11	1	311
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	83
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	217
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	48
1	1 .	1	0	1	1	1	182
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	534
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	365
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	499
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	330

gemstar=0

... gemstar off

gemstar=1, show view=1 ... gemstar on (show view)

gemstar=1, show view=0 ... gemstar on (video plus)

2.8 Explanation of the error codes (see fig. 2 & 4)

The last error code that occurred is stored in the EEPROM and is saved even if the unit is disconnected from the mains. To erase this error code, press the "CLEAR" key on the remote control while in the service mode.

2.9 Tape deck status (see fig. 3)

The signal (FTA) from the butterfly sensor indicating the revolutions of the threading motor is used in conjunction with the init switch to identify the position of the tape deck. A check of the deck status is given by the two left digits of the display.

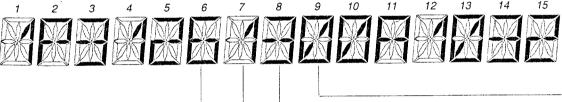
Deck error code						
	no error	5	error of right tacho reel			
M	threading error	B	blocked headdrum			
	по capstan	圈	not used			
盟	teared tape	B	not used			
周	error of left tacho reel		not used			

Deck error status						
圖	Stand by	N	Reverse			
	Eject on		Fast forward			
R	Stop	园	Fast reverse			
	Still		Slow			
	Play	艮	Slow			
服	Tuner	蜀	Slow			
	Record	图	Tuner eject			
園	Play & Tracking		Stand by eject			
2	Scan forward	N	Index next			
**	Scan reverse		Index previous			
K	Wind	X	not used			
图	Rewind	涩	not used			
	Pause	Z	not used			

Fig. 2

Fig. 4

Display:



Tape deck status					
Eject					
Stop threaded out		图 图			
Play position	8				
Play reverse		* *			

Fig. 3

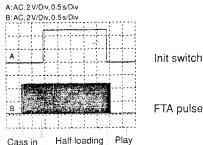
Tape deck senso	ors
Left winding tacho	(+1/-1)
Init switcher	(+2/-2)
Threading tacho (FTA)	(+4/-4)
!	

Tape deck sens	ors
End of tape detection	(+1/-1)
Begining of tape detec	tion
	(+2/-2)
Record protection	(+4/-4)
Right winding tacho	(+8/-8)

Fig. 5

Function of the Init switch:

The diagram shows the function of the Init switch dependent on the tape deck position. The number of FTA pulses is important for the position of the tape deck.



FTA pulses

Cass down Threaded in

2.10. Checking the sensors (see fig. 3 & 5)

The indication of the deck sensor control is four-figured. The output of the bits on the display is hexadecimal (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 , 6 , 7 , 8 , 9 , A , B , C , D , E , F). Several sensors are indicated per bit. If one of these sensors is activated, the value will change by the increments described below, e.g. tape end (TAE) by +1 or -1.

SERVICING OF SMDs

(Surface Mounted Devices)

1. General cautions on handling and storage.

Oxidation on the SMDs terminals results in poor soldering. Do not handle SMDs with bare hands.

Avoid for storage places that are sensitive to oxidation such as places with sulfur or chlorine gas, direct sunlight, high temperatures or a high degree of humidity. As a result the capacitance or resistance value of the SMDs may be affected.

Rough handling of circuit boards containing SMDs may cause damage to the components as well as the circuit boards. Circuit boards containing SMDs should never be bent or flexed. Different circuit board materials expand and contract at different rates when heated or cooled and the components and/or solder connections may be damaged due to the stress. Never rub or scrape chip components as this may cause the value of the component to change. Similarly, do not slide the circuit board across any surface.

2. Removal of SMDs

Heat the solder (for 2-3 seconds) at each terminal of the chip. Small components can, by means of litz wire and a limited horizontal force, be removed with the soldering iron. They can also be removed with a solder sucker (see Fig. 1A) or

While holding the SMD with a pair of tweezers take it off gently using the soldering iron's heat applied to each terminal (see Fig. 1B).

Remove the excess solder on the solder lands by means of litz wire or a solder sucker (see Fig. 1C).

Caution on removal:

When handling the soldering iron, use suitable pressure and be careful

When removing the chip, do not use undue force with the pair of tweezers.

DISMOUNTING VACUUM PISTON SOLDERING IRON OR SOLDERING IRON SOLDER WICK e.g. A PAIR OF TWEEZERS HEATING HEATING SOLDER WICK CLEANING Fig. 1

The soldering iron to be used (approx. 30 W), must preferably be provided with a thermal control (soldering temperature about 225 to 250°C).

The chip, once removed, must never be used again.

3. Attachment of SMDs

Locate the SMD on the solder lands by means of tweezers and solder the component at one side. Ensure that the component is positioned well on the solder lands (see Fig. 2A).

Next complete the soldering of the terminals of the component (see Fig. 2B).

MOUNTING

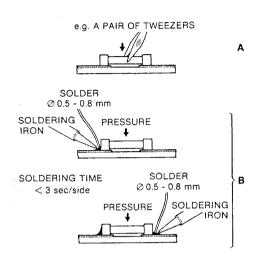


Fig. 2

Caution on attachment :

When soldering the SMD terminals, do not touch them directly with the soldering iron. The soldering must be as quick as possible; care must be taken to avoid damage to the terminals and the body itself.

Keep the SMD's body in contact with the printed board when soldering.

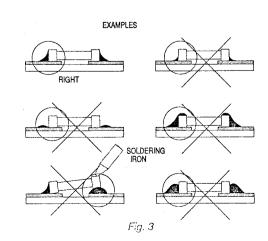
The soldering iron to be used (approx. 30 W) must preferably be provided with a thermal control (soldering temperature about 225 to 250°C).

Soldering should not be done outside the solder land.

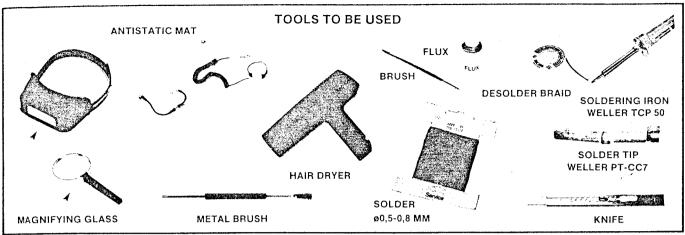
Soldering flux (of rosin) may be used but should not be acidic.

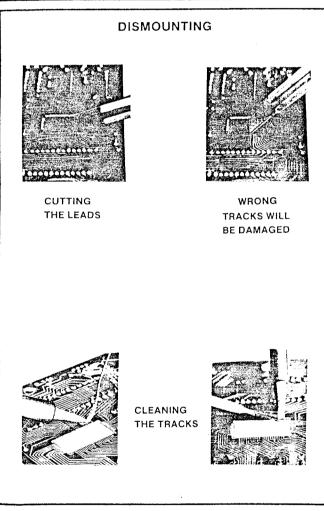
After soldering, let the SMD cool down gradually at room temperature.

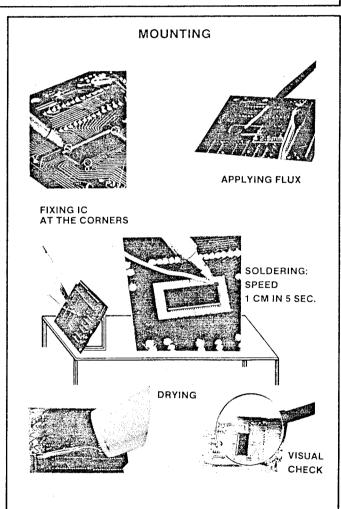
The quantity of solder must be proportional with the size of the solder land. If the quantity is too great, the SMD might crack or the solder lands might be torn loose from the printed board (see Fig. 3).

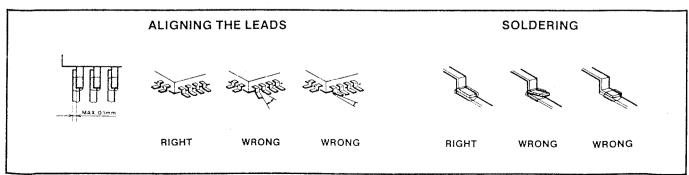


FLATPACK REPLACEMENT









Т

С

REMOVAL OF CASE COMPONENTS AND SERVICE POSITIONS OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS

1. The casing cover

Dismontling:

- Unscrew the screws A, B, C, D, E, F and G (see fig. 1).
- Pull back the casing cover for appr. 1 cm, and when the side panels are being slightly pressed outward, the cover can be taken off.

Assembly

Place the front groove tightly on the front panel.
 Then carry out the assembly in reverse order.

2. The bottom plate

- Place the unit with the bottom side up.
- The bottom plate can be lifted off by releasing the six snap hooks (see fig. 2).

3. The front panel

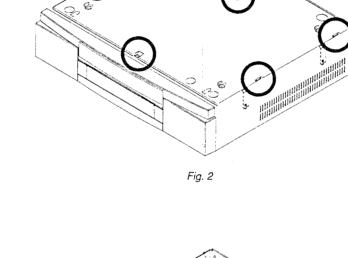
- Remove the casing cover (see point 1).
- Press the two snap hooks on the left and the two snap hooks on the right at the front outward.
- Press the front at the top slightly forward, release the 3 snap hooks at the bottom side of the front and pull forward (see fig. 3).

Note:

For assembly, the front panel has to be slipped on in parallel to the control print. For this purpose, the lever which serves to open the lift flap has to be pushed into the flap guide.

4. Power supply MSM, NSM

The MSM, NSM can be removed from the unit by releasing the two snap hooks (see fig. 4).



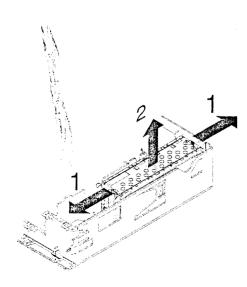
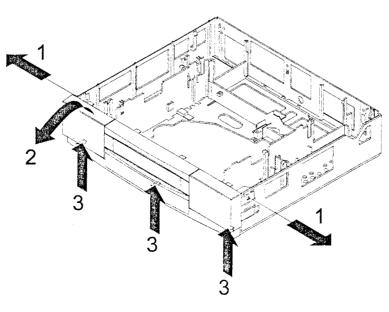


Fig.



5. Control print MDC, NDC

- Remove the front panel see point 3.
- The control print can be removed by releasing the snap hooks (see fig. 5).

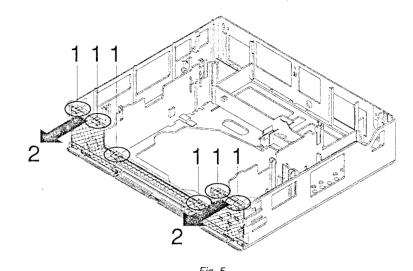
6. Family board MFB, NFB

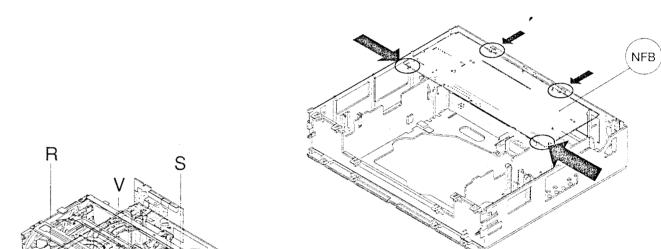
- Release the 4 snap hooks (see fig. 6).
- Now lift the MFB, NFB turn it into the service position (see fig. 7) and place it into the slots provided.

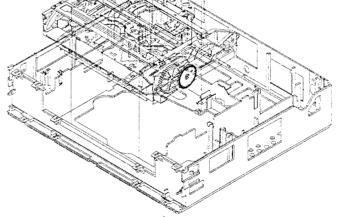
7. The Tape deck

Ε

- Remove front panel and cover, see point 1 and 3.
- Unlock the 2 lift locks and manually move the lift 5 cm to the rear.
- Unscrew the 3 screws V,R,S (see fig. 8).
- The whole tape deck can now be removed from the frame.









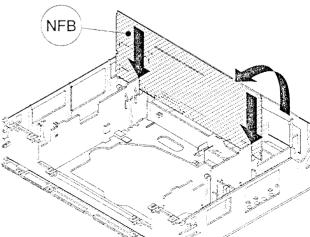


Fig. 7

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

+12A	.+12V analog supply
+14A	
	.+14V for capstan and threading moto
+33V	
+5A (5VA)	.+5V analog for I/O SE and LHA
+5D	.+5V digital after fuse
+5V2D	
+5VAS	
+8M1	Switched capstan motor supply
-28V	28V for display
-7V	
5VPB	
8SC1	.Scart 1 pin 8
8SC2	Scart 2 pin 8
AE12	
AEH12	
AFCA	.Automatic frequency control analog
AFCD	Automatic frequency control digital
	Audio mono from frontend
AGC	
AIN1	
AMLP	.Audio mono linear playback
	Audio mono linear record
AOUT1	
APH	.Audio playback head
ARH	.Audio record head
BLANKING	.Blanking-pulse RGB-loopthrough
BLUE	
CAP	
CHRS	.SECAM record-current
CIN	.SECAM chroma-signal
CKPAL	
CLKD1	
CREV	
CROT	.Colour rotation
CSI	.Colour system information
CSYNC	
CTL12	
CVBS	
DATD1	.Serial bus
DO	Drop-out compensation ON
ENVC	
ES2	External course 2
	.Ext.source and PB = high
FFP	.Feature frame pulse
FG	Position info capstan
	.Position info capstan digital
	.FM playback video signal
	Luminance record-current
FMRV	.FM record video signal
FP	.Full page
FP_PAL	Full page PAI
FSC	
FTA	.Threading tacho
FTAD	.Threading tacho digital
GAA	Ground analog audio
GAV	
GNDA	.Ground analog
GNDD	.Ground digital
GNDM1	.Ground capstan motor
	.Ground head drum motor
GREEN	
H/2	
HEHI/HELO	.Displaytube heater HI LO
НМО	
	.Head pulse video (audio)
HSC	Head colort control
HSC	,mead select control
I/R	.Init + record switch

ICSI31	Inverse colour system informatio
	Inverse LED-tower supply
INIT	
<i>INT</i>	
	Inverse playback audio linear
IPBV	
	Inverse record audio linear
LED1	
<i>LP</i> 1	
MEH1	
MEH2	
MES	
MODON	
MTA	Mute audio
NC	Not connected
PAL	PAL-standard
PG/FG	Scanner position/-speed
PIN10	
POR	
	Position pulse head disc
<i>PSS</i>	•
RECP	
RED	
REEL	
<i>REV</i>	
SB1	
SCL SDA	
SCRTV	Scrambled TV
SEC	SECAM-Standard
SEL-V/H	Syncpulse selection
SH1/2	Video heads
SHC	Video heads common
STR	Shiftregister strobe
SYNC	Control track pulse
TAE	
	Beginning of tape detection
THIO	
TMO	
TMO 12	
	Tracking information video
TXTCVBS	Videosianal
V/H SYNC	Frame or linenulse
VBS\	Video to CE
VE12\	
VFV	video from frontend
VIDOUT	
VOUT1	
VSB	
VTX	
W/R	
WIND	
WTL	
WTLD	Wind tacho left digital
WTR\	Wind tacho right
WTRD\	Wind tacho right digital
	5 5

Т

С

С

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

KEYBOARD CONTROL UNIT

The microcomputer IC7101 is the heart of the keyboard control unit and takes over the following functions with the corresponding function groups

- Evaluation of the keyboard matrix.
- · Decoding of the remote control commands from the infrared receiver IC7103.
- Quartz clock
- Integrated RAM for storing the timer data.
- · Driving the display data communication between
- · Bi-directional serial interface for the keyboard control computer and the sequence control computer
- I²C bus interface (SDA Pin 79, SCL Pin 23) to the EEPROM. IC7412, on the chassis board. It is also used as a serial data bus output in connection with STROBE Pin 27.
- · Generation of the tuner tuning voltage by pulse-width modulation at Pin 80 (5V level) for coarse tuning with 8-bit resolution (VST-sets).
- · Generation of the tuner fine tuning voltage with 6-bit resolution and band selection (2 bits) in connection with the serial interface SDA, and STROBE.
- The drifting of the tuner or the aerial signal generates the AFC control voltage in the front end circuit on the chassis board. This voltage is supplied to Pin 18 and the keyboard control computer readjusts the tuner tuning voltage.
- In the case of power failures < 7h the 0.22 F gold capacitor C2999 at Pin 33 supplies the clock and the RAM. The diode D6099 prevents C2999 from discharging. During this period a LOW level exists at Pin 2 so that further functions of the IC are switched off by the system quartz Q1001 at Pin 13 / 14.

SWITCH MODE POWER SUPPLY MSM, [NSM]

The power supply is designed for two alternative layouts (MSM, NSM)

In both vernsions, the power transistor can either be integrated in the driver IC (SPH 4690) or it can be external (TDA 4605). Either the MSM or the NSM can be installed. This description refers to the MSM version with an external power transistor (TDA 4605). Components in square brackets (e.g. [3619]) refer to the NSM version.

Typical data:

Mains voltage: 175[196] - 265[265] V_{rms} / 45-65 Hz Max. power: 40 W Switching frequency: 20[30]-120[220] kHz all outputs are short circuit protected efficiency 78% at max. load

Function description (blocking oscillator principle):

During the forward phase energy is transferred from the mains into the transformer. This energy is then supplied to the load during the off-time of the switching transistor. By control of the switch-on time the energy which is transferred in each cycle is regulated so that the output voltages are independent of load or input voltage variations. The power transistor is controlled by the by the integrated circuit TDA4605[Y7005/7007].

Description of different load-conditiones:

NO LOAD:

The SMPS works in burst mode (polling operation mode). That means, it will start up. After some cycles the SMPS is switched off because the output-voltage becomes too high. After the outputvoltage has been reduced the SMPS will start up again

REGULATION-RANGE:

The switching frequency is reduced with increasing load. The duty cycle is mainly controlled by the mains voltage. The output-voltage is not very much load controlled.

POINT OF REVERSAL:

At this point of the output characteristics the transferred power is at maximum

OVERLOAD

The SMPS also works in burst mode. The energy in each cycle is limitted so that the output voltage is reduced.

Circuit description:

C2114[2030] becomes charged via R3112[3052, 3054, 3056, 3058] and R3119 and provides the supply for the start-up phase of IC7110(Y7005/Y7007). After this start-up phase the supply is provided by the transformer's winding 3-4[1-9] via R3127[6027], D6115. BUZ90A[Y7007]/[7035extern!] is the switching transistor of the SMPS. The inductivity of the primary winding 6-9[1-9] determine the system frequency of the circuit.

During forward phase the switching transistor is conductive, and current will flow from the positive supply at pin 6 through the transformer's primary winding and the transistor to ground. As the positive voltage at pin 6[7] of the transformer is constant, the current will increase linearly and create a ramp dependent on the mains voltage and the inductance of the primary winding. A certain amount of energy is stored in the transformer in the form of a magnetic field. The polarity of the voltages at the secundary windings are such that the diodes are non-conducting. Pin 2[2] of the IC sources a constant current during the switch on time. This current charges C2118[2015] and creates a sawtooth voltage which represents the primary current. At the same time the voltage is checked and the switching transistor is turned off when the voltage reaches a certain value which is dependent on the regulating voltage on pin 1[1]. The values of C2118[2015] and R3122[3011] are chosen to ensure that the transformer core cannot become saturated.

When the switching transistor is switched off energy is no longer supplied to the transformer. The inductance of the transformer now tries to maintain the current which has been flowing through it at a constant level (v=L*di/dt). The polarity of the voltage from the transformer therefore becomes reversed. This results in a current flow through the transformer's secondary winding via the diodes and electrolytic capacitors and the load. This current is also ramp shaped (but decreasing).

When the whole of the energy stored in the transformer has been supplied to the load and the magnetic field has disappeared, the voltage from the secondary windings falls bellow the output voltage - which is held constant by the electrolytic capacitors - plus the threshold voltage of the diodes. The current in the secondary winding therefore ceases. At this point the drain-source voltage of the switching transistor is not vet zero because capacitor C2120 contains a certain charge. This charge will start a sine-shaped ringing together with the transformer's self-induction. When the sine-wave passes through zero IC4605[Y7007]/[7005, Pin8] detects this at pin 8[18]. The switching transistor is now switched on again and a new cycle starts.

Regulation of the SMPS is done by altering the conduction time of the switching transistor so that either more or less energy is transferred from the mains into the transformer. The control information is derived from the reference component 7253[7085] which monitors the output voltage of the SMPS. The result is fed to pin 1[1] of the TDA4605[Y7007][[7005] via an opto-coupler for electrical isolation. The TDA4605[Y7007]{[7005] compares the voltage against an internal reference. The resulting value shifts the reference with which the voltage at pin 2[2] (the image of the primary current) is compared.

IC7253[7085] is a reference-component with an internal 2,4[2,5] V reference voltage and a nominal/ actual-value compare circuit. C2116. R3129, R3130[3040, 3042, 3044, 2040] and D6114[6040]

from a snubber network which limits the peak voltage at switch-off.

The ringing seen in both voltages and currents is caused by stray selfinductances in the transformer. Therefore a passage through zero at pin 8[18] will be ignored after T7135[Y7007]/[7035 extern!] has been switched off (4[4] µs internally fixed). In addition R3125 and C2119 suppress over-shoots.

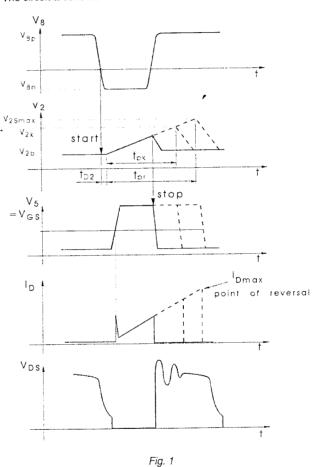
The voltage of pin 3[3] of TDA4605[Y7007]/[7005] is required for the point of reversal current which is an additional correction current for capacitor C2118[2015]. This current shortens the ontime of T7135[Y7007]/[7035 extern!] by charging C2118[2015]. The point of reversal is also stable at higher mains voltage

Pin 7[17] is an option. By applying C2115[2023] the start-up phase will be carried out with shortened pulses so that the switching frequency is outside the audibility range.

On the secondary side there are 5 voltages present, rectified by D6201-D6209[6155-6180] and filtered by C2201-C2215[2102-2185]. In some cases two electrolytic capacitors in parallel are used to increase the ability to handle pulse currents.

Items 5203-5210[Y5123-5184] are RF-filter coils which block disturbances caused by clock frequencies of µPs.

The circuit around coil 5103 is a mains filter.



Description of the "start-up-phase":

After mains connection, at moment to following voltages at the pins of TDA4605[Y7007]/[7005] are increasing: (see Figure 2)

according to half wave charge via R3112,R3119[3058,3056,3054,3052]

rising to V_{2max} (typical 6,6[6,6] V) rising to the fixed value of voltage divider R3121, R3123[3005, 3007]

Current consumption in this case is 1,6[0,8] mA. The internal reference voltage is switched on at moment t1 (V6=V6E). Current consumption increases to 12[12] mA max.

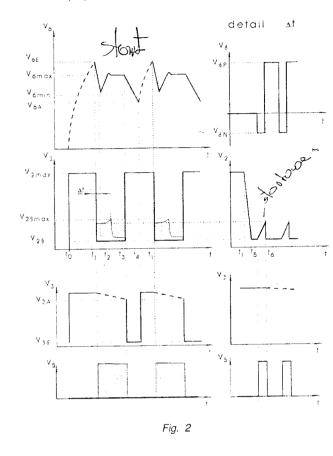
The primary current to voltage converter regulates V2 at V2B and at the moment to to a start pulse is generated.

Feedback at pin 8[18/8] starts the next pulse and so on. All pulses, start-pulse included, are pulse width controlled by the regulation voltage at pin 1[1]. This voltage is in accordance with the "case of short circuit". Start up is realized by "short circuit pulses" which are extended depending on the regulation voltage.

At the moment to the maximum pulse width is present (V2=V2Smax) - TDA4605[Y7007]/[7005] is now in "point of reversal mode". V2 peaks decrease rapidly because the circuit is inside the regulation range. The regulation-loop is locked.

If V_6 drops below limit value V6min before point of reversal is reached, start up will be stopped (pin 5[15/5] is switched low) and V_6 decreased to V_{6A} - IC is switched off. When V_6 increases by half wave charge (see moment t4) a new cycle can be started at

Start-up phase/ short circuit operation of SPH4690



Regulation-range, Overload and No-load:

After start up the IC is within the regulation range. Voltage at pin 1[1] is typically 400 mV. In case of an increasing load on the secondary side the switch on time will also be increased. The peak voltage value at pin 2[2] also rises to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{2Smax}}.$ If the secondary load tries to increase again the overload amplifier would start to reduce the pulse width of V5. This point is called "point of reversal". The IC supply voltage $V_{\rm 6}$ is related to the secondary voltage value. $V_{\rm 6}$ therefore decreases with increasing load due to the reduced pulse width of V₅.

At the condition $V_6 \ll V_{6min}$ TDA4605[Y7007]/[Y7005] changes to burst mode (polling operation mode). Short circuit power is small, because the time delay of the half wave start up is high (from the mains frequency). In this case the overload amplifier reduces the pulse width to a certain value (tpk-mark). This minimum pulse width must be guaranteed because it is active in each start-up phase

With decreasing load on the secondary side the pulse width of the switch on pulse (V₅=high) will also be decreased. Switching frequency will be increased to the system frequency of the circuit. If the output voltage is increased up to $V_{\rm 6}{=}V_{\rm 6max},$ the logic will be blocked and the TDA4605[Y7007]/[7005] will be in burst mode. SMPS works in open circuit operation.

Overtemperature:

TDA4605[Y7007]/[7005] includes an overtemperature circuit which blocks the logic if the chip temperature becomes too high. Start up is possible after reduction of the overtemperature.

AUDIO LINEAR - AL

Signal input for Record or EE Mode (AMLR) is pin 11 of LA7282 where it enters the ALC (<u>A</u>utomatic <u>l</u>evel <u>c</u>ontrol) stage. The signal goes via the Rec/Pb switch, an amplifier and mute stages to pin 13. This is the output pin to the I/O section (AMLP).

The attenuator chain on pin 13 sets the necessary levels for the ALC detector with its time constant on pin 10 and for the recording amplifier with the pre-emphasis components L 5601, R3616 and C 2613

The recording amplifier output is pin 17. The recording current is mixed with the bias current and passed via the head to pin 2 when the switch is closed.

In Pb mode the switch on pin 1 is closed. The PB signal is amplified in the equalizing stage (Time constant between pin 6 and pin 8) and adjusted with R 3606 to avoid influences of head sensitivity. Components 2600 and 3601 determine the head resonance during PB

In the LP mode the frequency characteristic is adapted by RC networks on pins 4, 5 and 15. The oscillator circuit oscillates at about 70 kHz is used for the erase heads and the bias current. To avoid clicks, the oscillator has to be switched on slowly (Switching stage T 7604, Time constant C 2617, R 3623, Current limiter R 3625). The record voltage for the headamplifier is generated without delay with the switch T7607.

An extra mule transistor on pin 24 switches off the output pin 13 in case of record ("Amtsblatt" requirement).

FRONT END - FV (N1) (VST-TUNING)

The receiving part consists of the following blocks

- 1.) Tuner
- 2.) IF amplifier and demodulator IC TDA 9800
- 3.) Band select and Tuning voltage generator
- 4.) 12 V Supply

1. Tuner:

The tuner family UV917/ U943 is used in the VST (<u>V</u>oltage <u>synthesized funing</u>) version that means without internal PLL circuit. The frequency range 43-158 MHz, 140-360 Mhz and 450-856 MHz can be selected on pin 7, pin 8, and pin 10. Tuning voltage input is pin 11, AGC input is pin 5.

2. IF amplifier and demodulator IC TDA 9800:

The IF out from the tuner pin 17 passes the SAW filter which type and frequency response depends on the TV system. The TDA 9800 is a PLL Type demodulator. The built in VCO operating at two times the picture carrier is adjusted by the coil 5703 and tuned internally by a varicap diode. The loop filter is connected to pin 6. The VCO control voltage is used for generating the AFC Voltage on pin 15

The demodulated video signal passes internally a 12 MHz lowpass and comes to pin 13 with 1 V_{pp}. This level is controlled by an AGC circuit with internal reference level. The sound carrier is then suppressed in the trap 1722 and video is then available at pin 7 with 2 V_{pp}.

The Sound IF is filtered in the bandpass 1723 and / or 1724, and goes to the input of the adjustment free FM PLL sound demodulator. The audio signal output is at pin 9 with about 350 mV₋, with a deviation of +/27mV_{PMC}.

mV_{RMS} with a deviation of +/ 27mV_{RMS}.

The operating point of the Tuner AGC can be adjusted with Resistor 3724 to obtain a good signal to noise behaviour together with optimum large signal behaviour.

Additionally the AGC voltage is fed to an analog input of the TVC microcontroller who sends an information about the signal strength to the microprocessor on the front panel. This is done for determining the order of storing the programs in autostore mode.

3. Band select and Tuning voltage generator:

The tuning voltage and band select are controlled by the microprocessor on the MDC, NDC panel. The interface circuit uses

a levelconverter to transform the 5 V logic to accurate 12 V levels and a shift register for seriell to parallel data conversion. Following control lines are used: SCL, SDA, and STROBE controls the Shift register and the PWM is a pulse width modulated signal with 4 kHz and 8 bit resolution. 6 bits of the shift register output are used for an D/A converter with a R/2R network (pos 1701). 2 bits are used for the band select logic to switch the tuner between band I III and U.

Remark: The tuner U 943 operates only in the UHF band so it does not need any bandselect logic.

To obtain the necessary resolution of the tuning steps of 60 kHz, 14 bits resolution of the D/A converter is made by adding the 6 bit of the R/2R network (LSB's) with the filtered 8 bit PWM signal (MSB's). The filtering is done by an active filter with about 15 dB suppression of the fundamental and amplified by about 3.5 to get the full tuning voltage range up to 28 V.

4. 12 V Supply:

The 12 V regulator is stabilized by a TL 431 regulator and is short circuit protected due to its fold back characteristic. Start up capacitor is C2750. The high stability and accuracy is needed for the performance of the tuning voltage. Furthermore this regulator supplies also the linear audio circuit and the record stage of the head amplifier

FRONT END - FV (N2/3/4/5) (PLL-TUNING)

The front end is designed to receive:

N2:	PAL BG PAL I	= /01 = /05
N3/4/5:	PAL BG PAL I SECAM LL SECAM LL/PAL BG	= /01 = /05 = /19 = /39

The receiving section consists of the following areas:

1. Tuner:

In N2 the tuner UV916E for /01, and the U943 for /05 both with internal PLL circuit are used.

In N3/4/5 the tuner UV 916E for /01,/19 and /39 and the U 944C for /05 both with internal PLL circuit are used.

In case of SECAM L' the intermediate frequency of the vision carrier is 33.9 MHz, that is why the AFC circuit has to be switched from 77.8 MHz to 67.8 MHz.

The surface wave filters for /19 and /39 have 2 Nyquist slopes. So both signals with 33.9 MHz and 38.9 MHz-SC are correctly offered to the demodulator-IC (TDA9802).

2. IF amplifier and demodulator IC:

The IF out from the tuner pin 17 passes via the SAW filter to the 3-stage IF amplifier.

The TDA 9800-9803 is a PLL - type demodulator. The built in VCO operating at the double vision carrier frequency is adjusted by the coils (AFC-Adj.) which are internally tuned by a varicap diode. The loop filter is connected to pin 6. The VCO control voltage is used for generating the AFC Voltage on pin 15.

The demodulated video signal is passed via a 12 MHz low pass filter to pin 13 with a level of 1 $V_{pp}.$ This level is controlled by an AGC circuit with an internal reference level. The sound carrier is then suppressed in the trap and video is available at pin 7 with a level of 2 V_{pp} and after a voltage divider and emitter follower as VFV at $1V_{np}.$

VFV at 1V_{pp}. The Sound IF is filtered in the bandpass Pin 13 and is passed to the input of the adjustment free FM PLL sound demodulator Pin 11. The audio signal output at pin 9 is approximately 350 mV_{RMS} with a deviation of +/-27 mV_{RMS}. The operating point of the Tuner AGC can be adjusted with AGC-

Adj. to obtain a good signal to noise behaviour together with optimum large signal behaviour.

The AGC voltage Pin 13 is also fed to an analogue input of the TVC micro controller which sends signal strength information to the

microprocessor on the front panel. This is done to determine the order of program storing in the autostore mode.

3. AM demodulator IC TDA 9830:

(only N3/4/5)

In case of SECAM L the amplitude modulated sound carrier (32.4 MHz) arrives at pin 2 of the SAW filter L9453 and after selection is passed to the AM demodulator TDA 9830.

In case of SECAM L' because of exchanged PC and SC the sound carrier is at 40.4 MHz.

The control signal SECAM BAND 1 (SB1) is diode switched to pin 1 of L9453 the 40.4 MHz BPF.

The demodulated signal is passed to the integrated switch which in multi-standard versions selects between FM sound and AM sound. The selected signal is available on pin 8 (AFV).

4. Stabilization for the 12 V supply:

4.1 12 V supply (N2):

The 12 V regulator is stabilized by a TL 431 regulator and is short circuit protected due to its fold back characteristic. Start up capacitor is C2750. The high stability and accuracy is needed for the performance of the tuning voltage.

This regulator also supplies the linear audio circuit and the record stage of the head amplifier.

4.2 12 V supply (N3/5):

The output voltage is specified with 12 V +1.0/0.6V for a maximum load current of 400 mA. To ensure an uniform current division between the two series pass transistors BC636 (T7793, T7790) connected in parallel, a 6.8 Ω resistor is connected in series with each emitter. This reduces the effect of tolerances and temperature drift on the base emitter voltages. The circuit is short circuit protected, after a short circuit of the output voltage, reset has to be carried out by temporarily removing the mains plug. In this case, the electrolytic capacitor 2790 charges to start the circuit.

VIDEO SIGNAL PROCESSING -VS, -VSIO

N1/2: MF.. - VSIO NF.. - VSIO

N3/5: NF.. - VS MF.. - VS

N4: NF.. - VS

1. General:

Boards with extension /39 are for PAL/SECAM L.

Heart of the circuit is the IC LA7191 containing all luminance PAL chroma and SECAM BG chroma circuits in 42 pin shrinked dil case

For the SECAM L processing the well known TDA4725 is used. The SECAM BG detector is the LA 7311 discriminator. CCD 1H delay line is the MSM 7403RS with 5 V only supply.

2. In/Out (N1/2):

The I/O circuit makes the selection between two signal sources, the scart input and the frontend. Audio and video signals are switched in the IC 7551. It is controlled by ESPBH and disabled via pin 6 in Play back mode. Scart 1video input is pin 20. The signal passes then the switching diode pos 6509 to pin 3 IC 7551. Scart 1 audio inputs are the pins 2 and 6. Left and right channel are added and fed to pin 2 IC 7551. Zener diodes on all inputs are used for ESD protection purpose. Capacitors are for Amsblatt requirements. Frontend video comes from pin 7 IC 7702 via an attenuator and an emitterfollower to pin 5 IC 7551. Both the emitterfollower and the diode 6509 are biased by resistor 3513 if they should be on.

Frontend audio output signal from pin 7 IC 7702 (about 350 mV_{rms}) goes via a deemphasis network 3505/2500 to pin 2 IC 7551.

Video output emitterfollower is 7502 which drives pin 19 scart 1 and if necessary the RF Equalizer. The modulator may be switched on by the TVC microprocessor and T7500.

3. Record signal path (N1/2/3/4/5):

3.1 Luminance:

Pin 37 is the input of the video signal with about $1V_{pp}$. It is then controlled by an AGC amplifier (adjustment via pin 39, time constants pin 38 and pin 16), passes a 6 dB attenuator, a 3.5 MHz low pass filter, a clamp, some switches in the noise canceller/dropout compensator part and is output via an amplifier on pin 3. The signal then goes to an emitter follower, a low pass filter and a second emitter follower to pin 4. You have to adjust the E/E Level pot to obtain $0.5V_{pp}$ on this pin with a 100% white picture. This is necessary for the right values on pin 34 video out and the values of the white and dark clip levels.

Following the signal on pin 4 now without chrominance components it passes a clamp, a detail enhancer (time constant pin 8), a nonlinear emphasis (time constant pin 7, on/off is controlled by the DC level on pin 7) and the main emphasis with internal white and dark clip (time constants between pin 5 and 6).

The signal then goes via the deviation potmeter to pin 42 of the input of the FM modulator. The FM is then filtered, adjusted by the FM record current pot and goes to the summing stage and the head amplifier.

The loop through path outputs the signal via a feedback clamp and an insert stage (control pin 33) to pin 34 and via an emitter follower to the I/O part of the VCR.

3.2 Chrominance PAL:

After the in 3.1 mentioned 6 dB attenuator the signal also comes to the 4.43 Mhz bandpass filter, an ACC (<u>Automatic Chroma Control time constant pin 14</u>), the main converter, a 1 Mhz low pass filter, a killer stage to pin 15 and via the chroma record current to the summing stage.

The 5.06 MHz for the main converter comes via the 5.06 MHz bandpass filter from the sub converter where 4.43 MHz from the VXO and 627 kHz from the Line PLL is mixed. The Line PLL is locked to the composite sync pulse from the sync separator. It uses a 321 x fH VCO (Loop filter on pin 23 and 24). The frequency is then divided by 8 in 4 different 90 degree shifted phases as it is necessary for the VHS standard. Phase shift control input is pin 41 which is also an SP/LP-input. The Line PLL part also produces the <u>Burst Gate Pulse BGP</u>. The VXO is locked to the incoming burst signal via the record APC detector (Loop filter pin 17).

This IC uses a special crystal for which no adjustment is necessary. An additional frequency doubler with the output on pin 21 supplies the 8.86 MHz for the CCD. The H/2 frequency is taken from pin 17 (only for N3/5). It is the information about the phase of chroma for making color inserts on teletext boards possible in the correct phase (option).

3.3.1 Chrominance SECAM BG:

Pin 27 H forces the IC to SECAM BG mode.

- Phase rotation off
- VXO fixed frequency
- filter charcteristicof bandpass more wide
- The SECAM BG detector LA 7311 generates this switching voltage (only for N1/2).

3.3.2 Chrominance SECAM L (N3/4/5):

(see circuit description CSP)

4. Playback signal path:

4.1 Luminance:

The FM playback voltage goes via the necessary filters to pin 39 of IC 7051.

The FM then goes to a double limiter stage, a FM - demodulator and a sub low pass filter. Pin 3 has a high impedance in play so the connected R/C components act as a linear deemphasis. Pin 2 allows a correction of frequency response and the adjustment of

C

the Y PB Level. Measuring point for this level is the output pin 34 while you play back a standard 100% white recording.

After correction of the frequency response in the external low pass filter now switched by the LM339 to a slightly different characteristic, the video passes, via pin 4, the 3.5 MHz low pass, the noise canceller and dropout compensator part. For both functions the 1 H CCD is necessary. Pin 12 supplies the video to the CCD and pin 10 receives the signal where a Voltage Controlled Amplifier VCA adjusts automatically the gain tolerances of the CCD. For this function the capacitor of pin 9 is important.

You can check CCD function by connecting pin 2 to 5V in E/E mode and then measure on pin 32 the difference signal of 2 lines. After the noise canceller the video passes the nonlinear deemphasis (time constant pin 7 as rec), a noise canceller (time constant pin 8), the picture control stage (controlled by DC on pin 13 2V = soft, 3V = sharp), the Y/Chroma mixing stage and the video output amp to pin 34.

4.2 Chrominance PAL:

627 kHz Chroma from tape goes through a 1 MHz low pass filter and an amplifier with group delay correction to pin 15 of the IC. The chroma is amplified, controlled in the ACC amplifier, mixed with 5.06 MHz and goes via the 4.43 MHz bandpass and an amplifier to the combfilter where crosstalk components from the neighbor tracks are removed. The chroma then comes back to the IC at pin 27 where it is amplified.

4.3.1 Chrominance SECAM BG:

Signal path is about the same as in PAL. Differences:

- 321 fH VCO locked to sync
- no phase rotation
- · Comb filter off
- · internal bandpass filter more bandwith
- no colorkiller function color always on

4.3.2 Chrominance SECAM L (N3/4/5):

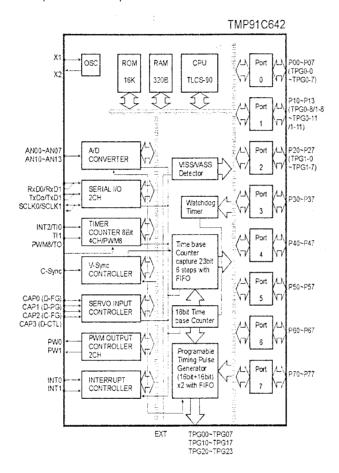
(see circuit description CSP)

DECKELECTRONIC - DE

1. General:

TVC (TMP91C642N-Maske; TMP91P642N-OTP)
The TVC (Toshiba Video Controller) is a one chip microcontroller.

- 16k byte ROM
- 320 byte RAM
- 8-bit A/D converter
- 2 serielle Businterface
- 2 12-bit PWM outputs
- 1 8-bit PWM output
- Composite sync input
- spezielle Servo inputs



8 analogue inputs are available. The input signals are fed to the A/DC via a multiplexer. The resolution of the converter is 8 bit. The maximum permissable input voltage range is 0...5V (defined by the reference voltages AVSS and AVCC).

Four analogue outputs are available each with a 8 bit resolution. These outputs supply a signal of constant frequency. (appr. 21,5 kHz) with variable pulse/interval ratio. It is possible to obtain a resolution of 14 bit by software. To achieve this resolution, two PWM outputs are internally linked. This means loss of one PWM output pin. The second output pin can then only be used as an ordinary circuit output. The possibility of the increased resolution is used by the headwheel drive (REEL line).

2. SAA 1310 Deck mechanics interface :

2.1 CTL-stage:

The IC SAA 1310 contains a write/read stage for the CTL track, with the possibility of interference-free overwriting of an existing CTL track (e.g. if another index code (VISS or VASS) is to be written on the tape). The playback stage is equipped with a "digital", two-stage AGC. By comparators, this circuit logic identifies the size of the output signal supplied by the CTL head and then selects the best amplifier gain in the playback stage. Note: The playback signal from the head follows the law of induction ($d\Phi$ >/dt) and is therefore

largely - with the exception of the gap function - proportional to the tape speed. The CTL head voltage can therefore vary considerably from vmax when FAST SEARCH (index search) is used to vmin when the LP mode which has the slowest tape speed. The highest speed sets in with FAST WIND or FAST SEARCH (Index search). To ensure that under the above mentioned conditions the pulse/interval ratio of the tape sync is always correctly reproduced (it is important for the distinction of 1 and 0 for VISS or VASS marks), the amplifier must not be overdriven. The two-stage AGC alone cannot process the large dynamic range of the input voltage. The amplifier is therefore provided with an internal low pass feature (fg = 3 kHz typ.) and also the amplification is further reduced for all winding modes by means of transitor 7403. In this case, the signal WIND = low and T7403 is disabled. The transistor is deliberately polarity inverted, as the inverse operation has the better damping qualities for this application. If T7403 is disabled, the amplifier's feedback network, as well as the external resistor 3454 is also disabled. Alternative short-circuit of R3454 with T7403 permits to reduce the amplification in the proportion

g on / g off = 1 + R3454 / 100

In parallel to the CTL head, there is the R.C. circuit of C2411 (4n7) and R3453 (4k7). Together with the CTL head inductance, the capacitor causes a resonance step-up at approx. 8 kHz. The R3453 causes a steep fall of the frequency transmission characteristic beyond resonance, providing an effective suppression of high-frequency stray pickup. The CTL head signal amplitude in SP is approx. 1...2 mVpp. Therefore the gain of the playback amplifier has to be suitably high. To avoid offset problems, a 47 μF electroytic capacitor (C2410) is built into the negative feedback branch for DC decoupling. Together with the internal 100 Ω feedback resistor, this electrolytic capacitor causes a high-pass behaviour. It must be of sufficient capacity to ensure that the differentiating effect is beyond a cut-off frequency, where the distortions of the signal shapes at the lowest tape speed rates remain negligible. Otherwise overshoots occur after each change of magnetisation on the tape, resulting in faulty triggering of the internal logic and therefore in faulty sync signals. The polarity of the playback amplifier can be reversed with the Capstan-Reverse (CREV) voltage. This enables the TVC always to see the correct sync edge independent of the tape feed direction. The W/R (Write/Read) signal is used to change between record and playback

W = high and R = low.

The SYNC line (pin 16) is a bidirectional line. In the case of write, a square-wave signal of 40 ms period is output by the TVC . The recording amplifier in the SAA 1310 converts this voltage into a square-wave recording current of approx. +/-2mA. Pin 3 of the SAA 1310 is the buffered output of the IC internal reference (2,5V +/-0.1V)

2.2 POR (Power On Reset) - Generator :

The POR generator contained in the SAA 1310 requires only one external component. This is the capacitor 2414 which defines the length of the POR pulse. At 33 nF, t por is approx. 30 ms.

2.3 The sensor interface:

The four comparators in the SAA 1310 are used to convert sensor signals to logic levels. Two of these comparators have open collector outputs (pin 11 and 13), which can source a current of 100 mA. The outputs are overload protected by a current limiter and thermal shutdown.

Only the non-inverting input of each comparator is accessible from the outside. The other inputs are connected to the internal reference voltage of nom. 2,5 V. Also the hysteresis of the comparators of approx. 10 mV is set internally.

The following sensors are evalutated:

Comporator 1 (In Pin 5 Out Pin 15):

FTA threading tachometer. This signal comes from a forked light barrier in the deck. An infra-red light beam is interrupted by a four-blade impeller (butterfly). The output amplitude of the sensor has to have a minimum variation of between 2V and 3V to ensure correct evaluation. By means of R3451 and R3449, an additional hysteresis is obtained

Comporator 2,3 (In Pin 6,7 Out Pin 14,13):

WTR/WTL (Winding tachometer right/left) comes from reflected light beams. The minimum output requirement is the same as the FTA

Comporator 4 (In Pin 8 Out Pin 11):

FG = Capstan tachometer. This signal comes from the sensor print on the turbo drive via the pre-amplifier of the tacho-HALL sensor in the motor unit. The amplitude of the almost sine-shaped signal is typ. 1 Vpp. The minimum acceptable level is 300mVpp. The signal is AC-coupled via C2415. Therefore the input at pin 8 is connected to the reference voltage at pin 3 via the resistor 3452. The capacitor C2413 in parallel with 3452 is to remove HF noise.

3. Interface to the headwheel motor driver :

The connection to the HMO driver IC on the LHA print is via plug 1915. The speed regulating signal is $\,$

REEL he resolution is 14 bit. PG/FG is the combined POS/tachometer signal of TDA5140 (HMO driver).

TRIV (Tracking Information Video) is the envelope information from the head amplifier.

It goes into one of the analogue inputs of the TVC . The current drawn from the +14M2 under ambient temperature conditions is typ. 70mA. During the run-up period of the motor approx. 0.5 A flow for a short time.

4. Interface to the Capstan motor:

4.1 Motor driver interface :

The Capstan motor in the turbo drive is driven via plug 1913. CAP is the Capstan speed signal, which can vary without load between 0 and 5 V. By means of CREV (Capstan reverse) the direction of the motor rotation is changed. The signal is fed via a diode to the motor driver, thus effectively preventing latch-up (otherwise the current limiting will fail). The maximum current consumption of the motor is limited to 1 A. Typical values in PLAY mode are 0,2 ...0,3 A.

4.2 Voltage switch for capstan motor:

Due to the wide speed operating range of the deck mechanics a large power operating range is required of the CMO driver, in the DD-capstan motor module in the deck. To avoid high power dissipation in the circuit, 2 different voltages are provided by the power supply for the CMO, a 14,5V (typ) for the Modes where faster tape movement is required and a +8M2 for PLAY. The switch selection of the voltage is controlled by the WIND siganl and the switching transistor T7406.

4.3 Tachometer preamplifier :

The Tachometer preamplifier is located on the sensor print. It is a DC coupled differential amplifier using discrete components. AC and DC amplification are different to avoid problems with the offset of the Hall element.

5. Threading motor driver:

The TMO driver is provided in bridge circuit using a dual power opamp. L2722. This IC can supply an output current of +/-1A. It has diode protection (fly-back diodes) at the outputs.

Between the IC outputs (Pin 1 and 3) there is a Boucherot element (1 Ω , 100 nF) to suppress a 3 MHz spurious oscillation from the power amplifier. One half of the bridge is controlled via the TMO line and functions as comparator. The other half is an amplifier-integrator with gain 3.9 times. A variation of the input voltage (THIO) between 0 and 5V causes a voltage variation at the output between 0V and nearly supply voltage. In case of a 50% modulation (THIO = 2,5V), there is approx. 7V at PIN3. The integration with C2102 serves to filter out the PWM frequency of approx. 21,5 Hz. The polarity of the comparator (noninvert.) and of the opamp (invert.) is selected as follows: In the event of a Power-On Reset, the TVC takes the THIO line "L", whereas TMO is "H". The above polarity must be observed to ensure that no current is applied to the motor during the POR pulse period. To avoid the

adverse conditions that would be applied to the motor in the event of the loss of the 5V supply a separate reference divider is provided for the comparator section. Both outputs of the L2722 are now "common-mode" in the event of the above mentioned failure.

6. Tape end - LED - control:

The LED current is controlled by transistor 7404. The ON time is approx. 1 ms. with an ON/OFF ratio of 0.09. C2404 slightly attenuates the slopes to avoid interference in the signal electronics. The LED current is at least 75 mA and supplied by the +14M1.

7. Analogue interface to the TVC:

The following analogue levels are supplied to the TVC internal A/D-C

TRIV TAE/TAS Tracking information Video Tape end/Tape Start Detection

I/R combin

combined information from INIT and Record

protection

AGC A

Automatic Gain Control

8. Test picture generation for non TXT equipment

By means of the resistor network R3426, R3425, R3424, R3422 and the corresponding selection of lines IOFP and FFP by the TVC, the levels (Sync, black, white) for a test picture can be generated and inserted in the signal path by the signal processing IC (7051)

9. Sensing of the tape deck switch:

The contains two switches:

INIT initialisation switch record protection

The states of these two switches is input with a single line (I/R) into an analogue input of the TVC (pin 57). Each switch output, the level of which can be "H" (5V) or "L" (OV), is coupled via a resistor-driver network. Each possible switch combination then provides a unique voltage level on the I/R line.

10. Version definition:

Only one ROM mask is used, therefore it is necessary to define the wanted version.

Pin 1 Longplay

Pin 24 2 or 3 Kopf (head amplifier)

Pin 36 4 head yes/no (not N4

Pin 55 Pal 1 (VHF/SEC-LP (not N4)

11. 12 V supply (N4):

The output voltage is specified with 12 V + 1.0/0.6V for a maximum load current of 400 mA. To ensure an uniform current division between the two series pass transistors BC636 (T7423, T7424) connected in parallel, a 11 Ω resistor is connected in series with each emitter. This reduces the effect of tolerances and temperature drift on the base emitter voltages. The circuit is short circuit protected, after a short circuit of the output voltage, reset has to be carried out by temporarily removing the mains plug. In this case, the electrolytic capacitor 3431 charges to start the circuit.

12. EE - Prom:

An EEPROM is an electrical not volatil ROM, on which it is possible to save and delete information. The information is not lost if the mains is disconnected. The R/W cycle takes place as usual via the serial IIC-Bus SDA, SCL. It is now possible to save specific deck parameters, for example, X-distance, gap position, tuning limits (for Amtsblatt requirments) and possible also differences between TAE and TAS; left and right tolerance of the tape end light barrier (until now coupled photo transistor were used). The preset potentiometer for the gap position is no longer necessary. The adjustment occurs automatically when using a test cassette and pressing certain keys. The preset channels and some options are also saved in the FEPROM

13 . CMT - detection :

The CSYNC wire is connected with two TVC pins. One off this pins detects the 50 Hz (Pin 12 Port 33) and the other detects the 15 625 kHz (Pin 8 Port 47).

This is necessary to recognice video signals only and not other 50 Hz transmitter signals.

CSP - BOARD (N3/4/5)

Recording:

The CCVS signal (VBS) from the "IN/OUT" circuit stage is fed through the solder connection 0201 pin1 and the emitter follower T7240 to a stage for chroma selection (Q5102 / T7200). The selected chroma signal then passes through the trap circuit (L5203 / C2201 / L5204 / C2203 / R3206) to arrive at IC7520 pin25. The trap circuit increases the selective effect of the "gaussian filter circuit" (Q5102). Subsequently, the signal passes through a 15 dB amplifier and is then taken via pins 23 and 22 to a limiting amplifier with a following frequency divider. Dividing the chroma signal in a ratio of 1:4 this divider generates the necessary 1.1 MHz signal for recording which is applied to pin 19 of IC7520. The bandpass which follows then reduces the harmonics resulting from the frequency division and the signal is routed to pin 17 of IC7520. Afterwards it is subjected to a 10 dB amplifier and switched to pin 13. Between pin 13 and 12 the 1.1 MHz signal is fed through an "antigaussian filter circuit" (Q5207). The signal is limited then in IC7520 and passed via pin 15 and the solder connection 0202-1101 pin6 to the Video/Chroma circuit stage (Family Board) as "CHRS"- signal. It is then fed through an adjustment control for the SECAM chroma recording current, R3098 (CHROMINANCE WRITING CURRENT SECAM) to the junction R3098 i R3100 where the signal is added to the Y-signal. The sum signal (FMRV) is taken via the amplifier stage T7029 / T7030 and plug contact 1911 pin2 to the head amplifier.

Control of the switches in IC7520:

On recording, a LOW level (0.7V) is present at the collector of the transistor T7205. This transistor works like a diode, turns on and applies approximately 1.3V to IC7520 pin21. From this level, the following detection stage can identify the recording mode and switches all in circuit switches to record position. 3.2

Playback:

On playback, the "uncontrolled FM signals from the tape" (FMPV) is taken to pin 21 of the IC7520 and is then amplified by 6 dB. From pin 19, the signal is fed via a bandpass to IC7520 pin17. Between pins 17 and 16, the obtained 1.1 MHz signal passes through a 10 dB amplifier; via pin 14, it is fed to another amplifier in IC7520 whose feedback stage contains an "anti-gaussian filter circuit (Q5207)" which is connected between pin 12 and pin 14. In the AGC stage following the amplifier the signal undergoes an automatic gain control (AGC) and its frequency is doubled (2.2MHz) in the fullwave rectifier RECT. From IC7520 pin8 the 2.2 MHz signal is fed to the bandpass F5211 which removes disturbing harmonics from the wanted signal. In another doubling stage which obtains the 2.2 MHz signal from IC7520 pin6 a 4.4 MHz signal is generated. This signal is subsequently amplified by 10 dB and is fed to the colour killer via pin 27, the anti-gaussian filter circuit (Q5202) and pin 28. From IC7520 pin1 the 4.4 MHz signal is fed into the bandpass F5209 which separates disturbing harmonics from the wanted signal. The resulting SECAM chroma signal (CIN) is taken via the impedance converter T7203 and the solder connection 0203 pin2 / 1101 pin8 to t he Video/Chroma circuit stage (Family Board) and is then added to the CVS-signal in

IN/OUT - I/O, MSIO (N3/5)

(INCLUDING SUBPRINT MSIO)

The I/O circuit selects the different signal sources. Audio and video signals are switched by ICs (HEF 4053). Switching is controlled by the ESPBH line and on MSIO by ES2. Scart 1 video input signal VIN1 from pin 20 is passed by the switching diode (pos 6565, 6566) to pins 5 and 2 of IC7590 on MSIO.

From pin 5 it goes via pin 4 and T7560 to Video out on Scart 2. From pin 2 via pin 15, video VE12 returns to IC 7592 at pin 1 and via pin 15 is passed to the signal electronics section as VBS. Scart 1 audio inputs from pins 2 and 6 (left and right channel) are added to AIN1 and fed to pins 5 and 2 IC7591 on MSIO.From pin 5 it goes via pin 4 and T7580 to Audio out on Scart 2. From pin 2 via pin 15 audio AE12 returns to pin 13 of IC 7592 and is output at pin 14 as AMLR the audio part.

The Front end video VFV comes from pin 7 IC7720 via an attenuator and an emitter follower on the front end to pin 3 IC7590 on MSIO and then goes to Video out on Scart 2 via pin 3 and T7560. VFV returns as VTX to pins 2 and 5 IC7592. From pin 2 it is passed via pin 15 as VBS to the signal electronics section.

From pin 5 it is switched via pin 4 to a pull up resistor. The Front end audio output signal AFV from pin 8 IC 7840 on the front end goes to pin 12 IC7592 and via MSIO to pin 3 IC7591. From pin 12 IC7592 it goes via pin 14 to the audio section as AMLR. On MSIO pin 3 IC7591 can be connected through via pin 4 and an emitter follower to Audio out on Scart 2. Scart 2 video input signal on MSIO is passed via switching diodes to pin 1 and pin 13 IC 7590. From pin 1 via pin 15 VE12 goes the same way as described previously. From pin 13 it can be connected through via pin 14 as VOUT1 to pin 19 of Scart 1. Scart 2 audio inputs from pin 2 and 6 (left and right channel) are added to AIN2 and fed to pins 13 and 1 of IC7591 on MSIO. From pin 13 it arrives via pin 14 and T7540 as AOUT1. Audio out on Scart 1. From pin 1 via pin 15 audio AE12 goes the same way as described previously. Video signal VSB from signal electronics goes via MSIO as VIDOUT out to the modulator section. Also VSB at MSIO is passed via an attenuator, the emitter-follower 7509 to pin 12 IC7590. From pin 12 it can be connected via pin 14 as VOUT1 to Scart 1. VPS-Option: In this case VSB is also fed to IC7600 SDA 5642 where data from line 16 is detected and sent via IIC bus to the controller. Audio signal ALMP from the audio section is passed directly to the modulator. It is also passed to pin 12 IC7591 on MSIO and leaves via pin 14 as AOUT1 to Scart 1. There is also RGB loop through between Scart 1 and Scart 2. The linking of pin 16 (blanking) between Scart 1 and Scart 2 can be switched by T7550 using control signal SCRTV. Pin 8 (switching) of Scart 1 is controlled by 8SC1. Pin 8 (switching) of Scart 2 is controlled by 8SC2. Zener diodes are used at all inputs for ESD protection, the capacitors are "Amtsblatt" requirements.

I/O, TXT - BOARD MVIO (N3/5)

1. Controller (pos. 7000):

The controller consits of a 8032 micro processor with external 128K x 8 OPTROM and 8K x 8 RAM. The address lines to Port 0 are latched as this port supports both address and data lines. As the 8032 only supports 16 pins for address control, the highest address A16 must be generated with a "normal" Portpin. An RC circuit is used to provide a timing safeguard between the use of A16 pin as an address and as a data pin.

A16 pin as an address and as a data pin. The control processor is linked via the I 2 C-Bus with the display μP and trough the UART-bus, in the shift register mode, with the deck- μP . For operational speed the control processor triggers the display processor via the interrupt line (INT).

Operating in a high speed mode the controller runs all other I²C-Bus functions including the teletext decoder (SAA5246AGP/E). All non volatile data as for example programme data, source codes, preferred pages, etc. are saved in a 1K x 8 EEPROM on the familyboard.

2. Integrated Video-Processor and Teletext decoder (nos. 7200):

Within the processor, 27 MHz oscillation from the colpitts oscillator, is divided down to provide the teletext data clock of 6.93 MHz the display timing and the line frequency 15625 Hz.

The data slicer separates the teletext information from the vertical blanking interval of the video signal. The teletext data is saved in the RAM and if required converted to RGB signals in the display generator. The amplitude of the RGB signals is fixed by an external voltage divider. These RGB signals are encoded to a CVBS signal. Using the line pulse the teletext controller generates artificial Syncs for the TV (STTV). This STTV is not interlaced during full pagemode (312/312 lines). In subtitles-mode, due to association with the background picture, it is interlaced (312,5/312,5).

The BLANK output indicates at what time a teletext information is available. BLANK gives the opportunity to fade subtitles.

In order to increase the access speed of new page selection the teletext controller saves in the RAM a total of 4 or 8 pages depending on the method of execution.

3. Colour encoder (pos. 7300):

TV sets which are equiped with teletext, drive the colour picture tube from TXT-RGB signals. As VCRs do not normally provide an RGB output, and some TV sets are not provided with RGB input, a CVBS signal must be generated.

The colour encoder (MC1377) encodes this CVBS from the RGB signals, a Composit Sync. (STTV) and a 4.43 MHz oscillation (FSC). This colour subcarrier is brought into correct phase by shift circuit

The H/2 correction results from the selective amplification of a sample of the subcarrier-PLL in the signal electronics. The coil is not adjusted to the maximum amplification but for correct phase. With this generated H/2 sinewave, the encoder is synchronised via a transistor.

4. Video insertion and switching (pos. 7400):

For video insertion, the video switch BA7605N is used to clamp all the input signals to 2.0V and all the output signals to 0.6 V Sync tip. The frontend video VFV and the teletext information are offered with 1 $\rm V_{pp}$ to one of the 2 switches (on pin 8 and pin 10). The modified BLANK pulse inserts subtitles when available. This VTX signal is then fed to the signal electronics for recording or monitor. In case of Full page-mode the switch is blocked by FP line. For subtitles during MESECAM-standard transmissions the FP-PAL line activates a chroma bypass and turns the FSC off.

The output of the signal electronics VSB (on pin 1) and the teletext information ($2V_{pp}$ on pin 3) are connected to the second switch. This switch is directly controlled by the Full-page line (FP).

5. I/O section:

The I/O section is composed of 2 triple HEF switches; pos. 7590 for the video signals and pos. 7591 for the audio signals. The control of these switches is by the 2 lines ES-2 (external source) and SCRTV (scrambled TV).

In order to reduce the control lines, ES-2 and SCRTV each carry out two functions.

If an ext. source is chosen (E1 or E2), ES 2 selects either SCART-1 IN or SCART-2 IN, it also selects either the front end signal or the SCART-1 input signal to pass to the SCART-2 output.

SCRTV has the function in the decoder mode to connect the SCART-2 input to the SCART-1 output, and also permits the passive RGB-loop of through the blanking signal between SCART-2 and SCART-1.

6. VPS:

If the teletext decoder SAA5246 is exchanged with its substitute SAA5248, VPS will also be available. The SDA5642 is provided as backup solution.

NFM PANEL (N4)

1. Playback:

Lines SOFT1, SOFT2 and TAPE control the focus of the video picture during playback by influencing the FM processing frequency response.

TAPE is active (high) with tapes with a high playback amplitude (high TRIV signal) and increases the resolution by activating T7205 and T7206

This occurs in such instances as with SVHS tapes on which VHS signals have been recorded.

SOFT2 is active (high) with tapes with a low playback voltage and switches the picture one step "softer" with T7203.

SOFT1 is active (high) during LP playback and also switches the picture one step "softer" with T7104.

2. Recording:

When recording, lines SOFT1, SOFT2 and TAPE control an 8-stage attenuator (T7200, T7201, T7202), which provides "automatic write current optimisation" (optional).

The FMRV write current is written and read at 8 different levels (40 ms) when the tape is threaded and stationary.

The TRIV signal is measured during reading and the write current that achieves the highest playback amplitude is established.

This process is carried out 4 times. The optimum write current setting is stored once the results have been averaged out.

NIO - BOARD (N4)

Description of function:

General:

The fact that the family board can be used universally means that the input and output selection switches have to be split between the NFB4 and the N10. The various control line outputs are made by shift register 7413.

Input selection switch:

The front sockets, the front end and SCART1 / SCART2 are selected using selection switch 7592 (NFB4). The relevant control lines are IS1 and IS2. The selection of either SCART1 or SCART2 is done at the NIO by control line ES1 with ICs 7590 and 7591. The video signal selected (VBS) is now routed to the signal electronics section and the audio signal selected (ALMR) to the lin. audio section

SCART2 output

Control line ES2 and ICs 7590 and 7591 at the NIO are used to determine whether the front end signal or SCART1-In should be at SCART2-Out.

OSD (optional)

The OSD information is overlaid onto the output signal in the signal electronic section (VSB) at the NIO. The signal is then known as VIDOUT.

SCART1 output

The SCRTV control line and ICs 7590 and 7591 (NIO) are used to determine whether SCART2-In or the output signal from the signal electronics section should be at SCART1-Out. The output signal from the signal electronics section can either be the playback signal or, if the signal electronics section is located in the look-through, the VBS signal (see Item 2).

MOD-out

The modulator signal is the output signal from the signal electronics section including the OSD information (VIDOUT).

16:9 (optional)

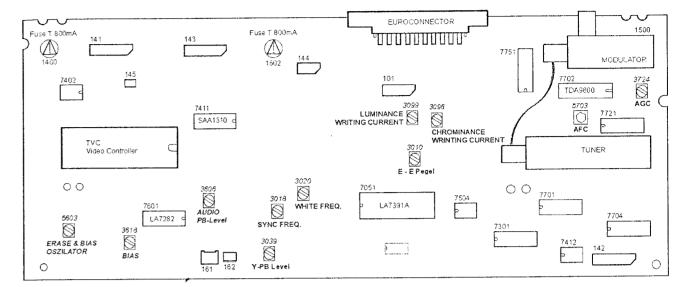
Control line 8SC1 switches pin 8 on SCART1 via transistors 7502 and 7501. Control line SC1HL along with transistor 7503 and Z diode 6505 determines whether the power output should be 6V or 12V.

Follow me (optional)

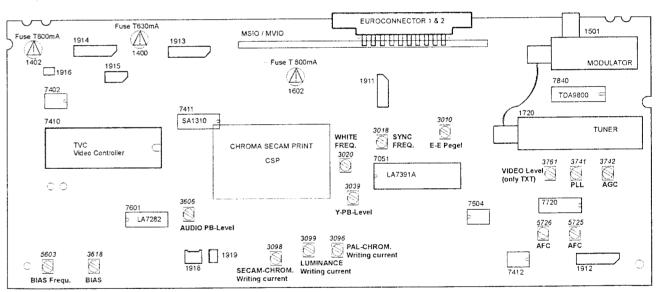
The video signal from the internal front end of the VCR (VFV) and the video signal from the television set connected to SCART1-in (VIN1) are digitised via comparators and then compared with one another. Low at the circuit output means that the picture contents from the two video signals are identical and that they must come from the same transmitter.

ADJUSTMENTS

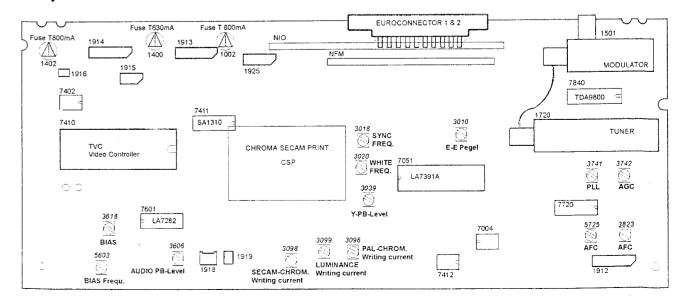
Family Board N1/2



Family Board N3/5:



Family Board 4:



VIDEOSIGNAL PROCESSING

1. E-E level (3010):

- Connect a pattern generator and apply a 100% white
- nicture to the Euroconnector (programme E1).
- Select 'Stop' mode.
- Connect an oscillocope to Pin 4 of IC7051.
- Adjust resistor 3010 until the amplitude of the output voltage is $0.52 \text{ V}_{pp} \pm 0.02 \text{ V}_{pp}$ (Fig.1).
- Check that the voltage at the connector Scart1 pin 19

 $1,9 V_{pp} \pm 0.1 V_{pp}$

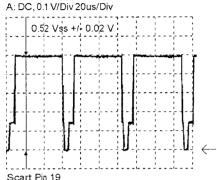


Fig. 1

2. Sync frequency (3018): SYNCHR W RUP

- Select 'record' mode.
- Apply no signal (programme E1).
- Connect a frequency counter to the 'video current test pin (MP1) on the head amplifier.
- Adjust resistor 3018 until the frequency counter indicates revealer U 3.800 MHz ± 10 kHz.

3. White frequency (3020):

Before carrying out this adjustment, check point 1 and 2.

- Connect a pattern generator and apply a 100% white picture.
- Select 'record' mode.
- Connect an oscilloscope to the 'video current test pin' (MP1) on Logac the head amplifier.
- Adjust resistor 3020 until the frequency counter reads 4.600 MHz ± 10 kHz. poten wherea

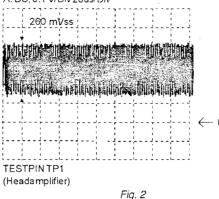
4. Writing current adjustment:

N1/2: Adj. R3099 and R3096 balancing jointly! Mhusaezi N3/4/5: Adj. R3099 and R3096 and R3098 balancing MAD 2300 MV [0-270) jointly!

4.1 Luminance writing current adjustment (3099):

- 212849 Select 'record' mode.
- Connect an oscilloscope to the 'video current test pin' (MP1) on the head amplifier.
- Apply no signal (programme E1).
- Adjust resistor 3099 for a signal amplitude of (Fig.2):
- 260 mV_{pp} standard play sets (2/0, 3/0)
- 230 mV_{n0} longply sets (4/0, 2/0LP)

A: DC, 0.1 V/Div 20us/Div



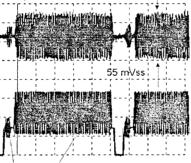
4.2 PAL Chrominance writing current adjustment (3096):

- Select 'record' mode.
- Connect an oscilloscope to the 'video current test pin' (MP1) on the head amplifier.

Connect a pattern generator and apply a red (75%) signal (Burst:Chroma = 1:2,2) to the Euroconnector (programme E1).

- Connect pin 40 of IC7051 to + 5V.
- Adjust resistor 3096 for a signal amplitude of : 55 mVpp standard play sets (2/0, 3/0) 49 mVpp longply sets (4/0, 2/0LP) (Fig. 3) (-13.5 dB relative to the luminance signal)

A: AC, 20 mV/Div 10 us/Div B: AC, 0.2 V/DIV 10 us/Div



Burst: Chroma = 1:2.2

Fig. 3

4.3 SECAM Chrominance writing current adjustment (3098) (only N3/4/5):

- Select 'record' mode.
- Connect an oscilloscope to the 'video current test pin' (MP1) on the head amplifier.
- Connect a pattern generator and apply a secam red signal to the Euroconnector (programme E1).
- Connect pin 40 of IC7051 to + 5V.
- Adjust resistor 3098 for a signal amplitude of : 35 mV_{pp} standard play sets (2/0, 3/0)
- 31 mV_{pp} longply sets (4/0, 2/0LP)
- (Fig. 4) (-17.4 dB relative to the luminance signal).

Luminance playback level (3039):

- Play a 100% white picture from a cassette.
- Connect an oscilloscope to connector scart pin 19.
- Adjust resistor 3039 until the amplitude of the output signal is $2.0 V_{pp} \pm 0.1 V_{pp}$ (Fig. 4).

A DC 0.5 V/Div 20 us/Div

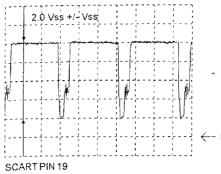


Fig. 4

FRONT END (N1/2)

1. Adjustment of the video demodulator (5703):

- Apply on tuner pos. 1720 Pin 17 100 mV_{eff} 38,9 MHz.
- Adjust with demodulator coil 5703 on Pin 15 IC 7702 $2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V} DC.$

2. Adjustment of the RF-AGC (3724):

- Supply a PAL white picture with an amplitude of 2,2 mV_{eff} (67 dB_{uV}) with sound carrier but without ton modulation.
- Connect an oscilloskope to tuner 1701 pin 17.
- Adjust with 3724 on 550 mV_{pp} +50 mV/-0 mV.

3. Adjustment of the tuning limits:

(only for Amtsblatt requirements)

- Erase the EEPROM.
- Remove the mains supply and press WIND, REWIND and DOWN simultaneously and while the keys are held down reconnect the mains supply.
- Select SERVICE mode. Press approx. 5 sec. STOP on RC and PLAY on the recorder.
- Connect a pattern generator with colour bar and adjusted for channel E2 (48,25 MHz).
- Aktivat channel search until the recorder has found the channel
- Press STOP on RC and REWIND on the recorder. Storing the lower tuning limit.
- Adjust pattern generator for channel E69 (855,25 MHz).
- Aktivat channel search until the recorder has found the channel
- Press STOP on RC and WIND on the recorder. Storing the upper tuning limit.
- Adjust pattern generator for channel S22 (311.25 MHz).
- Aktivat channel search until the recorder has found the
- Press STOP on RC and RECORD on the recorder. Storing the upper tuning limit Band III.
- Switch the set to STAND BY.

FRONT END (N3/4/5)

1. AFC-adjustment (5725):

- Supply via a 22 nF capacitor a 38.9 MHz sinewave signal with 100 mV_{eff} to pin 17 of tuner 1701
- Connect a voltmeter to IC7720 pin 15.
- Balance to 2,5 V ± 0,1 V by means of coil 5725.

2. AFC-adjustment for SECAM und MULTISTANDARD sets :

N3/5 coil 5726 resistor 3823

- Supply via a 22 nF capacitor a 33.9 MHz sinewaye signal with 100 mV_{eff} to pin17 of tuner
- Connect signal PSS (plug 1912 pin 1) to ground (Secam aktive)
- Connect signal SB1 (plug 1912 pin 5) to ground (Band 1 aktive)
- Connect a voltmeter to IC7720 pin 15.
- Balance to 2.5 V ± 0.1 V by means of coil 5726 (N4), resistor

Carry out the 5725 and 5726 balancing jointly! (only N3/5)

3. PLL signal to noise ratio for SECAM und MULTISTANDARD sets (3741):

- Supply a PAL picture with sound carrier but without ton modulation.
- Connect an oscilloskope to plug 1591 pin 16 (AMLP).
- Adjust to minimum amplitude by means of 3741.

4. Rf-AGC adjustment (3742):

- Supply a PAL white picture with an amplitude of 2,2 mV_{eff} (67 dB_{uV}) with sound carrier but without ton modulation.
- Connect an oscilloskope to tuner 1701 pin 17.
- Adjust to 550 mV_{ss} +50mV/-0mV by means of 3742.

5. Adjustment of the video output level (3761) (N3/5):

(only for teletext sets)

- Apply a standard video signal to the aerial input. Connect an oscilloskope to emitter of E- 7761.
- Adjust resistor 3761 for output voltage 0,9 Vss ± 0.05 V.

LINEAR AUDIO

1. Setting of the erasing frequency (5603):

- · Bring unit into mode "RECORD".
- · Connect frequency meter to resistor 3618.
- Set erasing frequency to 70 kHz ± 2,5 kHz with 5603

2. Setting of the bias current (BIAS) (3618);

- Connect millivoltmeter to 3618 (differential measurement)
- Bring unit into mode "RECORD"
- Set voltage at 3618 to 16 mV_{eff} (70 kHz) with 3618.

Checking the bias setting:

After "BIAS" has been set with the indicated approximate value, make a music recording with linear audio alone. Use cassettes made by well-known manufacturers, but do not use chromium dioxide tape. When reproducing this recording, note whether the highs are sufficiently reproduced or whether the sound is not subject to distortion. If the share of the highs is not sufficient, the "BIAS" current must be reduced; if distortion is too great, it must be increased.

- 3. Playback amplitude setting (3606):
- Record a signal 500 mVeff, 1 kHz.
- Connect millivoltmeter to the Scart1 pin1 (audio output).
 Reproduce this recording
- Set the playback amplitude to 500 mV $_{\rm eff}$ \pm 50 mV with 3606

DECKELECTRONIC:

Software adjustment of the GAP:

- Insert a test cassette with norm video signal (for ex. 4822 397 30103)
- Select SERVICE mode. (press approx. 5 sec. STOP on RC and PLAY on the recorder
- Press PLAY on RC and EJECT on the recorder.

Thereby the automatical adjustment is released and stored in the EEPROM.

If the adjustment has been successfuly done, the recorder gets automatically in STAND BY mode.

If the adjustment has not been made correctly, the recorder rejects the cassette

Reasons: The norm-video signal is out of order

Bad scanner

Microprocessor is defect.

POWER SUPPLY MSM, NSM

Adjustment of the output voltage.

MSM1:

3204

NSM: 3090

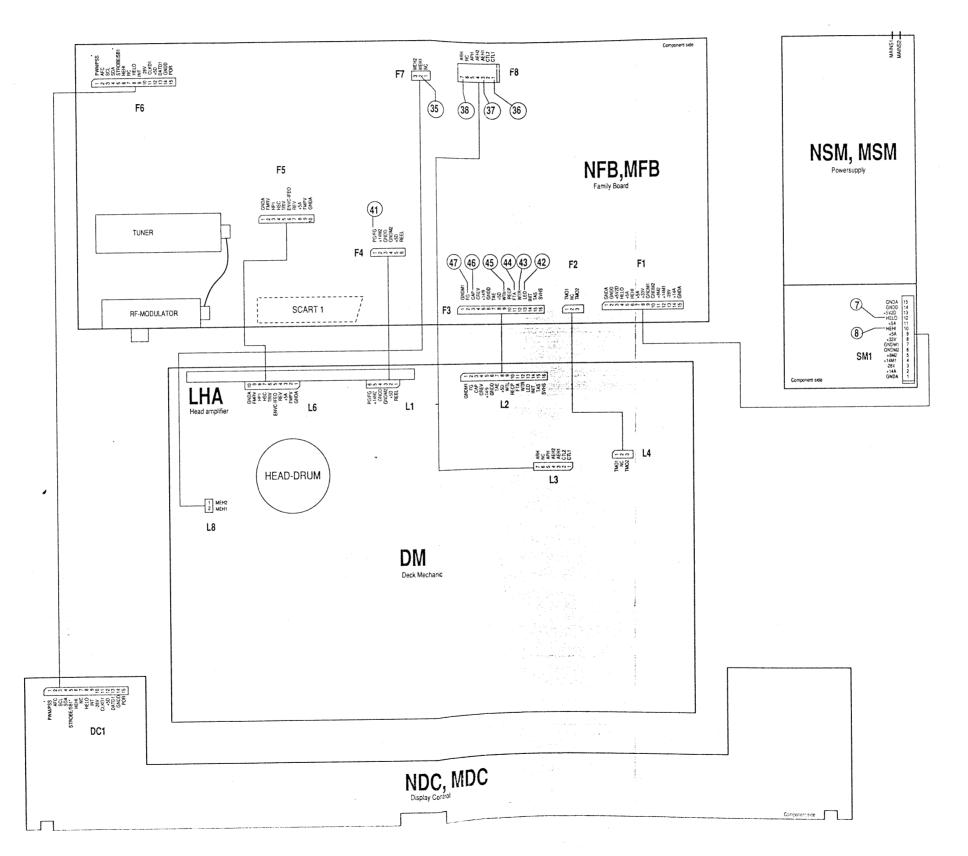
- Connect a voltmeter to connection 9 or 11 of the plug SM1
- Adjust to an output voltage of 5,4 V \pm 0,03 V .

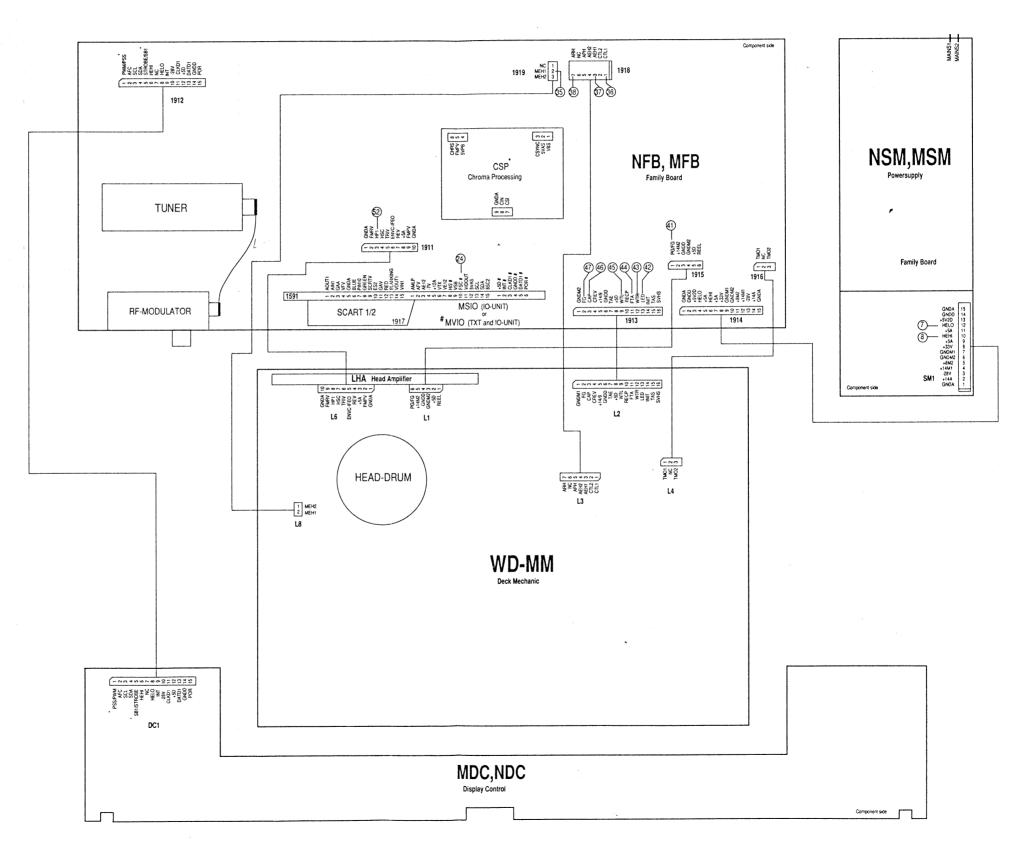
MDC., NDC ADJUSTMENTS:

Setting the clock frequency (2005):

- Disconnect the set from the mains.
- Connect a frequency counter to plug 1101 pin 1.
- Press the keys UP, DOWN and PLAY simultaneous.
- Connect the set to the mains.
- Touch pin3 plug 1101 at least 7 times with the earth cable.
- A 5 V squarewave signal has been applied to the frequency counter.
- Set C2005 at 47.36328 ms ± 75 ns.

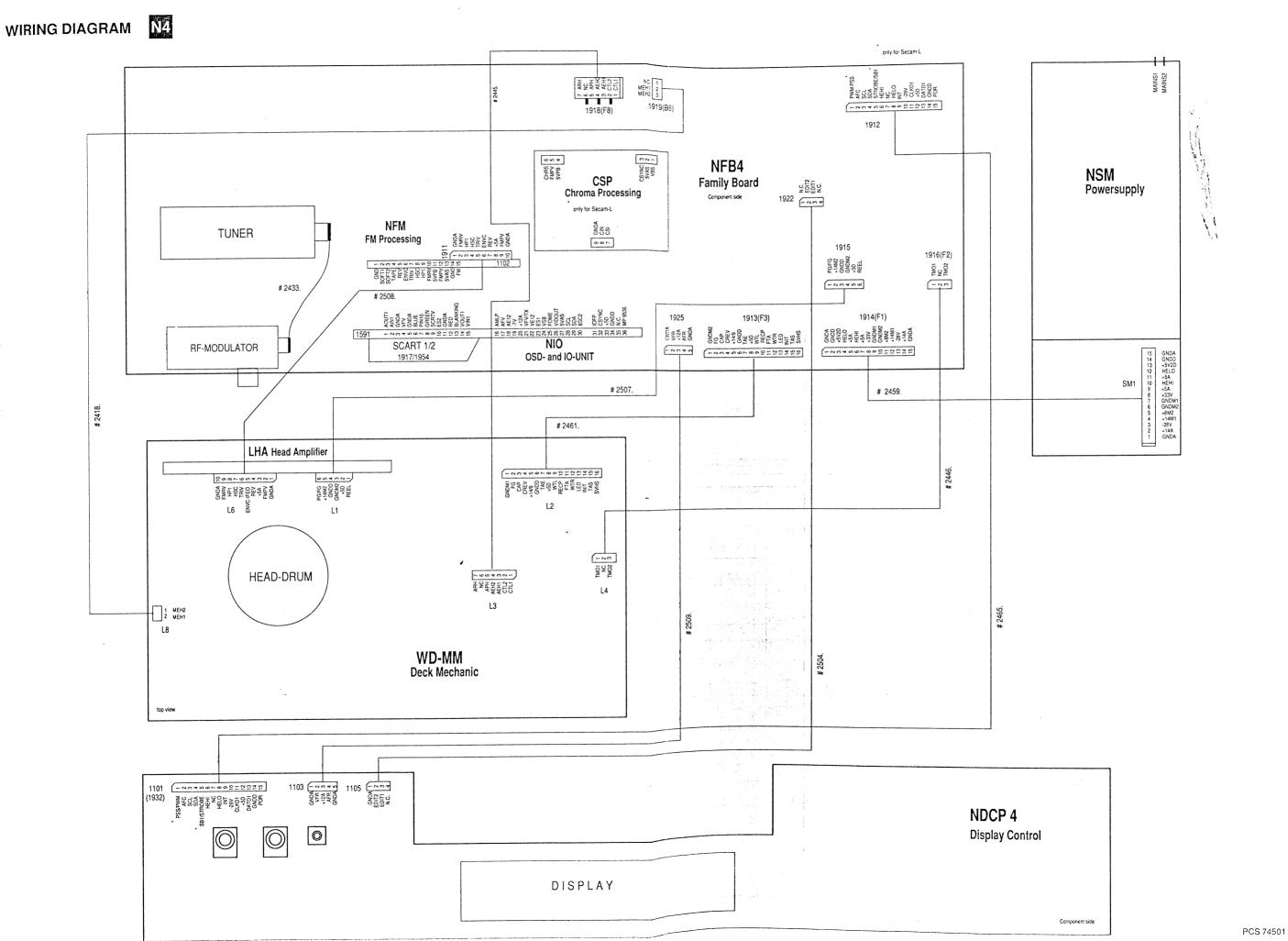
3-1

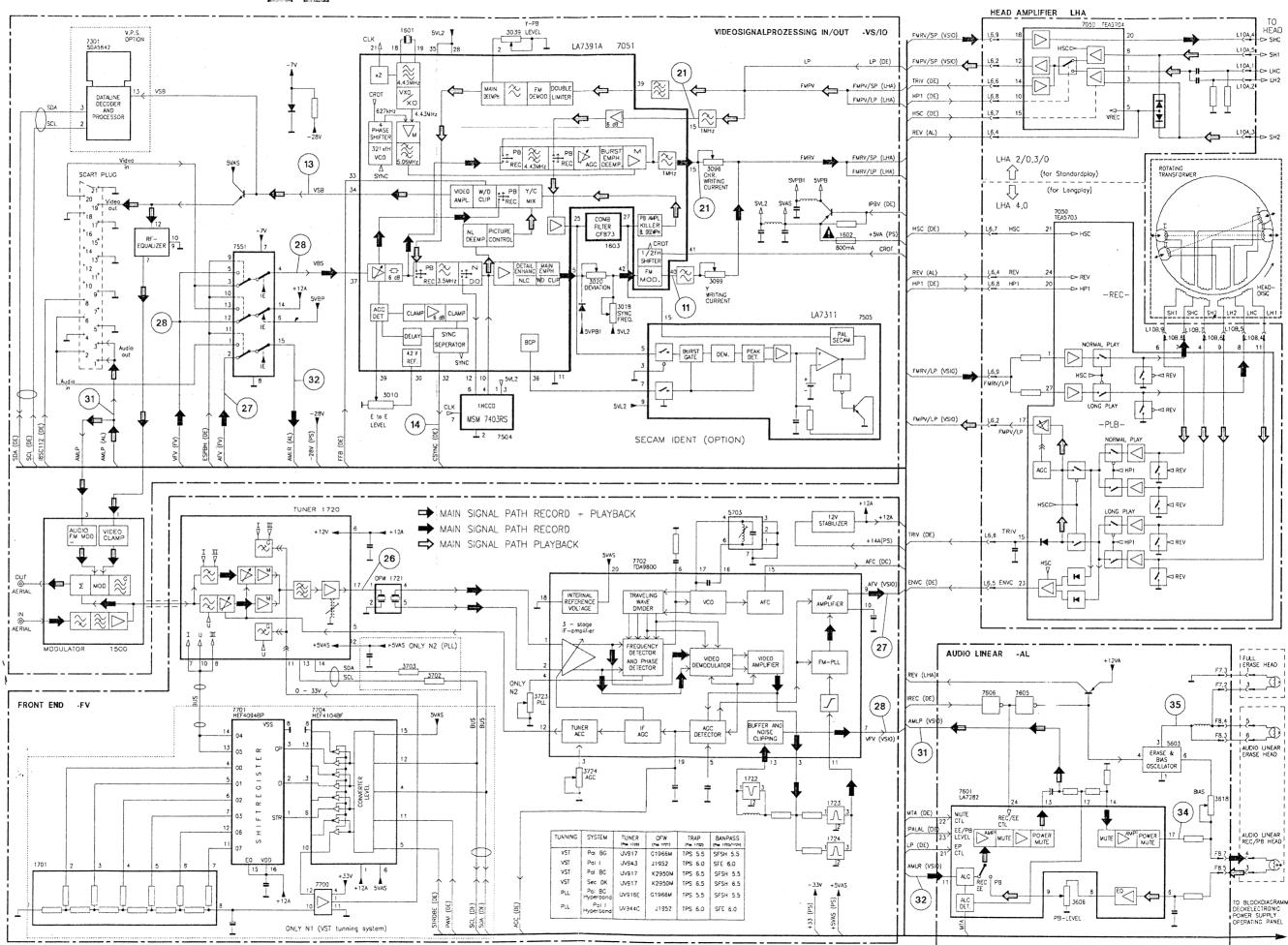




^{#....} ONLY FOR TXT

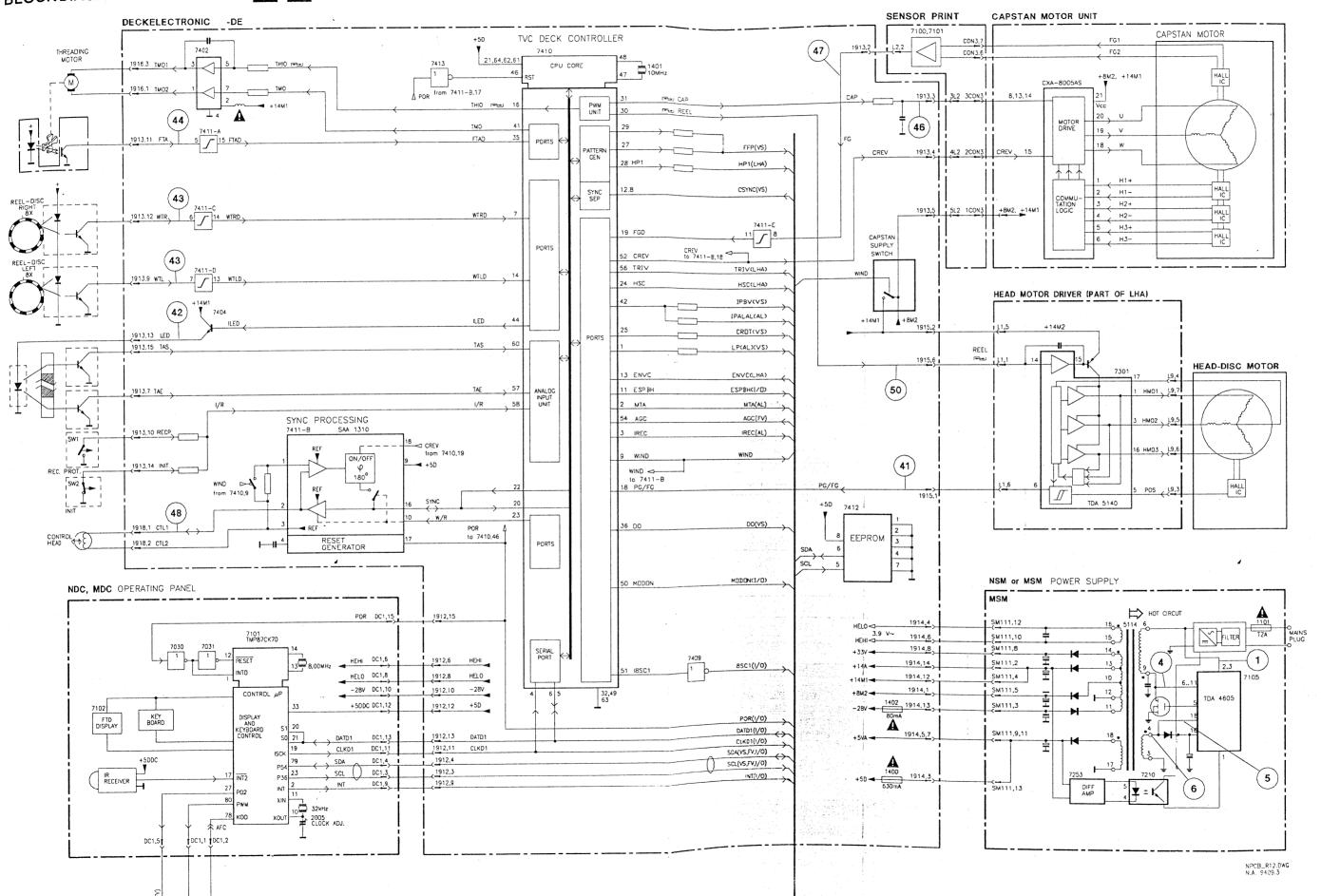
^{*....} ONLY FOR SECAM-L





BLOCK DIAGRAM DIGITAL PART N1 N2

TO BLOCKDIAGRAM ANALOG PART



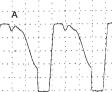
OSCILLOGRAN

A: DC, 0.2V/Div, 2us/Div



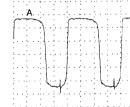
IC7105 Pin 2





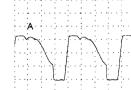
IC7105 Pin 6..11

A: DC, 0.2V/Div, 2us/Div



IC7105 Pin 18

A: DC, 10V/Div, 2us/Div



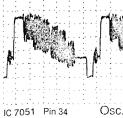
Trafo 5114 Pin 4

A: AC, 0.2 V/Div , 2 us/Div

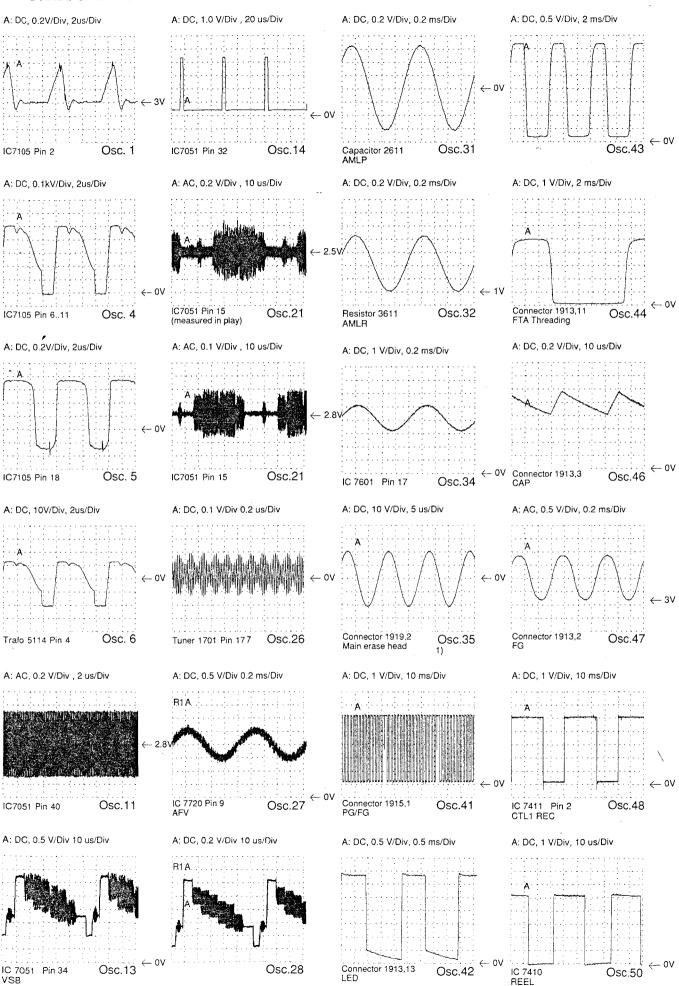


IC7051 Pin 40

A: DC, 0.5 V/Div 10 us/Div

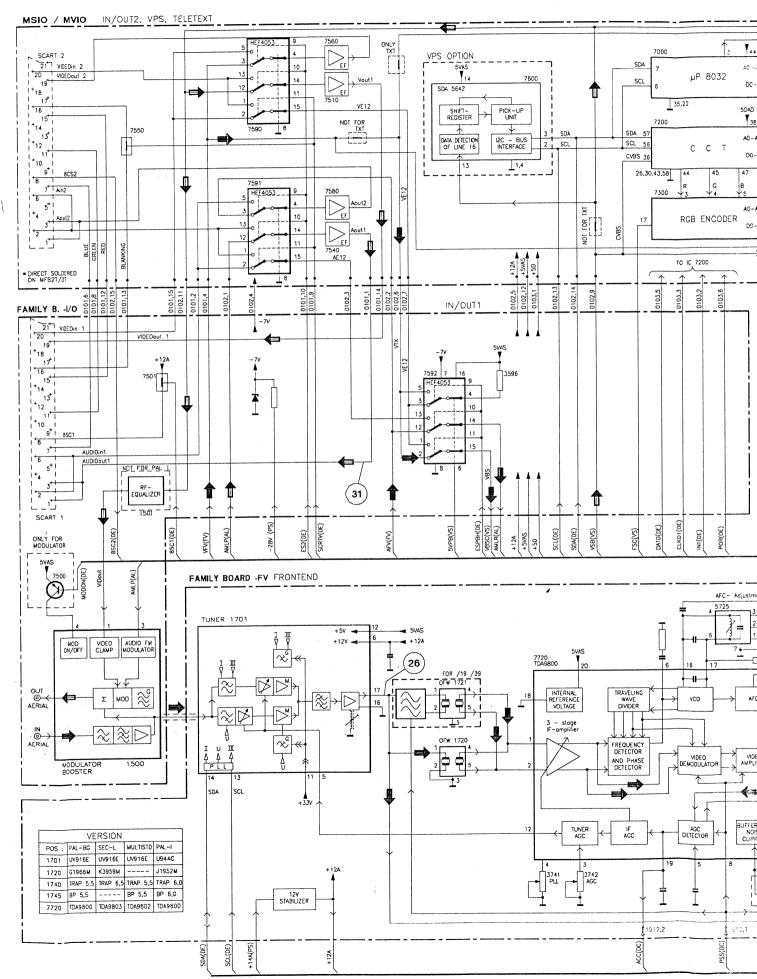


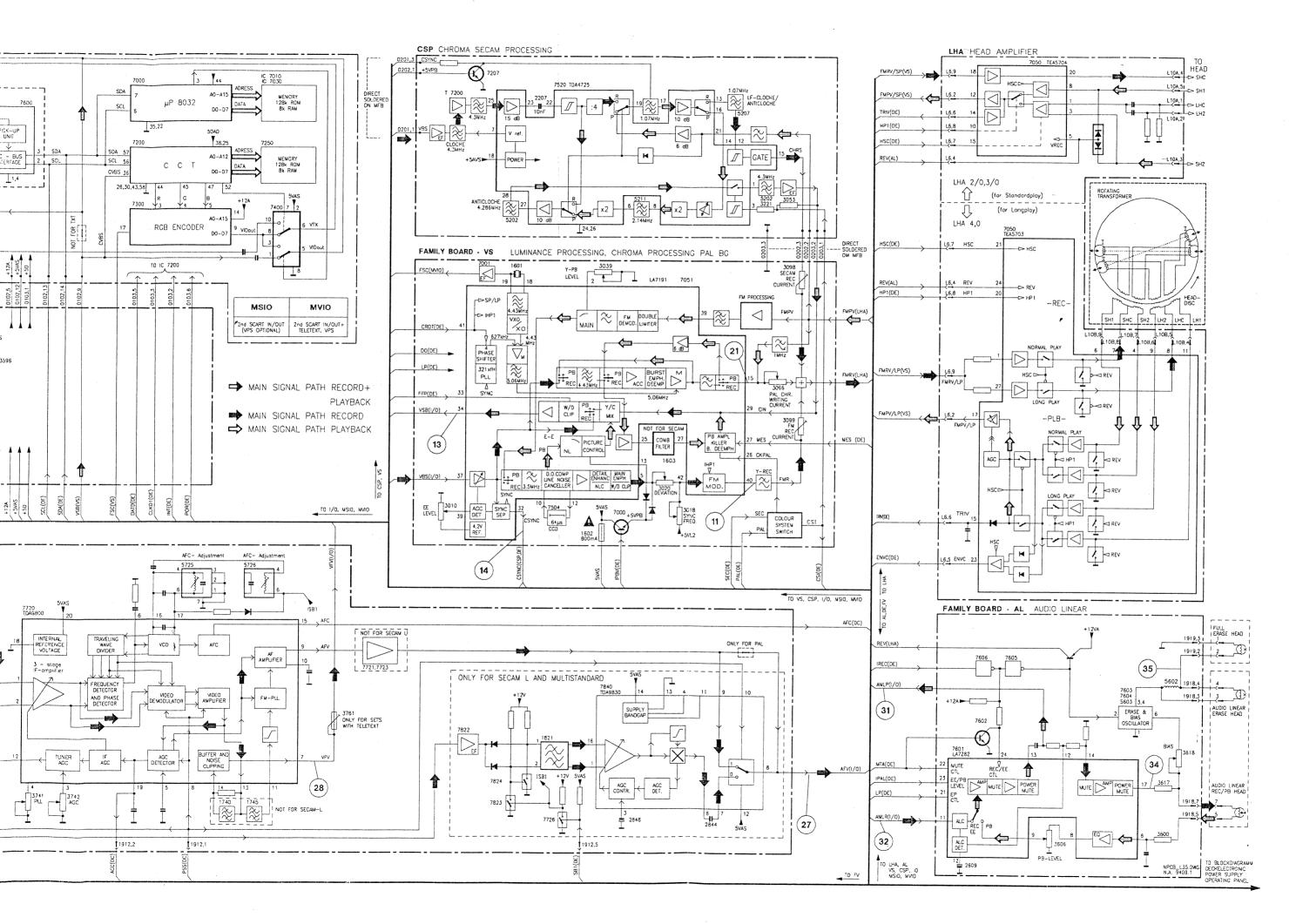
OSCILLOGRAMS BLOCK DIAGRAM



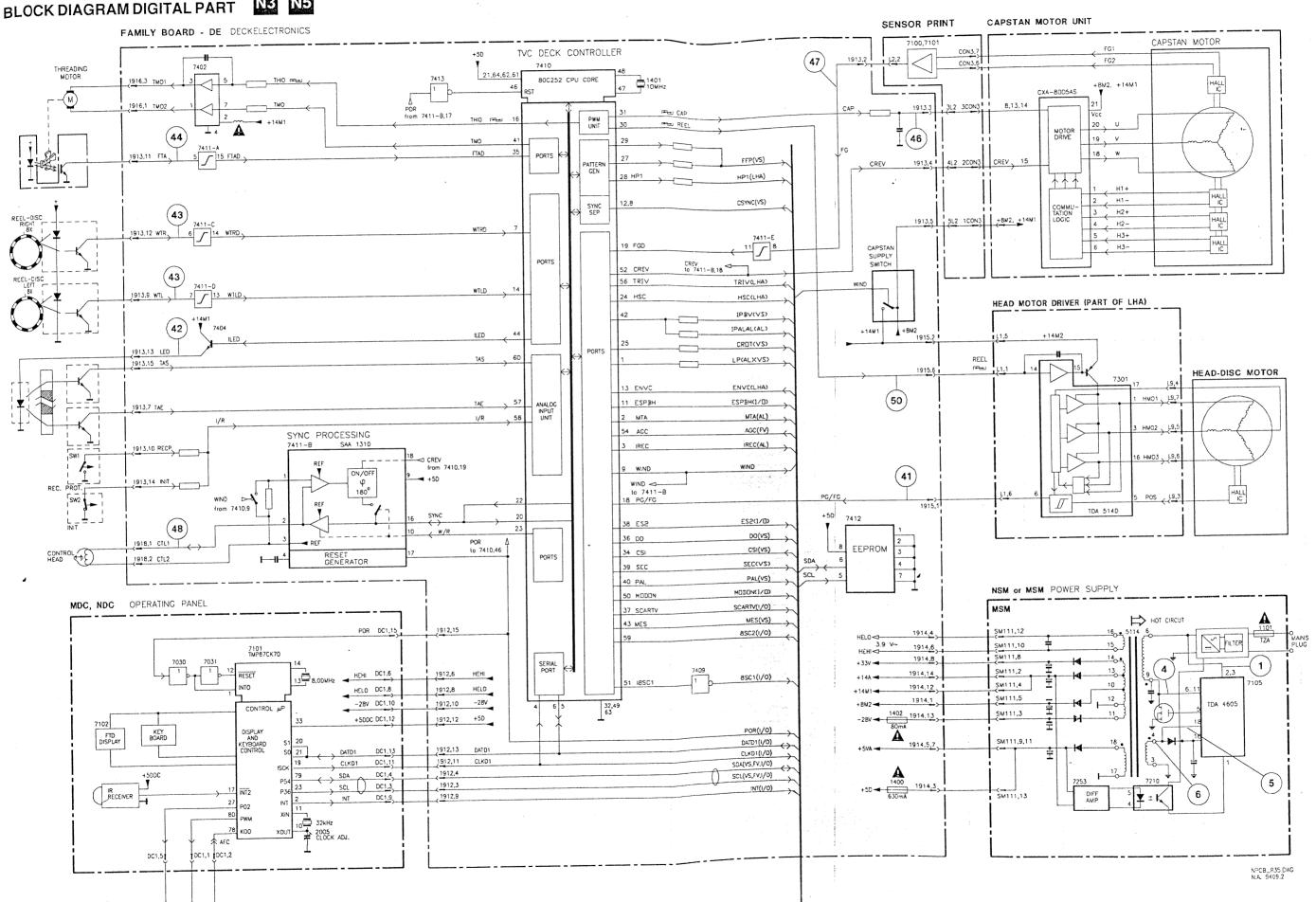
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BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALOG PART N3 N5





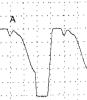
TO REDCKDIAGRAM ANALOG PART



OSCILLOGI

IC7105 Pin 2

A: DC, 0.1kV/Div, 2us



IC7105 Pin 6..11

A: DC, 0.2V/Div, 2us/



IC7105 Pin 18

A: DC, 10V/Div, 2us/0

Α.....

Trafo 5114 Pin 4

A: AC, 0.2 V/Div, 2 u



IC7051 Pin 40

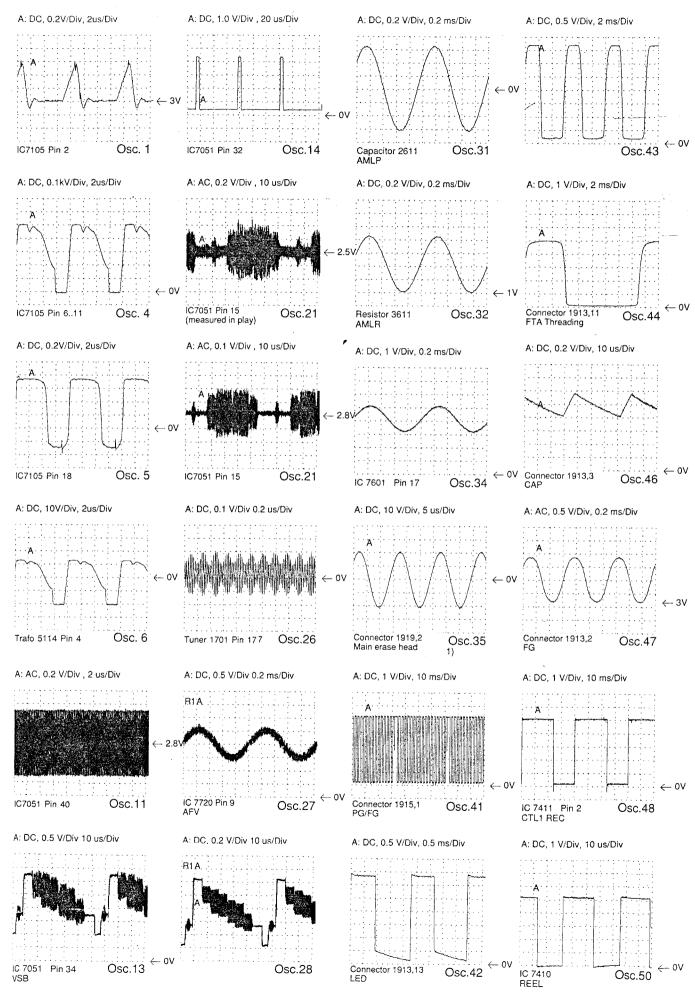
A: DC, 0.5 V/Div 10 u



IC 7051 Pin 34

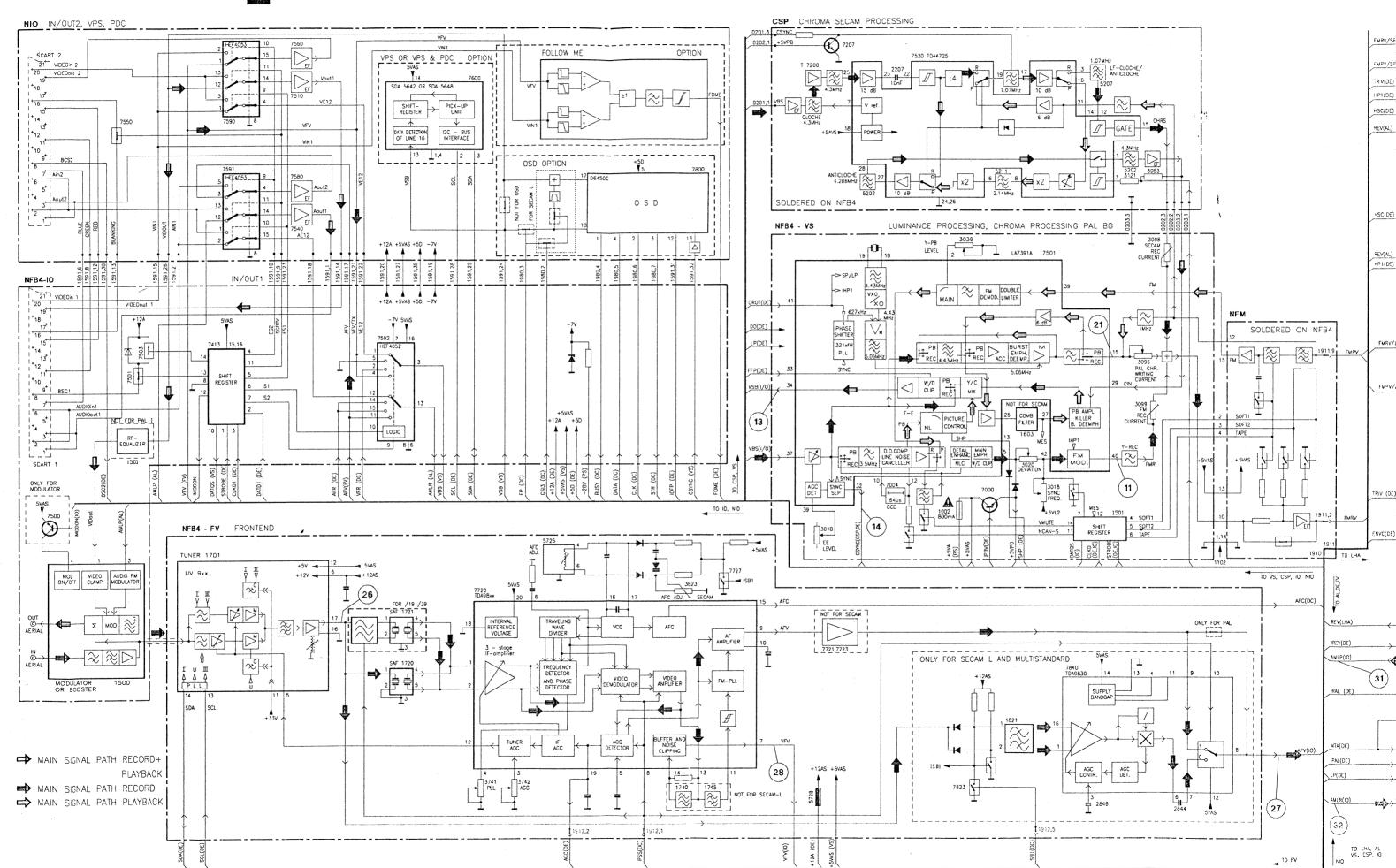
PCS 74505

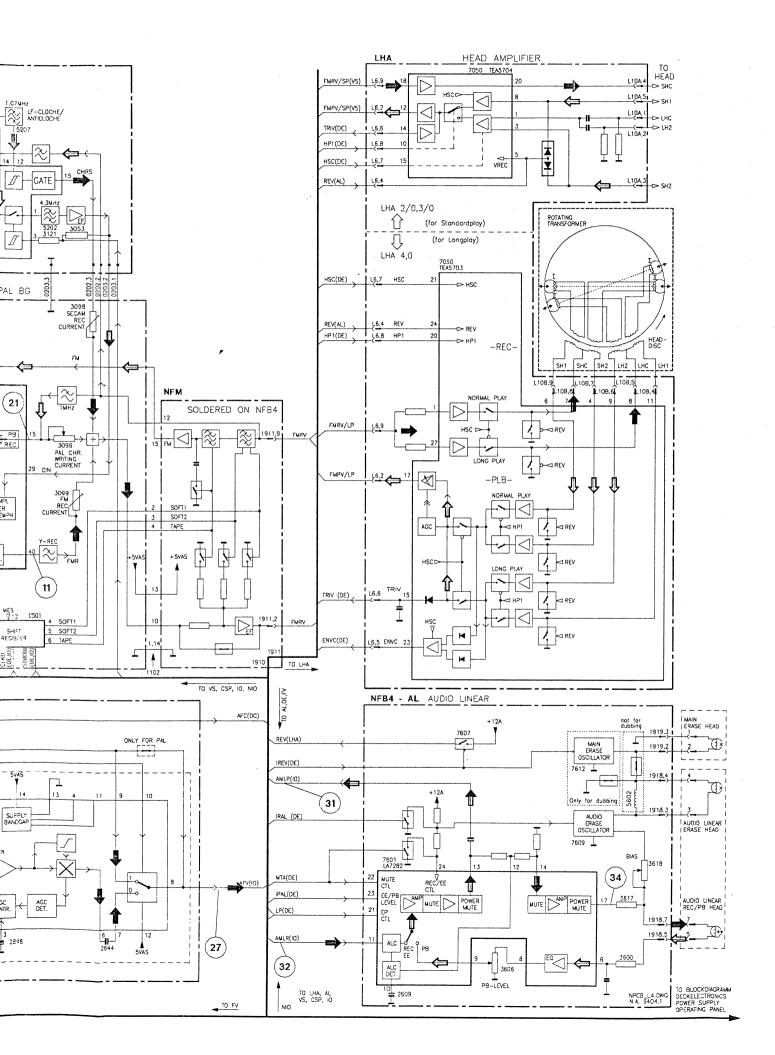
OSCILLOGRAMS BLOCK DIAGRAM

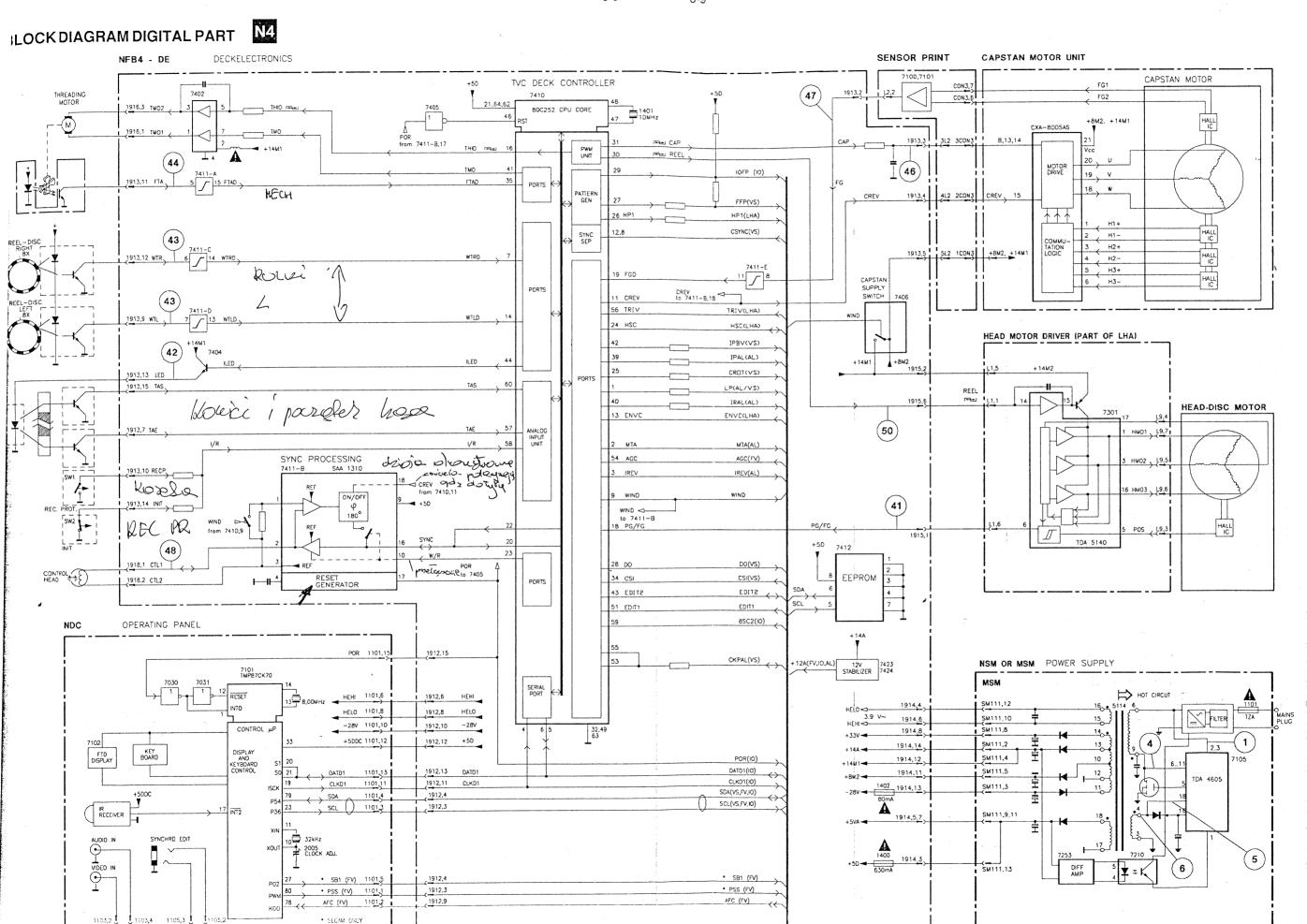


PCS 74506

BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALOG PART N







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VFR (IO)

TO BLOCKDIAGRAM

ANALOG PART

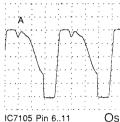
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AFR (10) EDIT1 (DE)

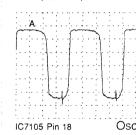
OSCILLOGRAM



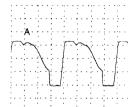
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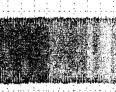
A: DC, 0.2V/Div, 2us/Div



A: DC, 10V/Div, 2us/Div



A: AC, 0.2 V/Div, 2 us/Div



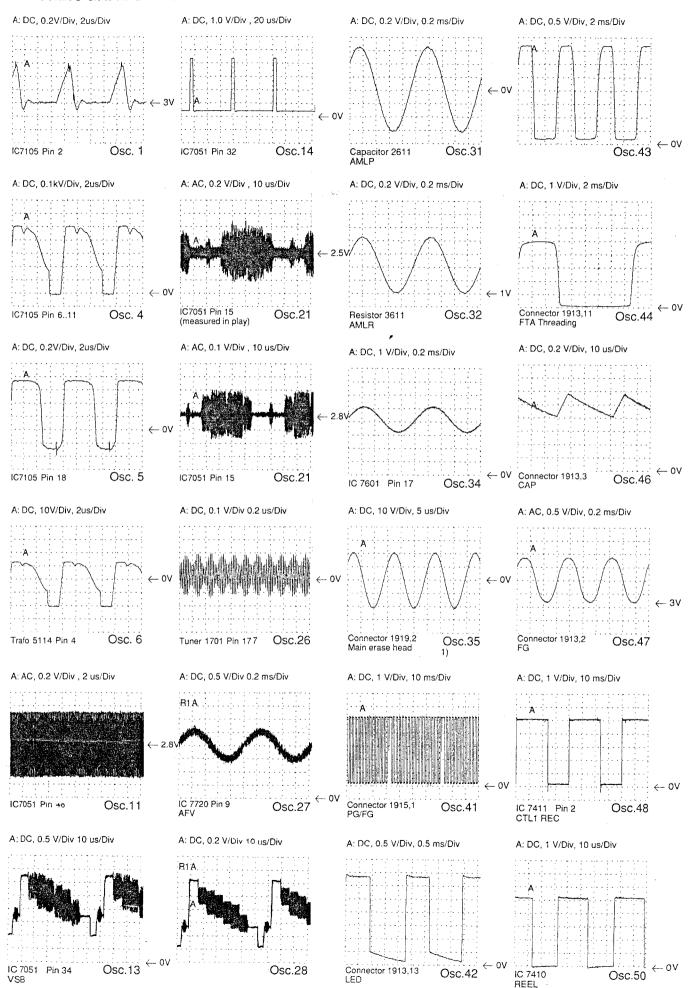
IC7051 Pin 40

A: DC, 0.5 V/Div 10 us/Div



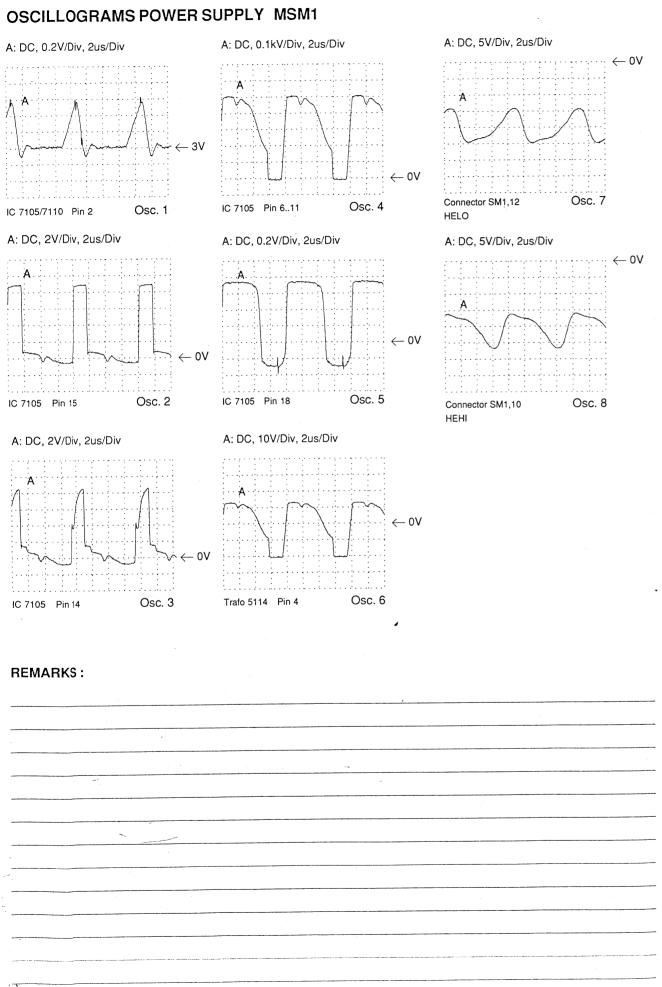
IC 7051 Pin 34

OSCILLOGRAMS BLOCK DIAGRAM

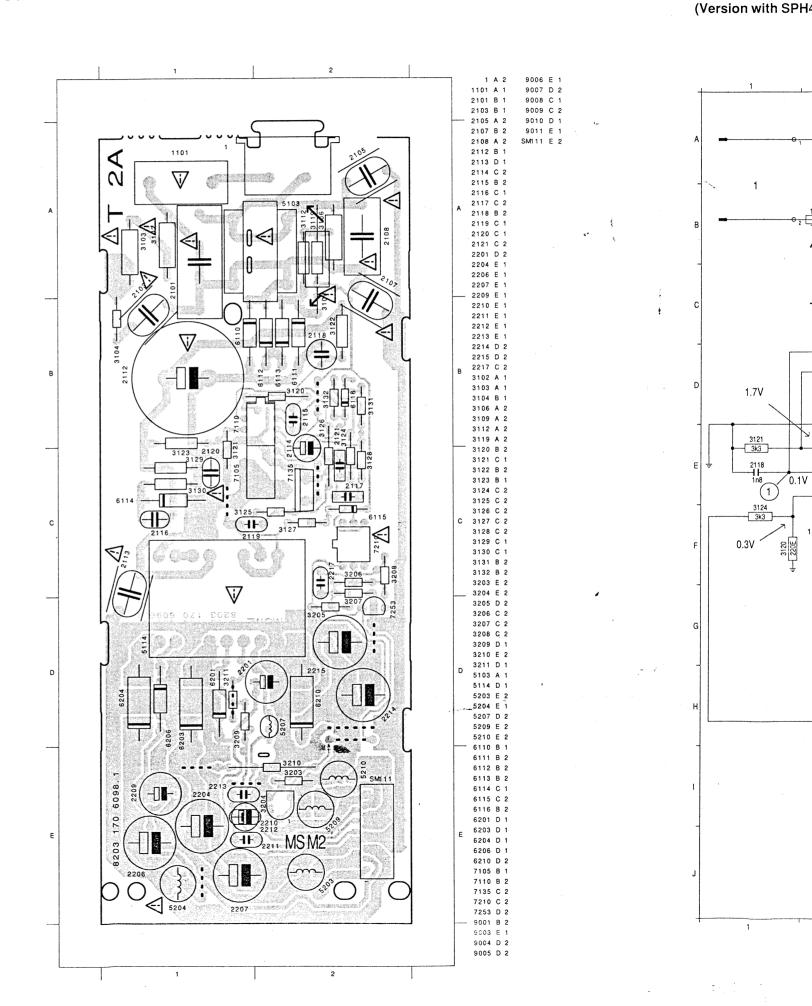


POWER SUPPL

PCS 74508

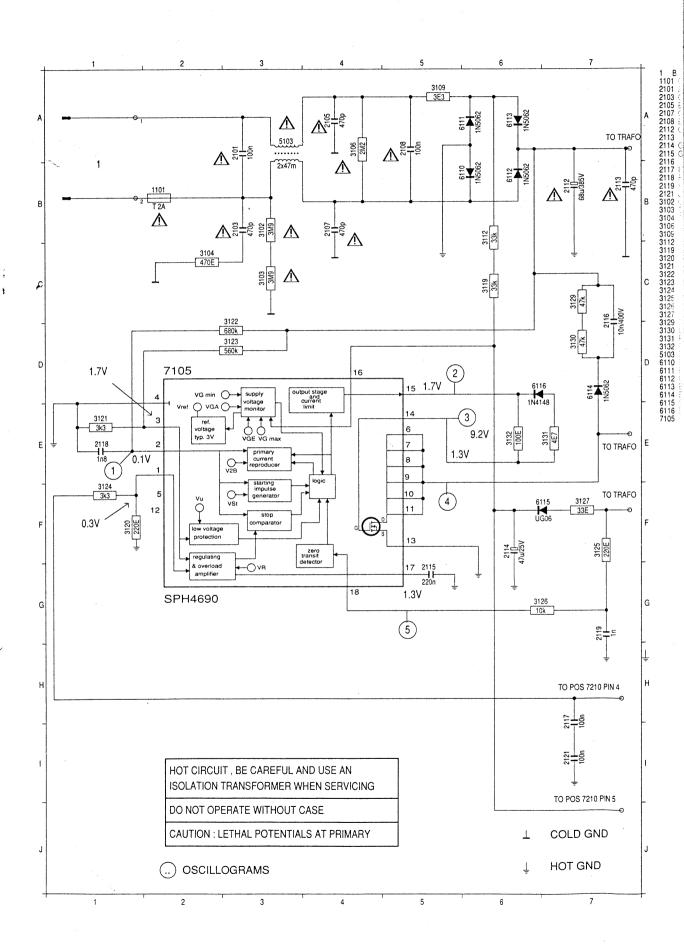


POWER SUPPLY MSM1



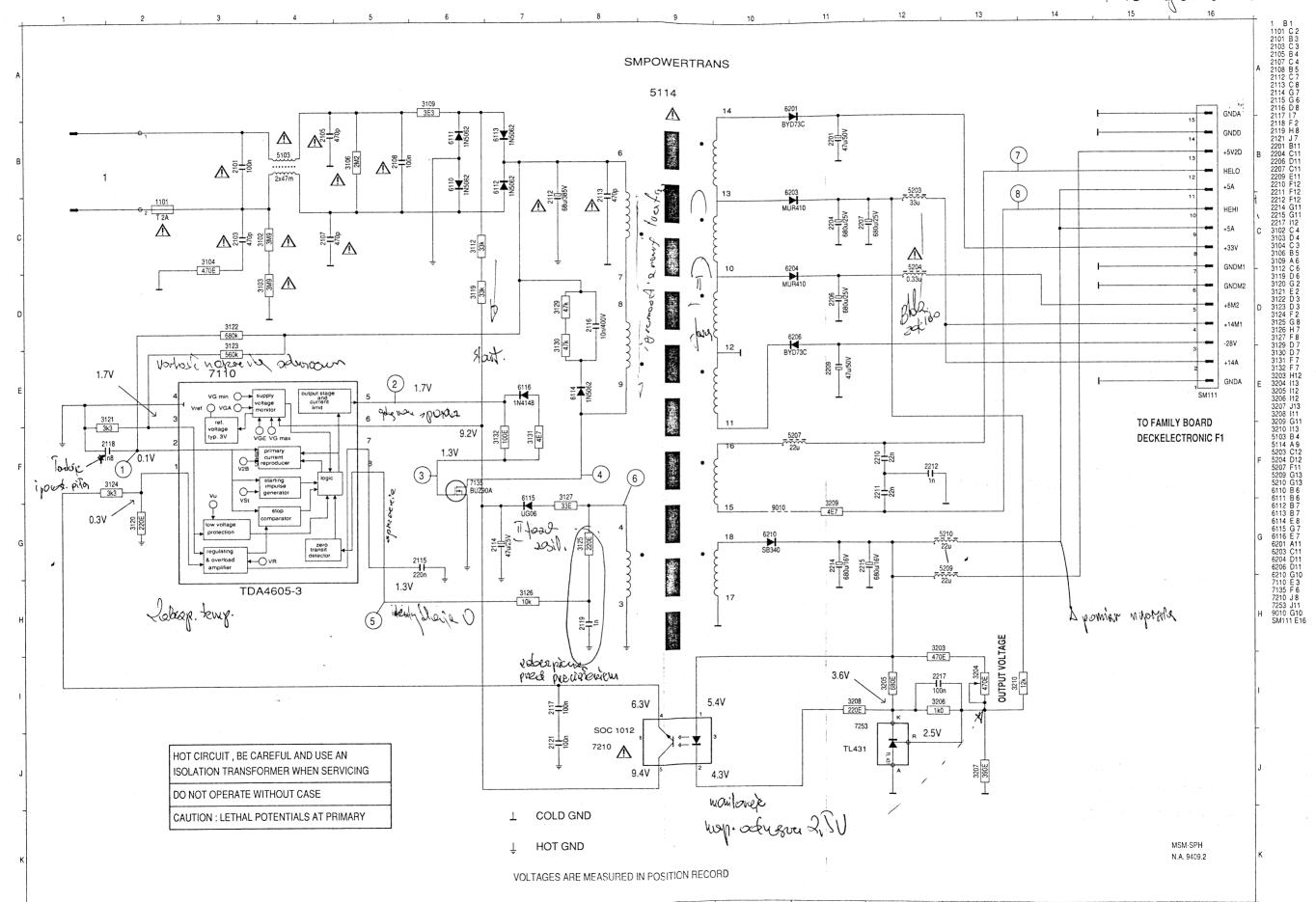
POWER SUPPLY MSM

(Version with SPH4690 IC7105, primary part)

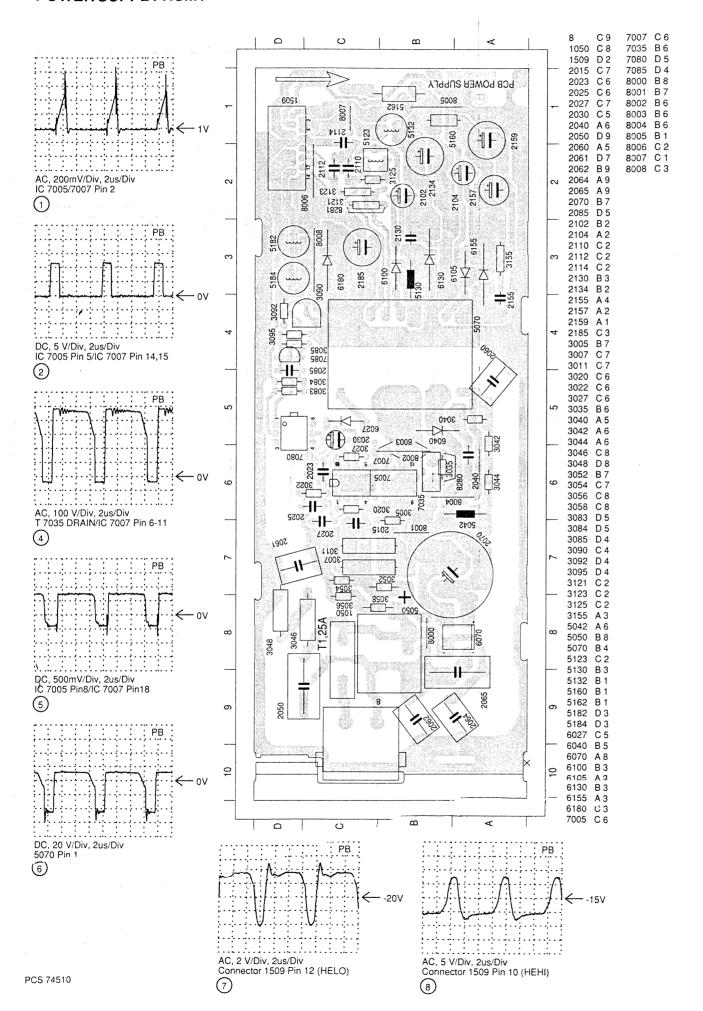


(Version with TDA4605 IC7110)

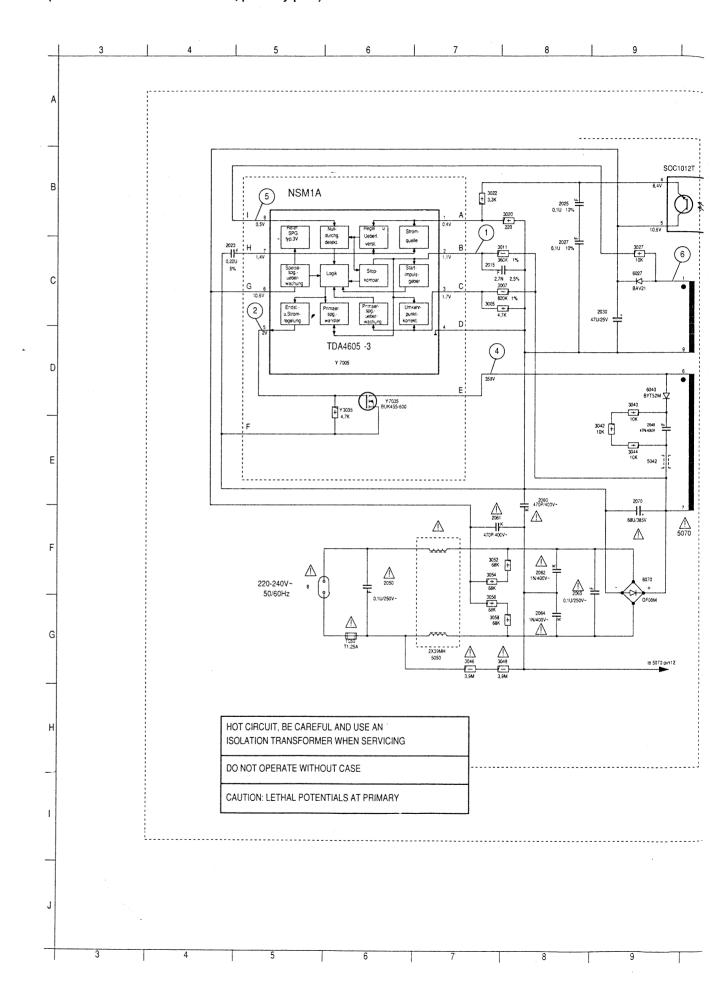
40V OSAS V H - 20 So 220 KHZ 265 V 78% spraarosi 14 15 16



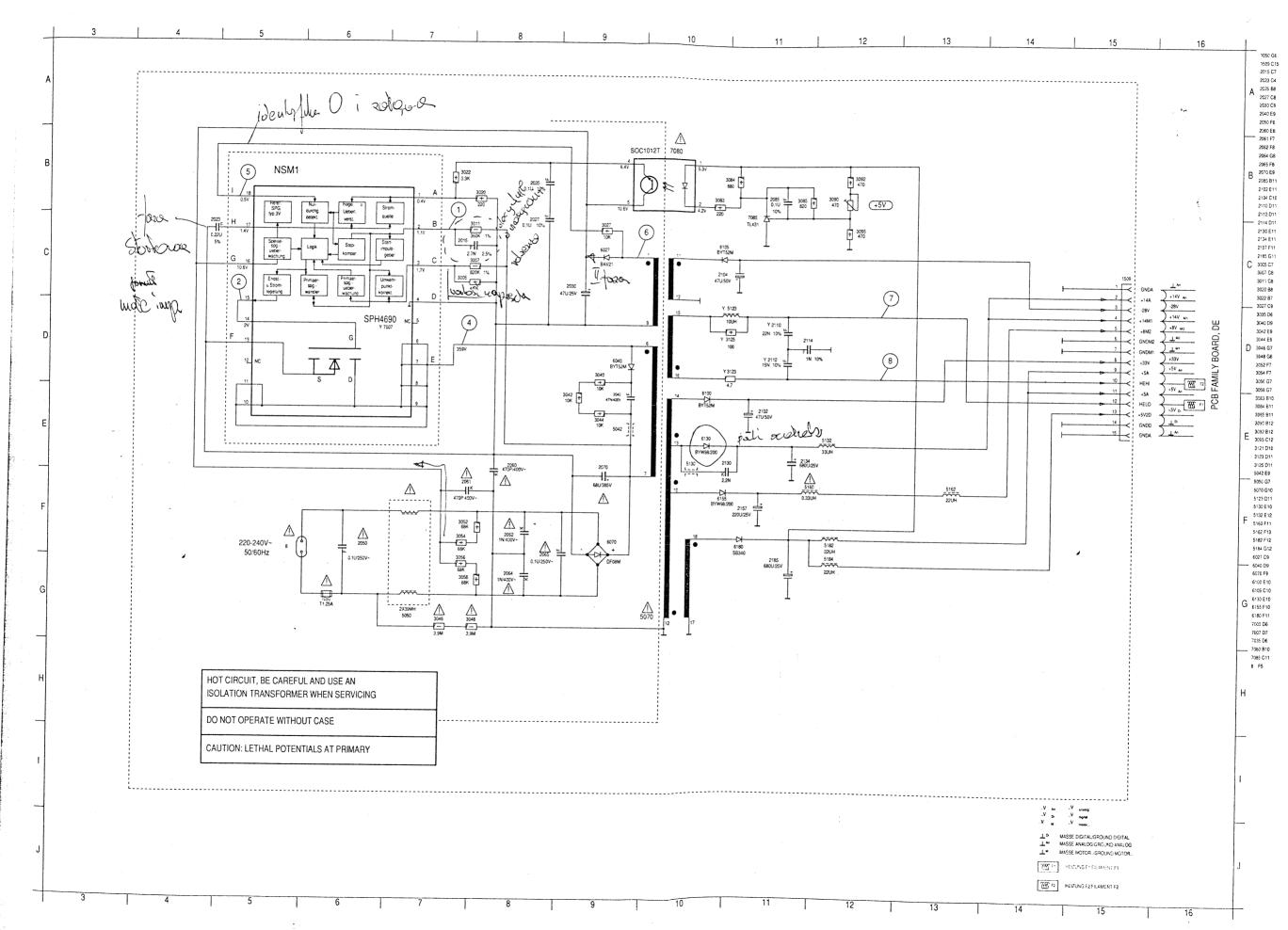
POWER SUPPLY NSM1



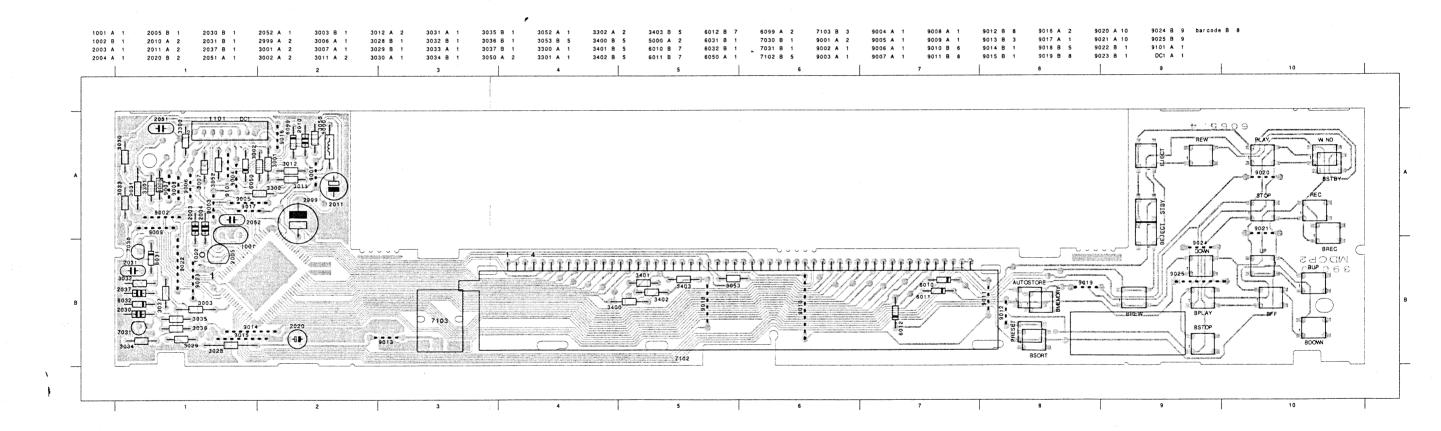
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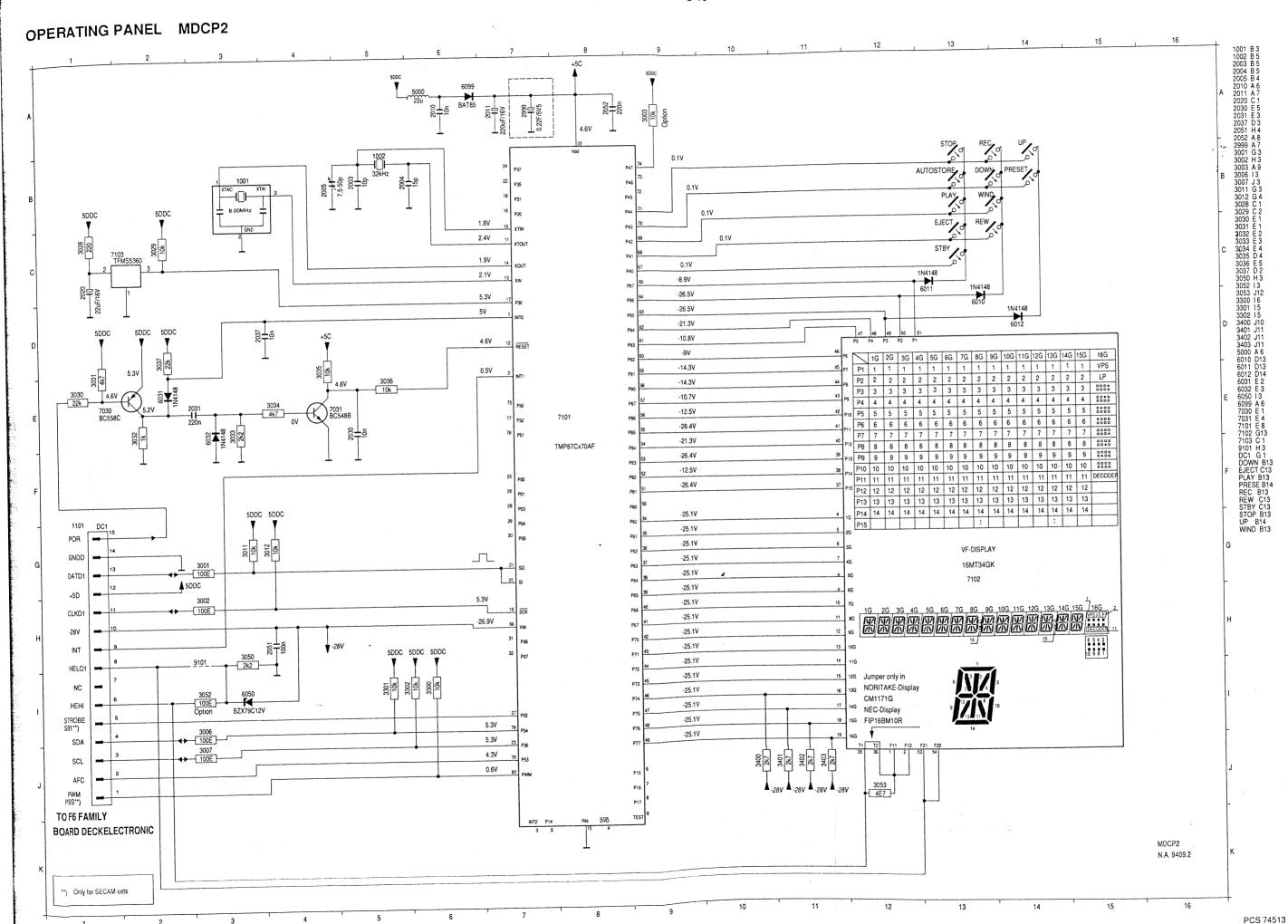


(Version with SPH4690 IC7007)

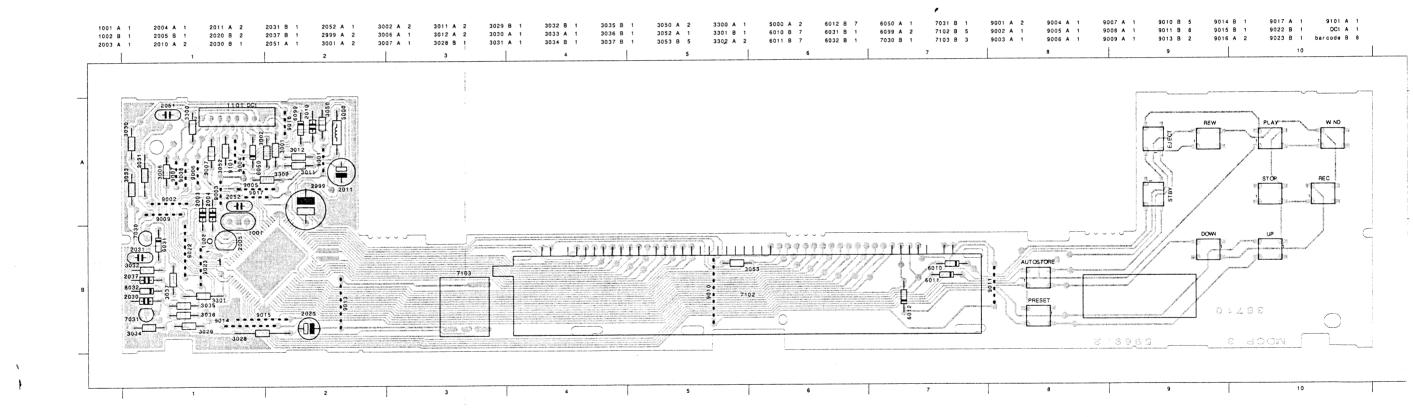


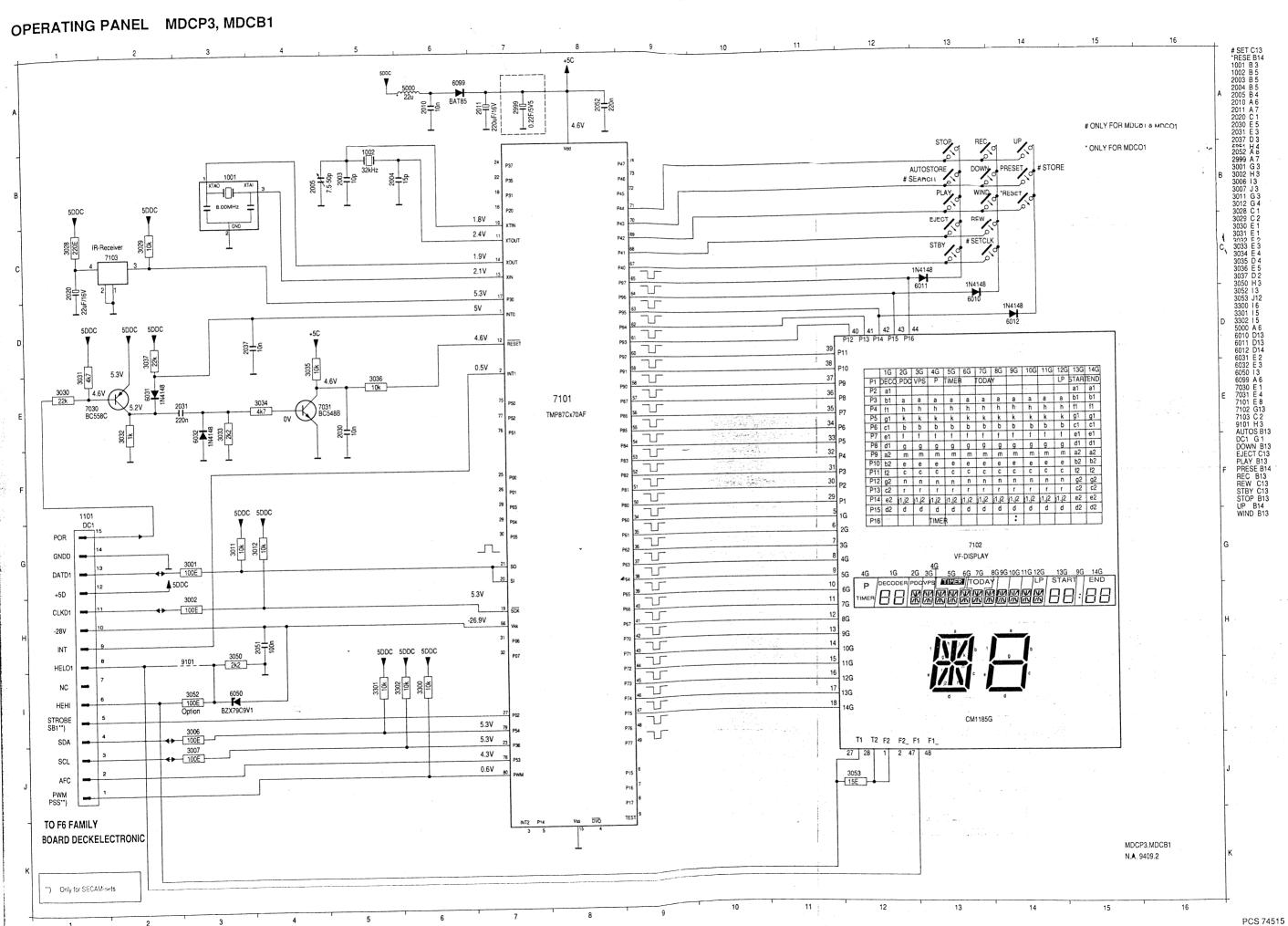
OSi





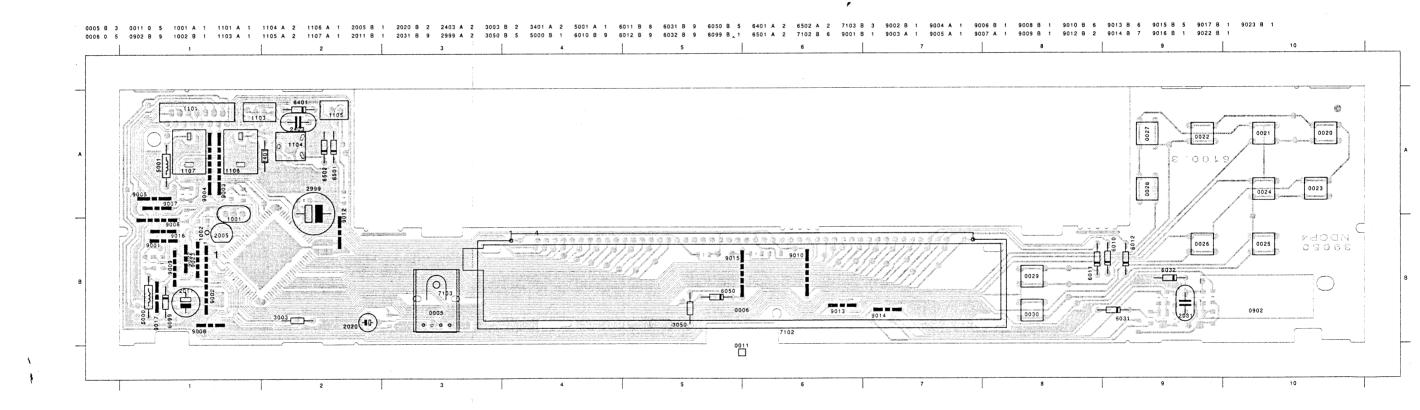
OPERATING PANEL MDCP3, MDCB1





4513

OPERATING PANEL NDCP4



3-19

OPERATING PANEL NDCP4

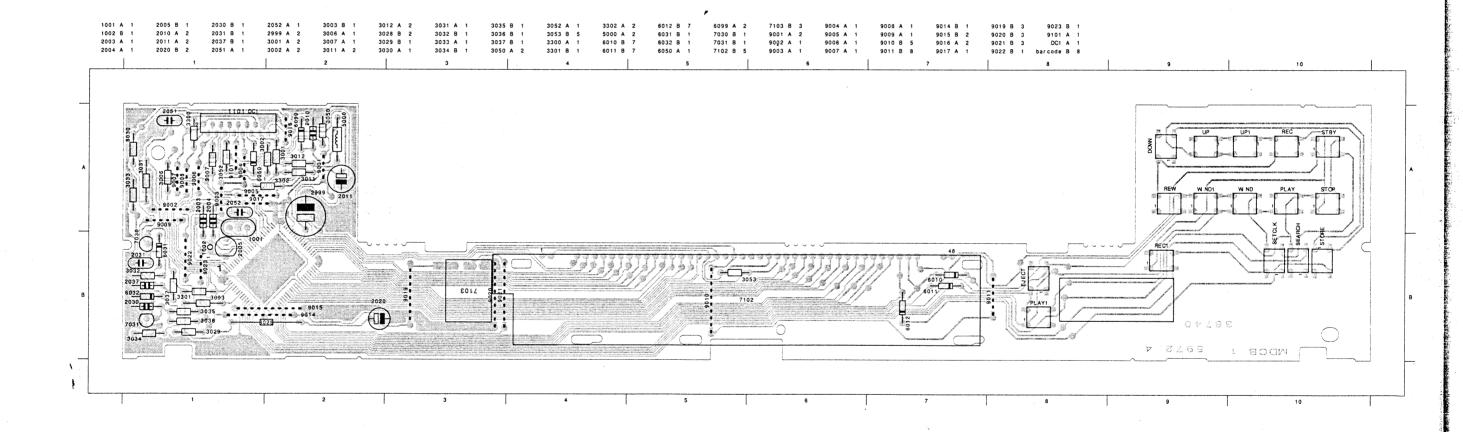
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PCS 74517

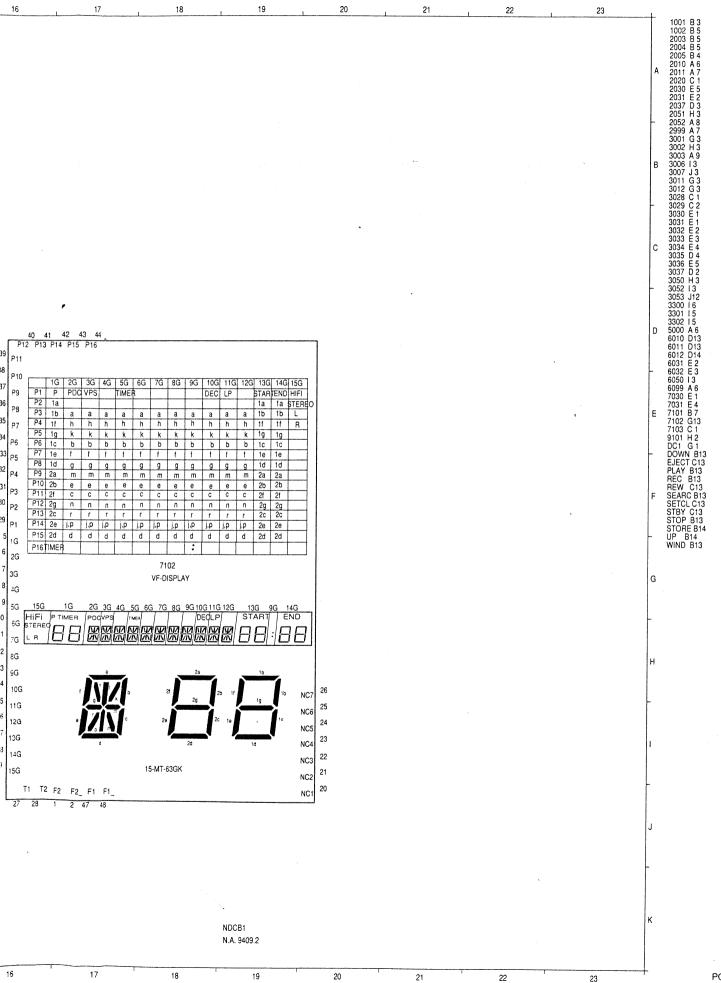
15

OPERATING PANEL NDCB1



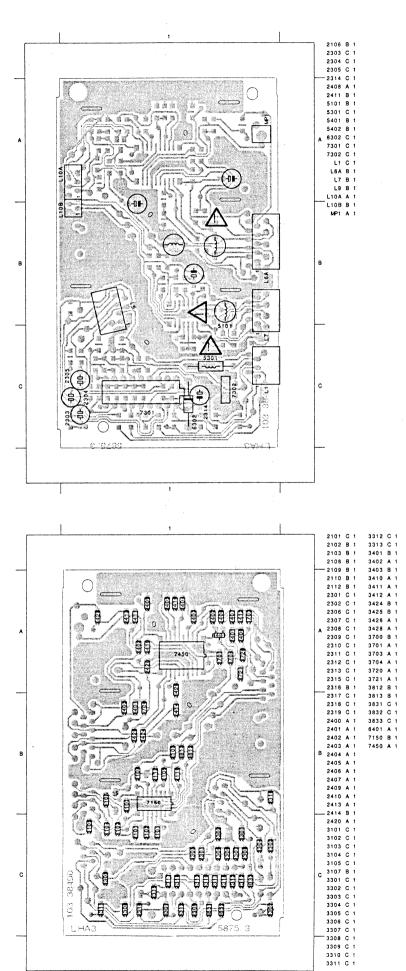
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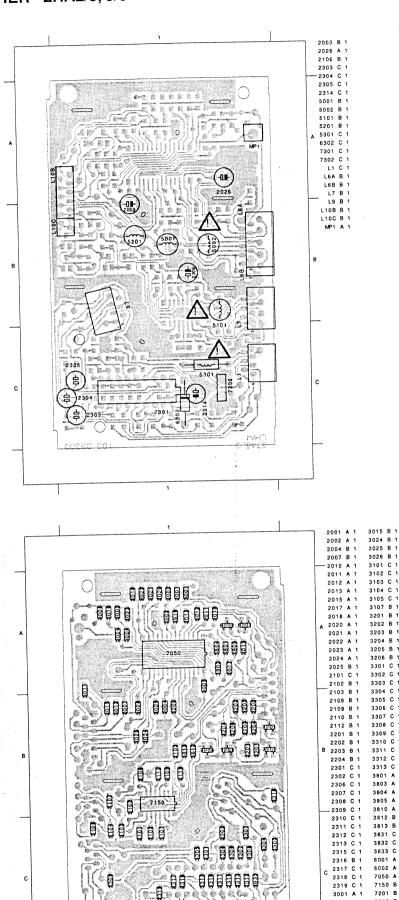
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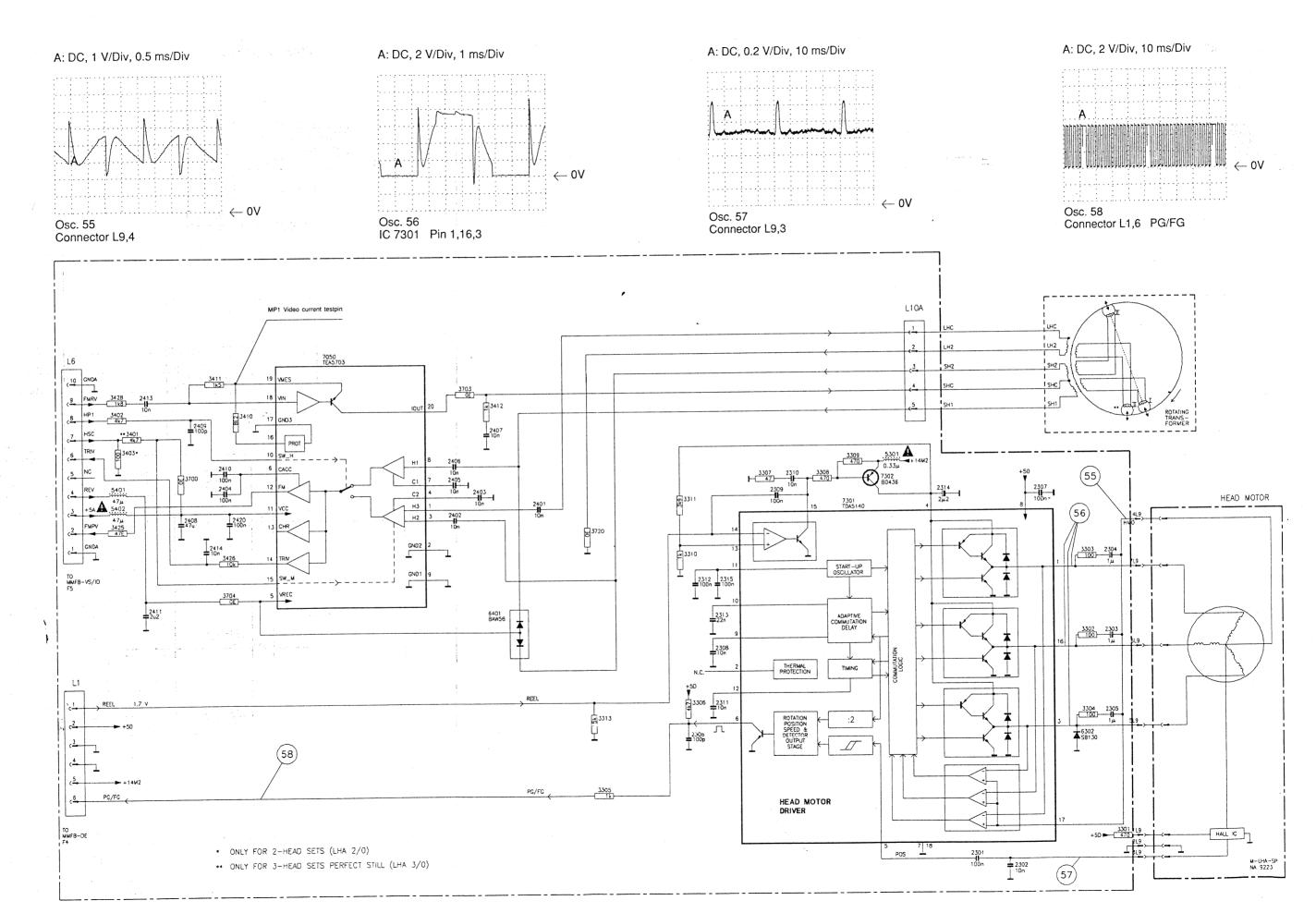


PCS 74519

3-24 HEAD AMPLIFIER LHA4/0

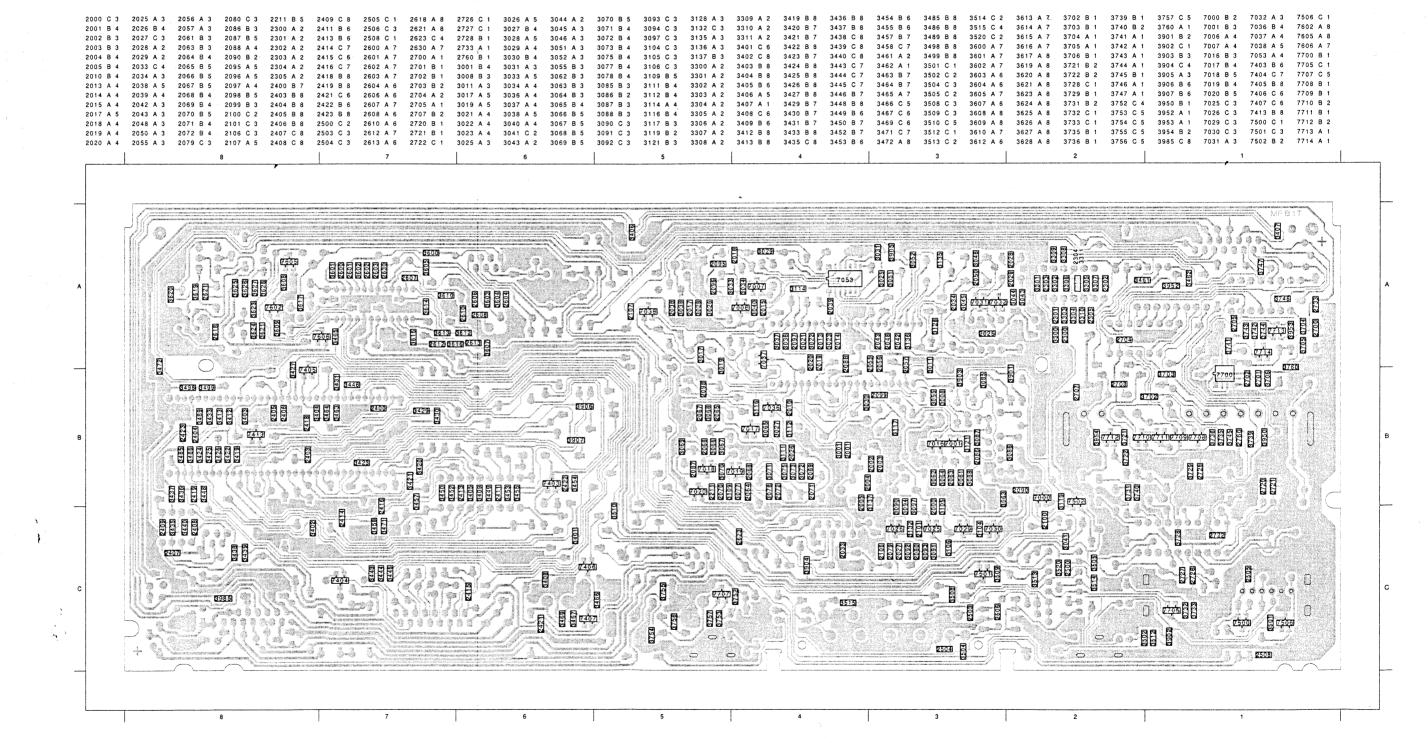


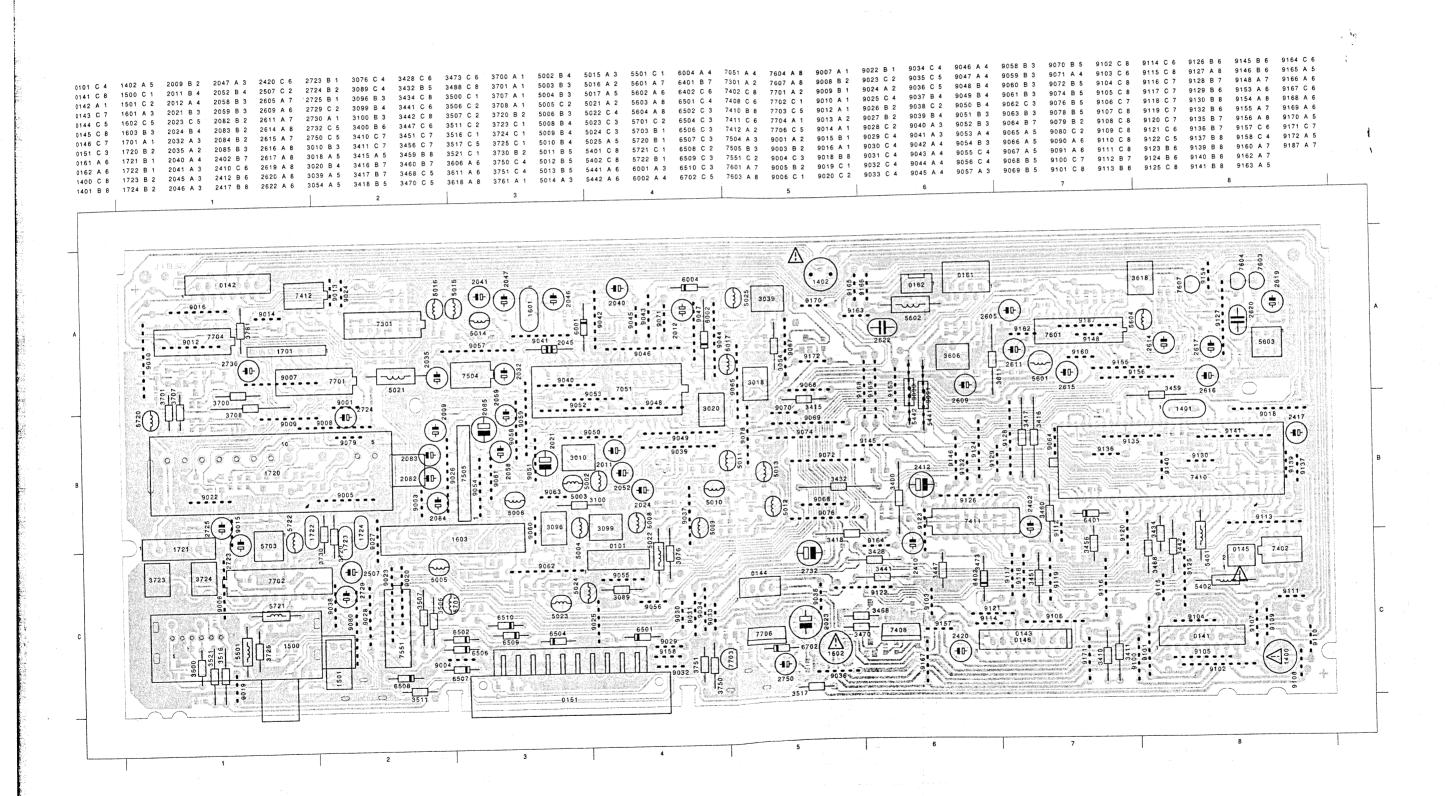




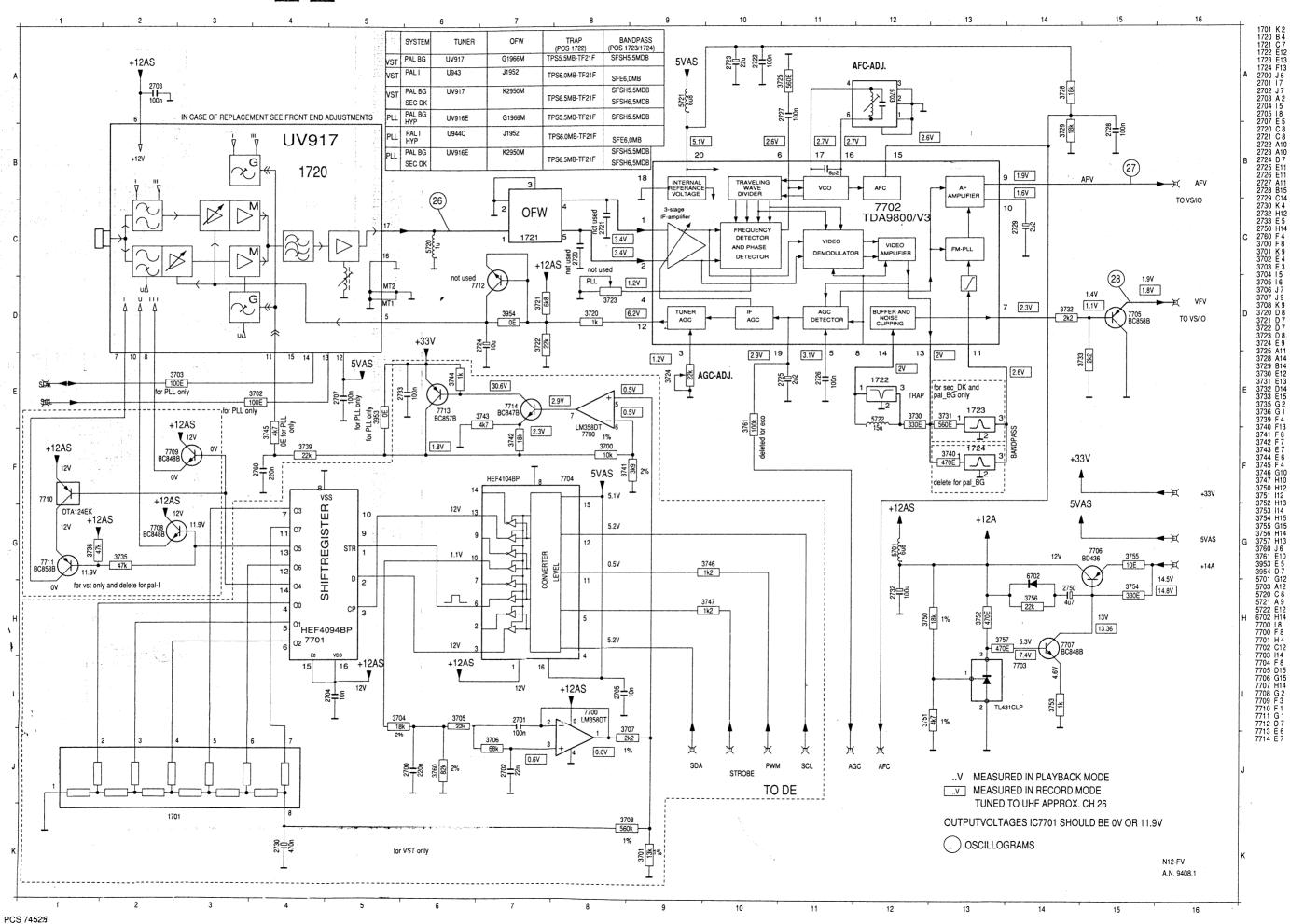
FAMILY BOARD NI NE

"INSERTED COMPONENTS ARE DEPENDENT ON THE SET TYPE"





FAMILY BOARD FRONT END - FV 10 12

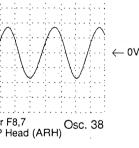




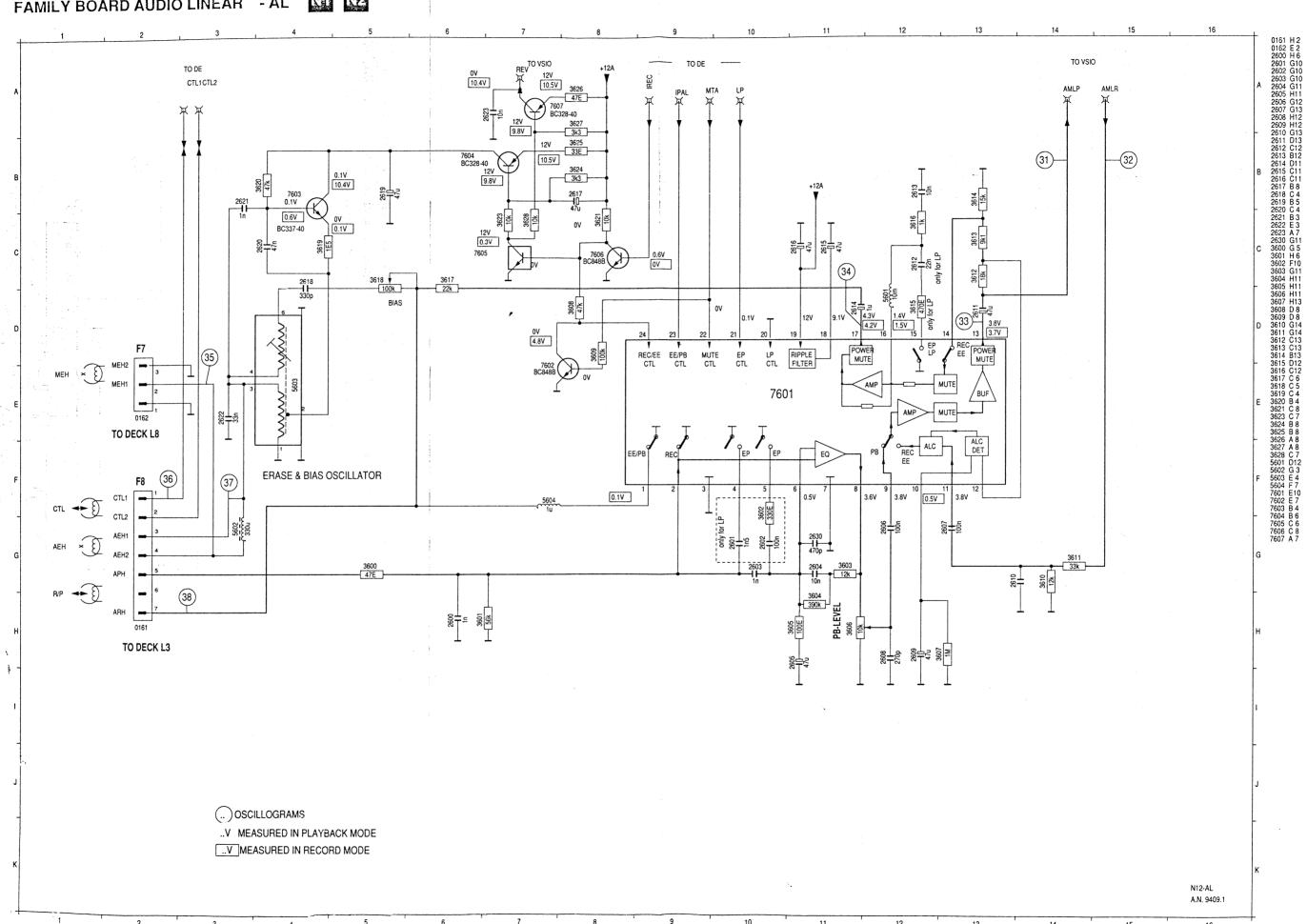
Div, 10 ms/Div F8,1 Osc. 36 V/Div, 5 us/Div

F8,3 Osc. 37 se head (AEH1)

V/Div, 5 us/Div



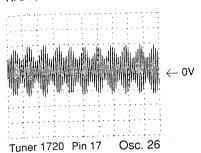
rams are measured in Record.



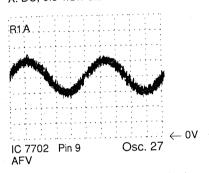
PCS 74527

OSCILLOGRAMS FRONTEND - FV

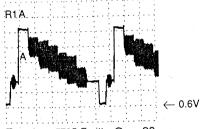
A: DC, 0.1 V/Div 0.2 us/Div



A: DC, 0.5 V/Div 0.2 ms/Div



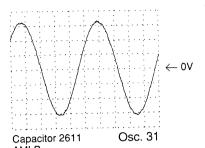
A: DC, 0.2 V/Div 10 us/Div



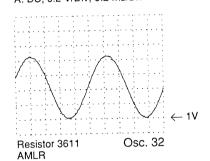
Transistor 7705-Emitter Osc. 28 VFV

OSCILLOGRAMS AUDIO LINEAR - AL

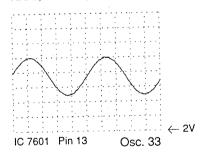
A: DC, 0.2 V/Div, 0.2 ms/Div



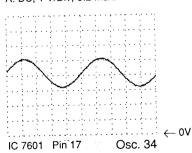
A: DC, 0.2 V/Div, 0.2 ms/Div



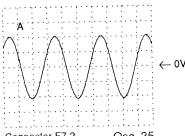
A: DC, 0.5 V/Div, 0.2 ms/Div



A: DC, 1 V/Div, 0.2 ms/Div

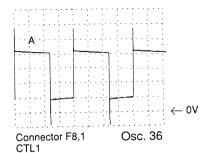


A: DC, 0.1 V/Div, 5 us/Div

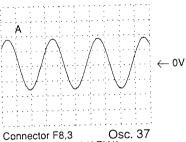


Connector F7,2 Osc. 35 Main erase head (MEH1)

A: DC, 1 V/Div, 10 ms/Div

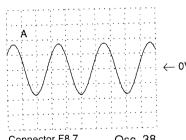


A: DC, 20 V/Div, 5 us/Div



Audio erase head (AEH1)

A: DC, 10 V/Div, 5 us/Div



Connector F8,7 Osc. 38 Audio R/P Head (ARH)

Oscillograms are measured in Position Record .

FAM

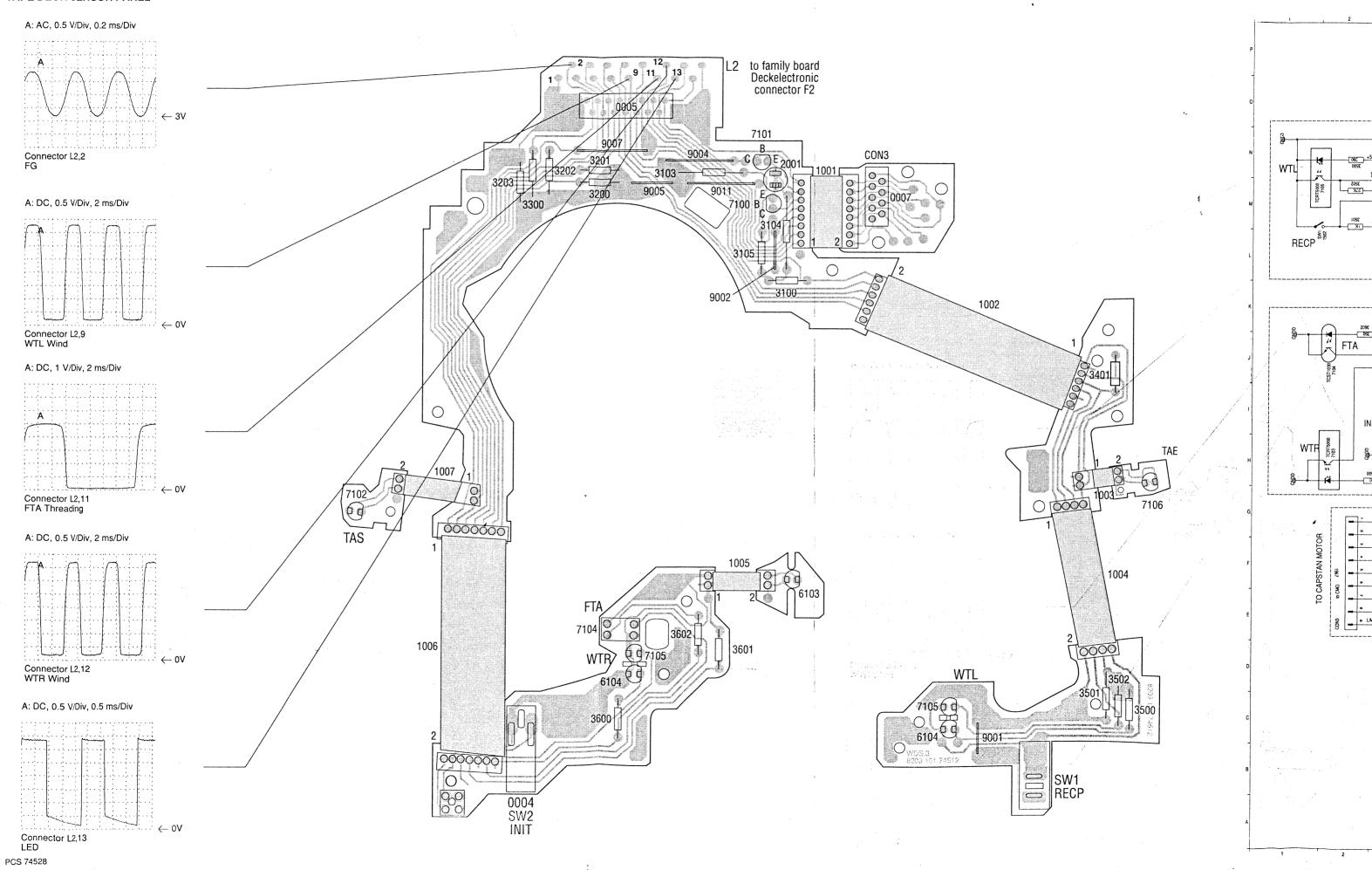
D

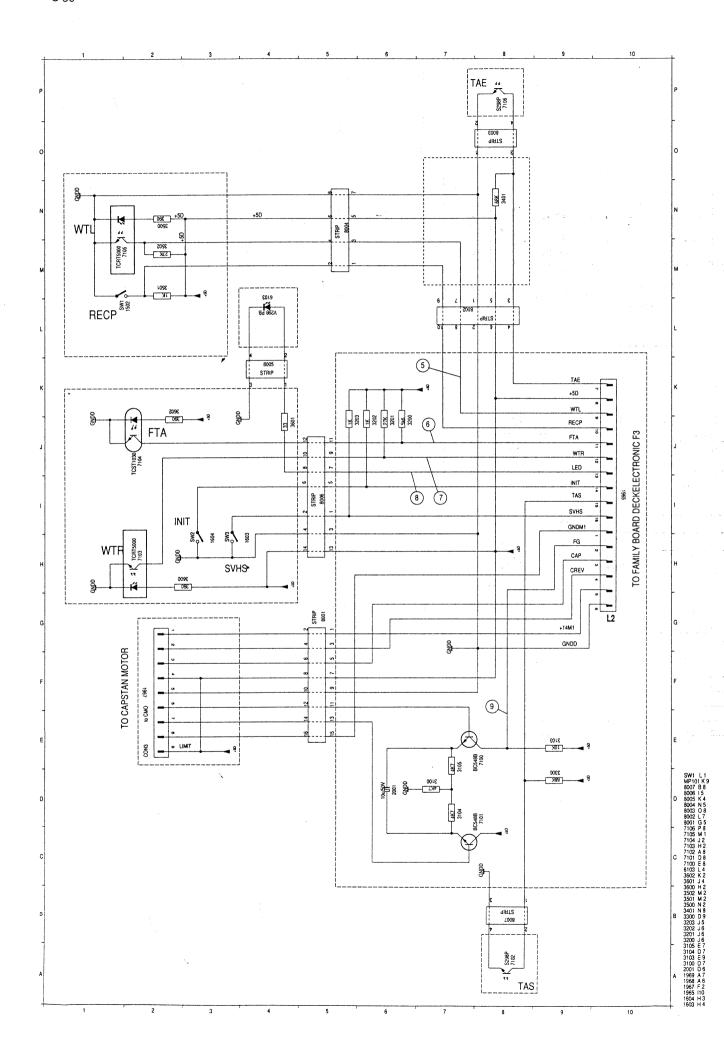
7

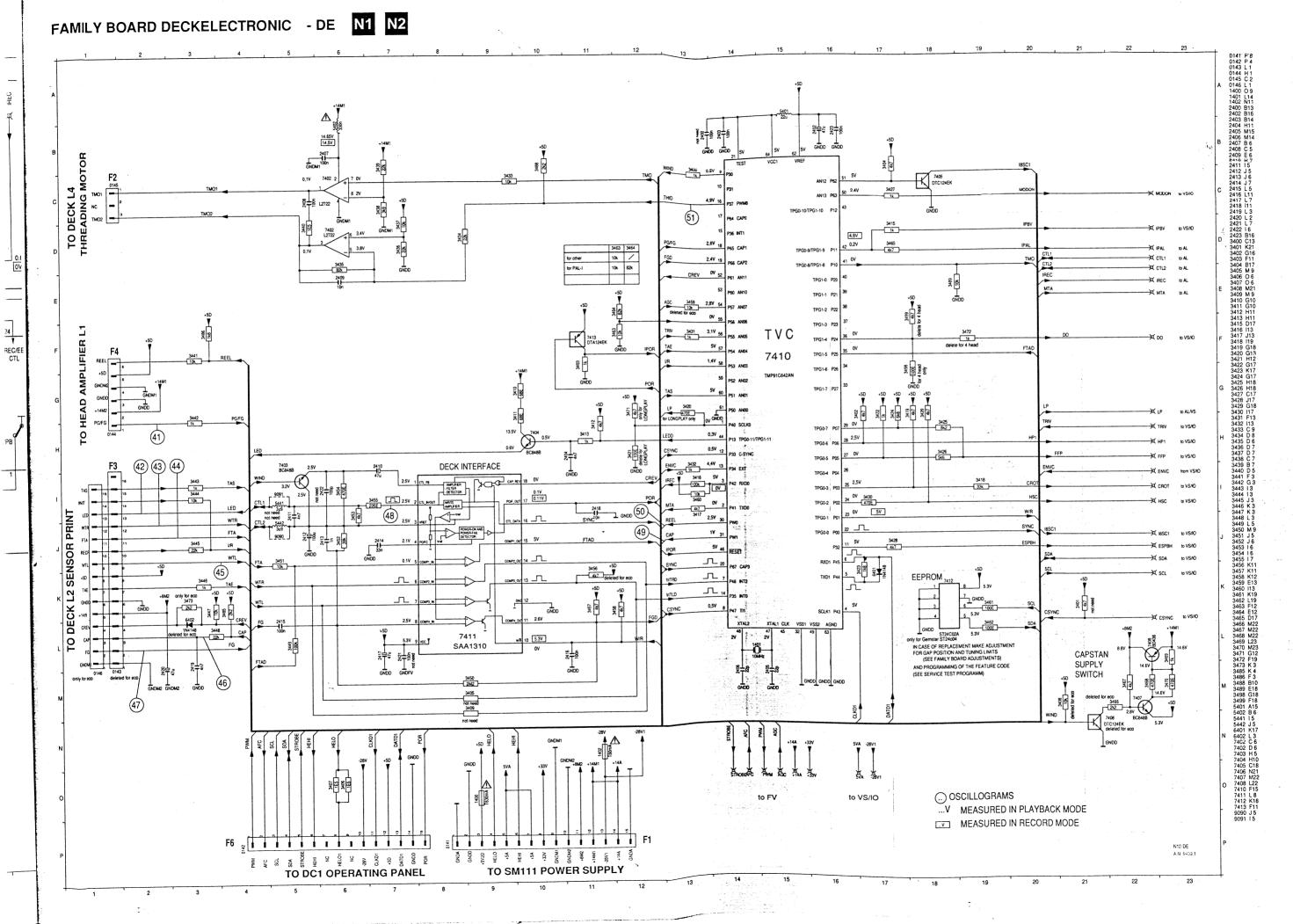
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TAPE DECK SENSOR PANEL



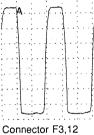




OSCILLOGR

A: DC, 1 V/Div, 10 m Connector F4,1 PG/FG

Connector F3,13 LED



WTR Wind

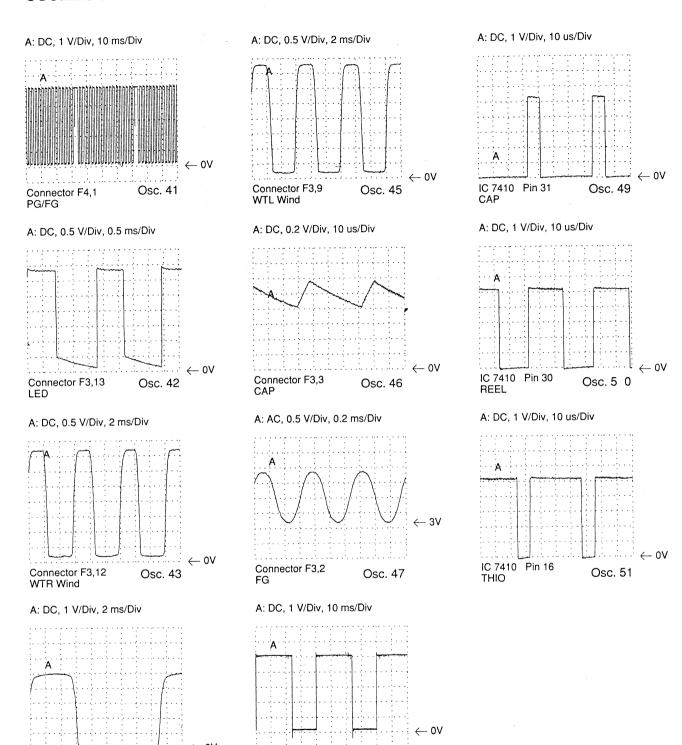
Connector F3,11 FTA Threading

OSCILLOGRAMS DECKELECTRONIC - DE

Connector F3,11

FTA Threading

Osc. 44

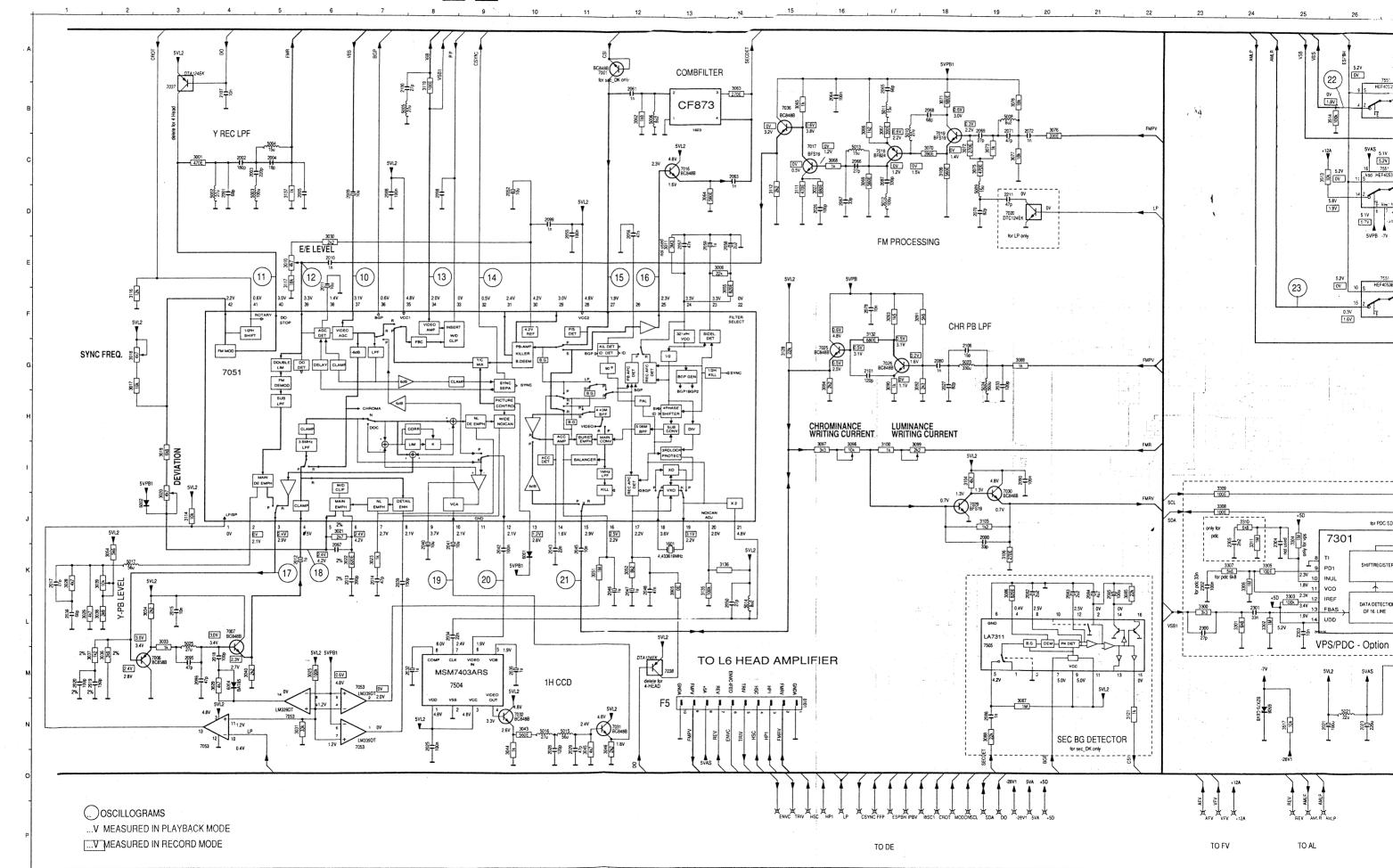


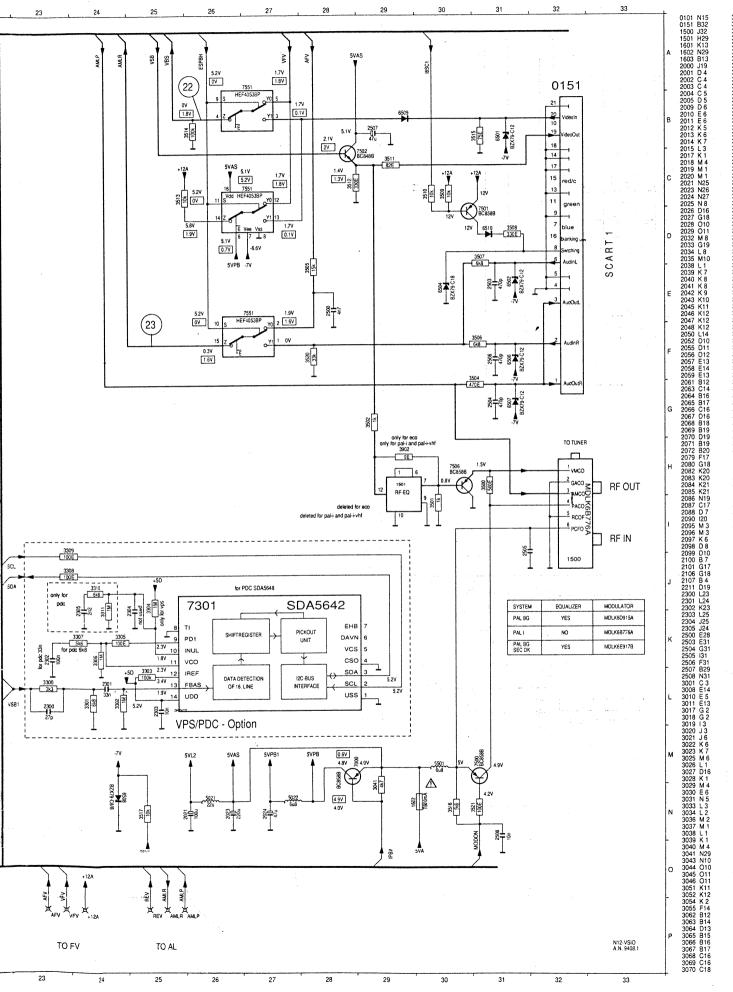
IC 7411 Pin 2

CTL1 REC

Osc. 48

FAMILY BOARD VIDEOSIGNALPROCESSING, IN/OUT - VSIO N1 N2





9071 B18
9072 C18
9072 C18
9072 C18
9072 C18
9072 C18
9072 C18
9073 C19
9076 B20
9075 C19
9076 B20
9078 C19
9076 B20
9078 C19
9078 B19
907

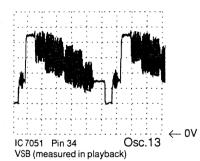
Osc. 11

A: AC, 50 mV/Div, 20 us/Div

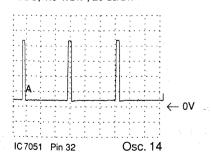
IC 7051 Pin 40

Osc. 12 IC 7051 Pin 39 (measured in playback)

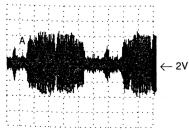
A: DC, 0.5 V/Div 10 us/Div



A: DC, 1.0 V/Div , 20 us/Div

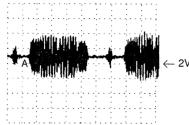


A: AC, 50 mV/Div , 5 ms/Div



IC 7051 Pin 27 (measured in playback)

A: DC, 0.5 V/Div, 10 us/Div



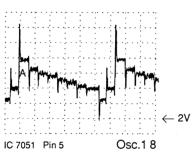
IC 7051 Pin 25 (measured in playback)

A: AC, 0.1 V/Div , 10 us/Div

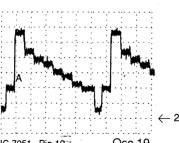
← 2.5V

IC 7051 Pin 3 Osc. 17 (measured in playback)

A: DC, 0.2 V/Div , 10 us/Div



A: AC, 0.1 V/Div , 10 us/Div

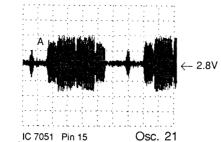


IC 7051 Pin 10 (measured in playback)

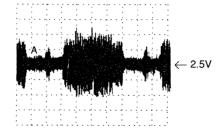
A: AC, 0.1 V/Div , 10 us/Div

IC 7051 Pin 12 Osc. 20 (measured in playback)

A: AC, 0.1 V/Div , 10 us/Div

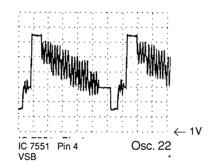


A: AC, 0.2 V/Div , 10 us/Div

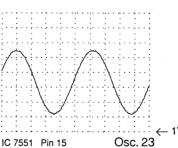


IC 7051 Pin 15 (measured in playback)

A: DC, 0.2 V/Div 10 us/Div



A: DC, 0.2 V/Div 0.2 ms/Div

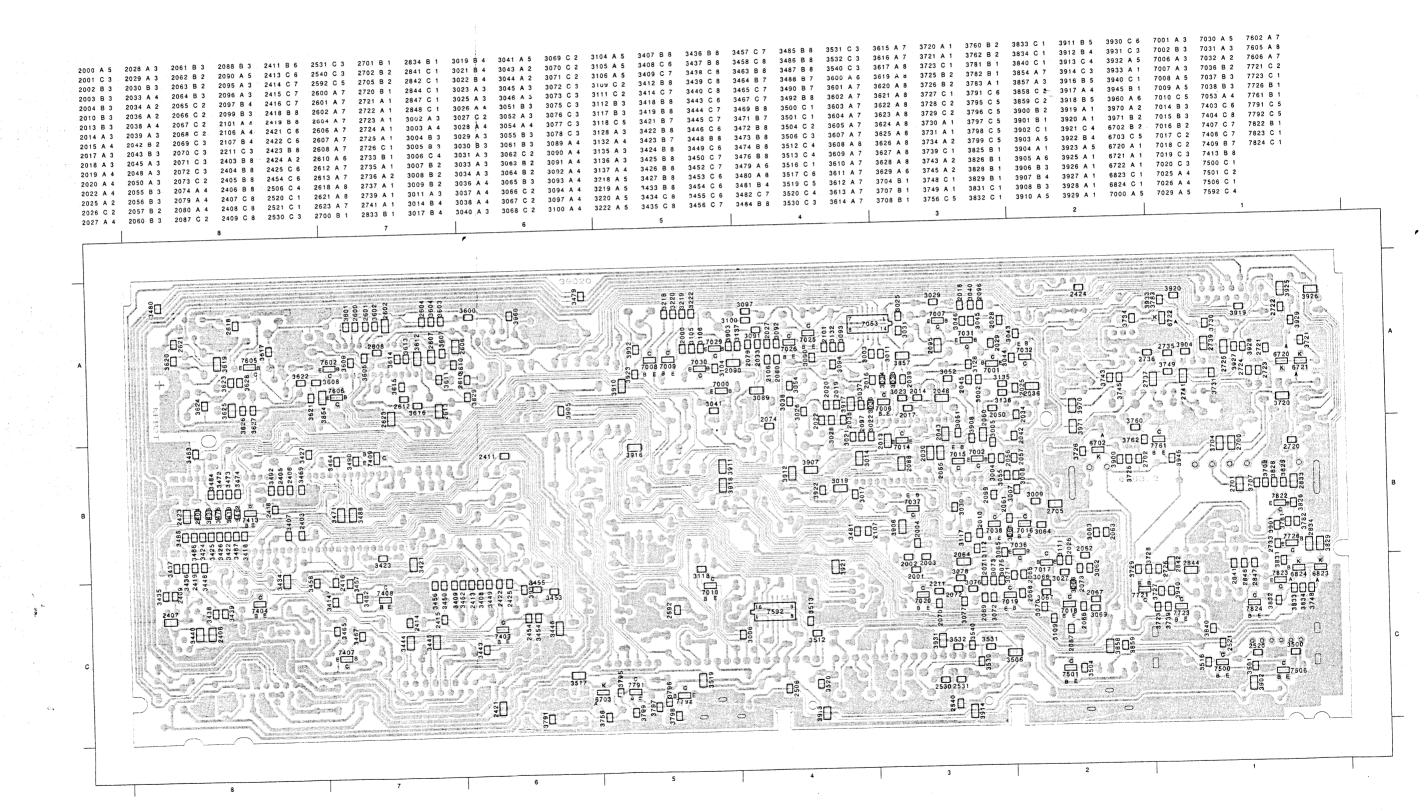


IC 7551 Pin 15

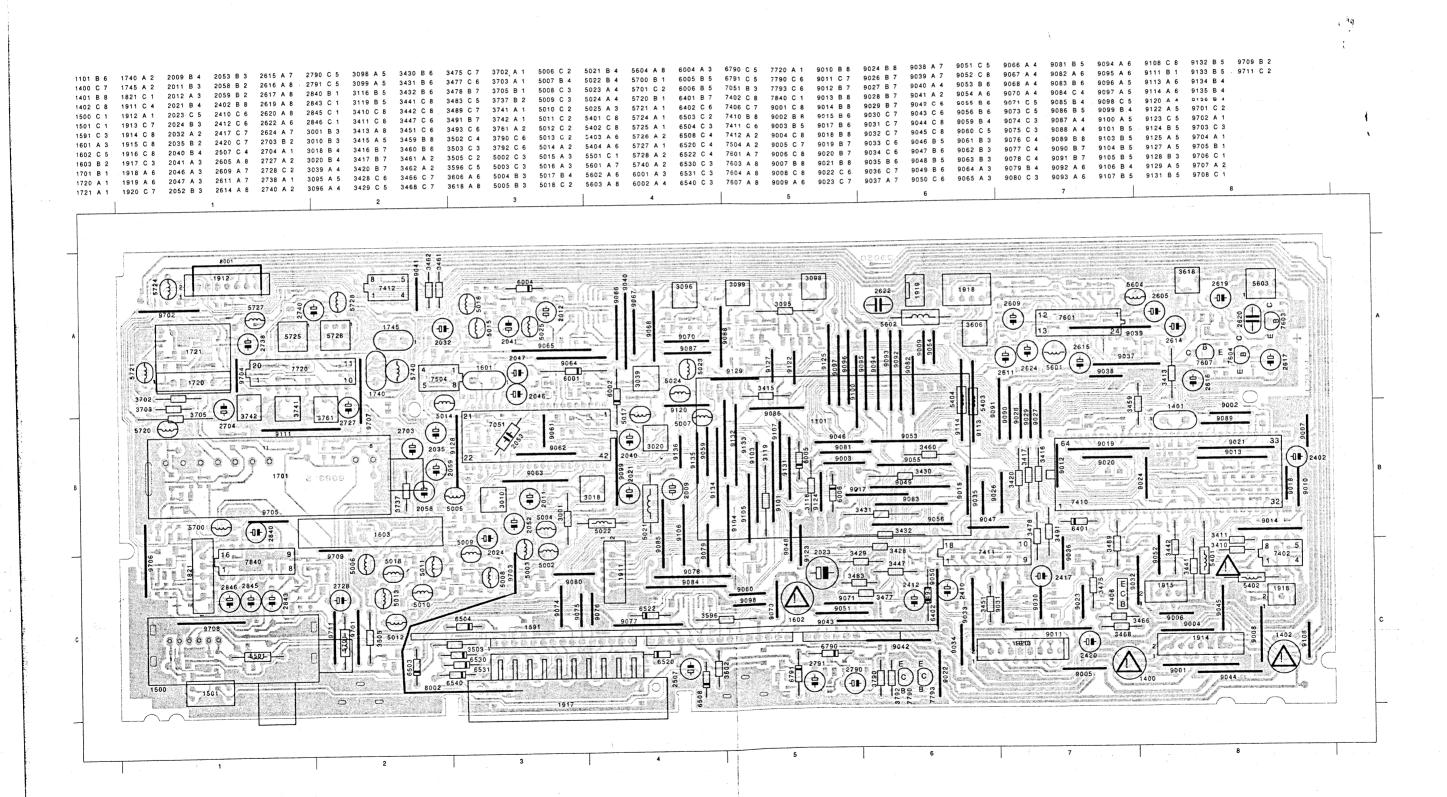
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PCS 74531

FAMILY BOARD N3 N5

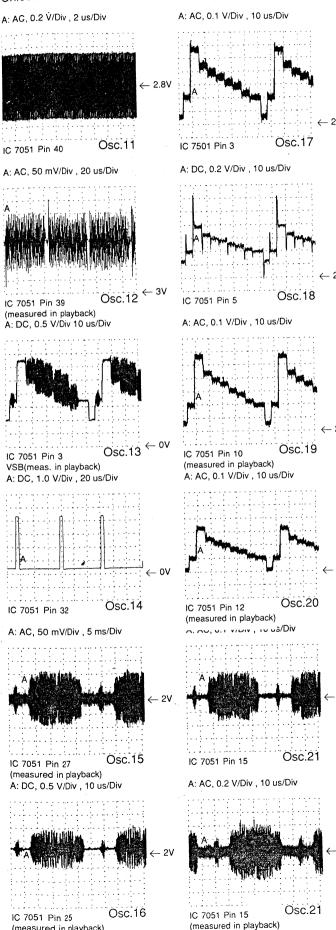


3-35



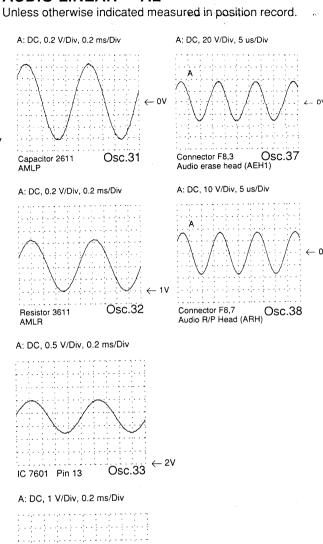
OSCILLOGRAMS VIDEOSIGNALPROCESSING -VS

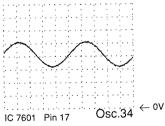
Unless otherwise indicated measured in position record.

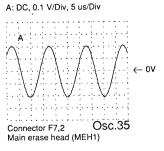


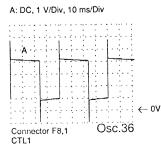
(measured in playback)

OSCILLOGRAMS AUDIO LINEAR -AL

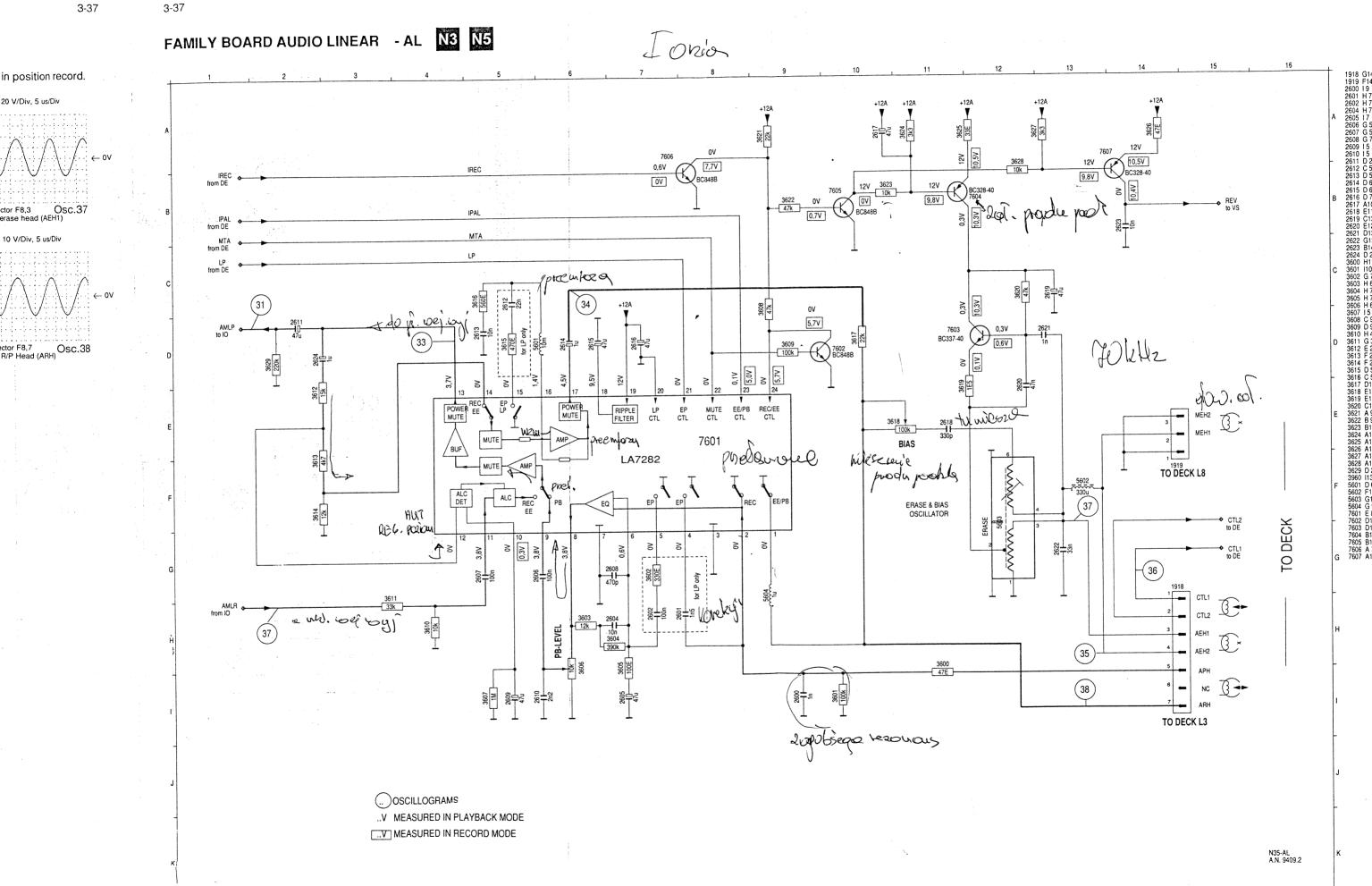


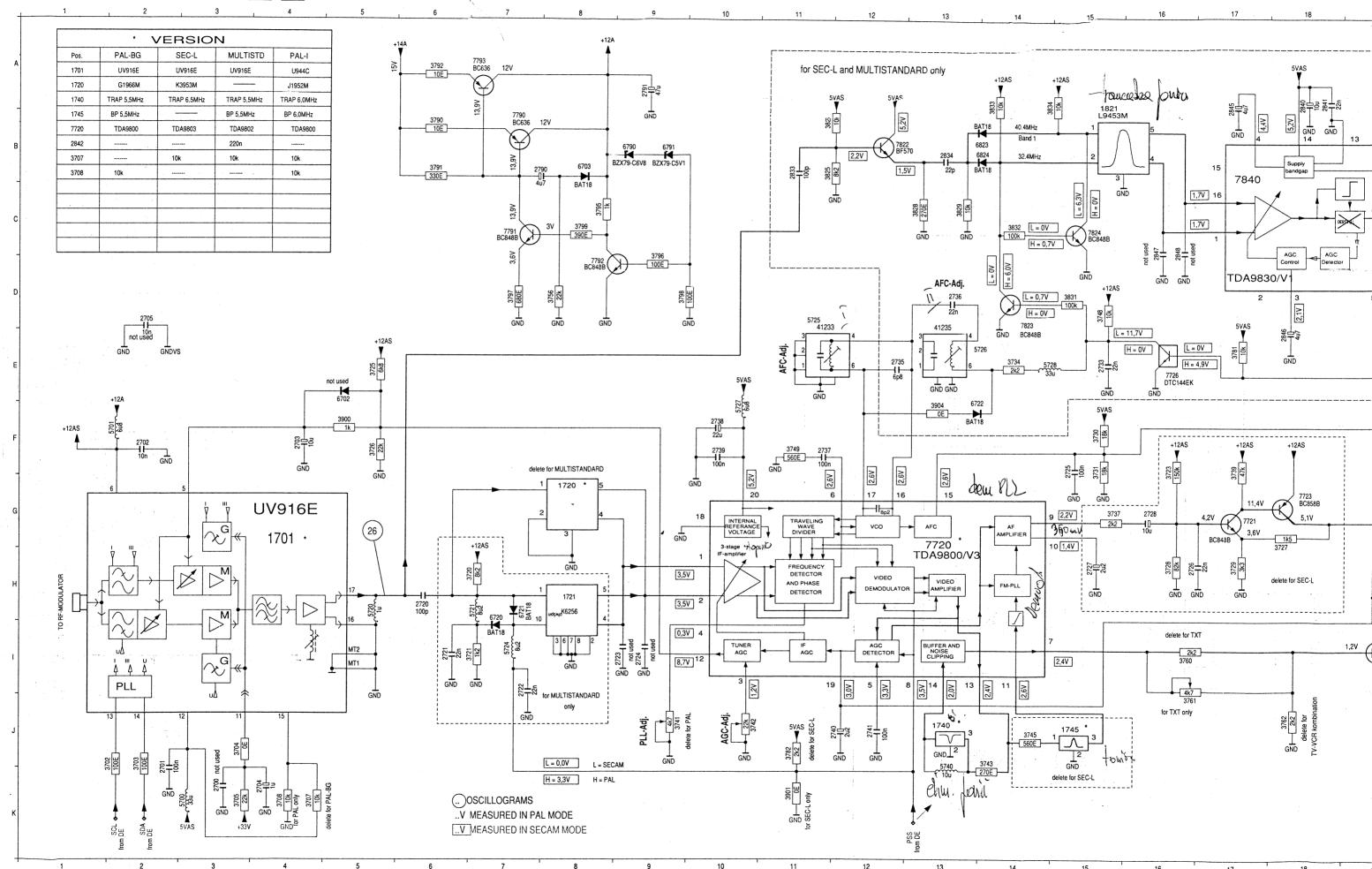


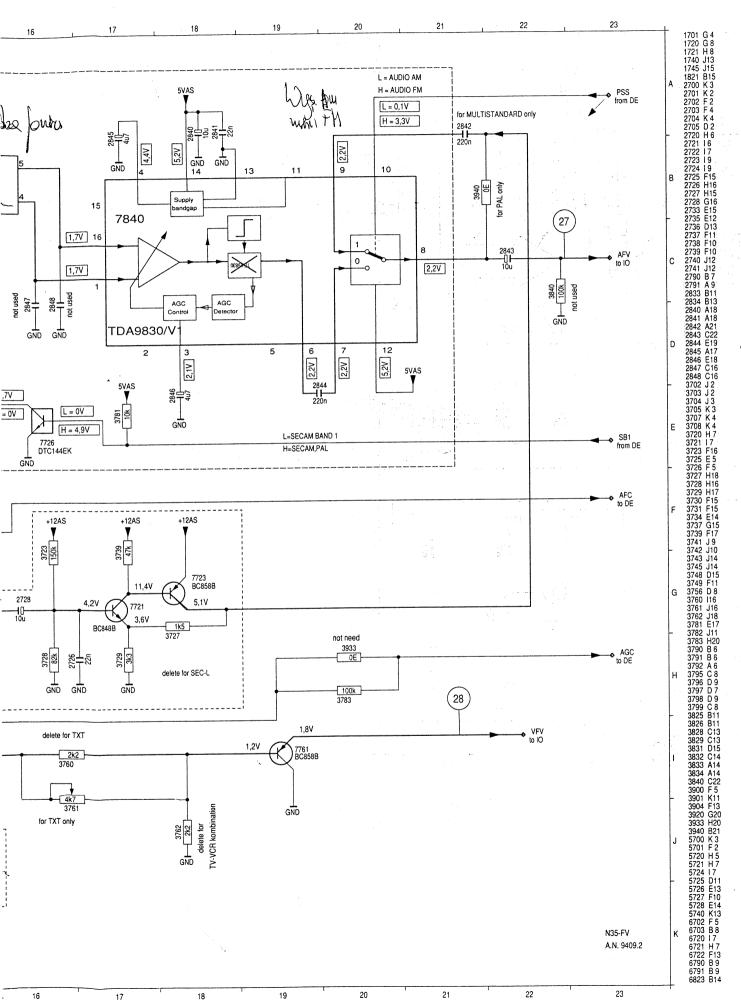




PCS 74536





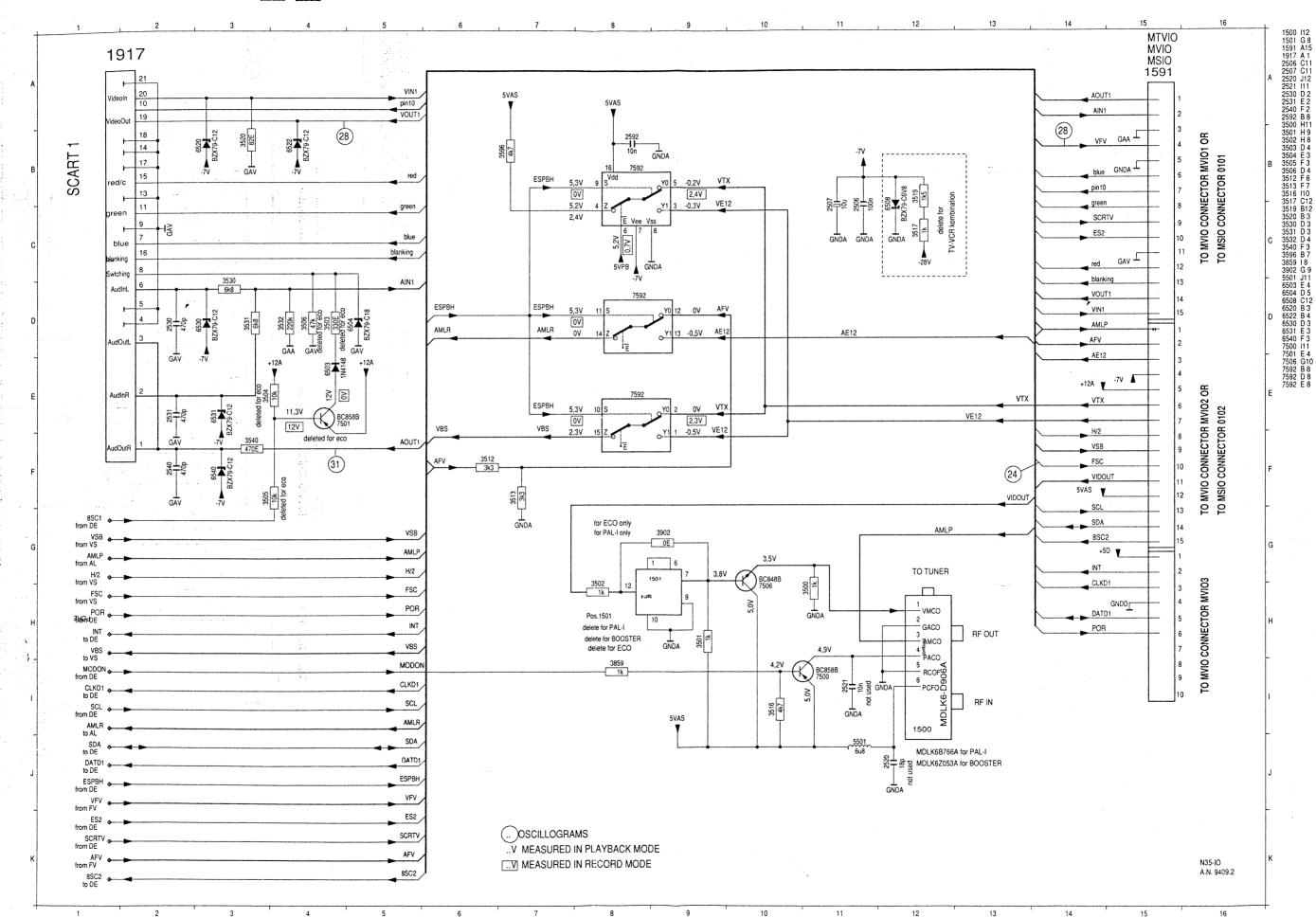


6824 B14 7720 H13 7721 G17 7723 G18 7726 E16 7761 I19 7790 B 7 7791 C 7 7792 D 8 7793 A 7 7822 B12 7823 E14 7824 C15 7840 C17

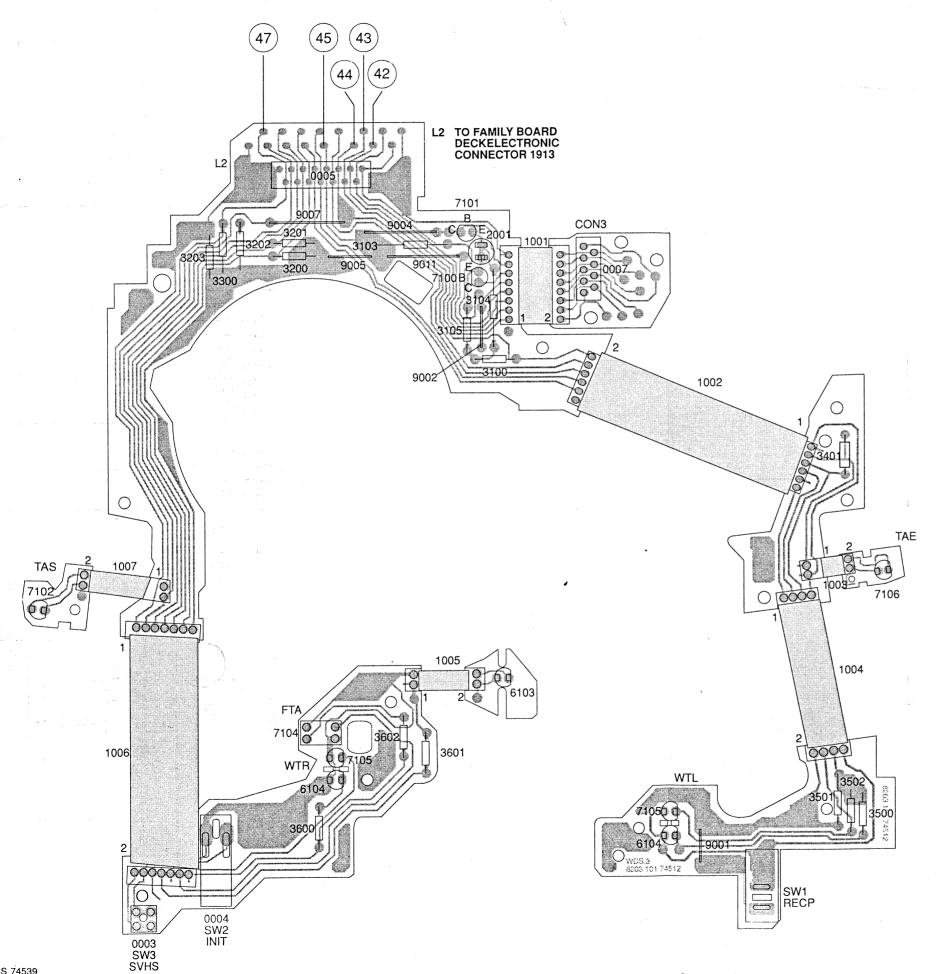
OSCILLOGRAMS FRONT END IN/OUT A. AC, 20mV/Div, 100ns/Div	REMARKS:
$\int \int $	
Connector 1591 OSC.24 FSC A: DC, 0.1 V/Div 0.2 us/Div	
← ov	
Tuner 1720 Pin 17 OSC.26	
A: DC, 0.5 V/Div 0.2 ms/Div R1A. ← 0V IC 7702 Pin 9 OSC.27	
A: DC, 0.2 V/Div 10 us/Div R1A ← 0.6V Transistor 7705-Emitt⊕SC.28	
A: DC, 0.2 V/Div, 0.2 ms/Div ← 0V Capacitor 2611 OSC.31	

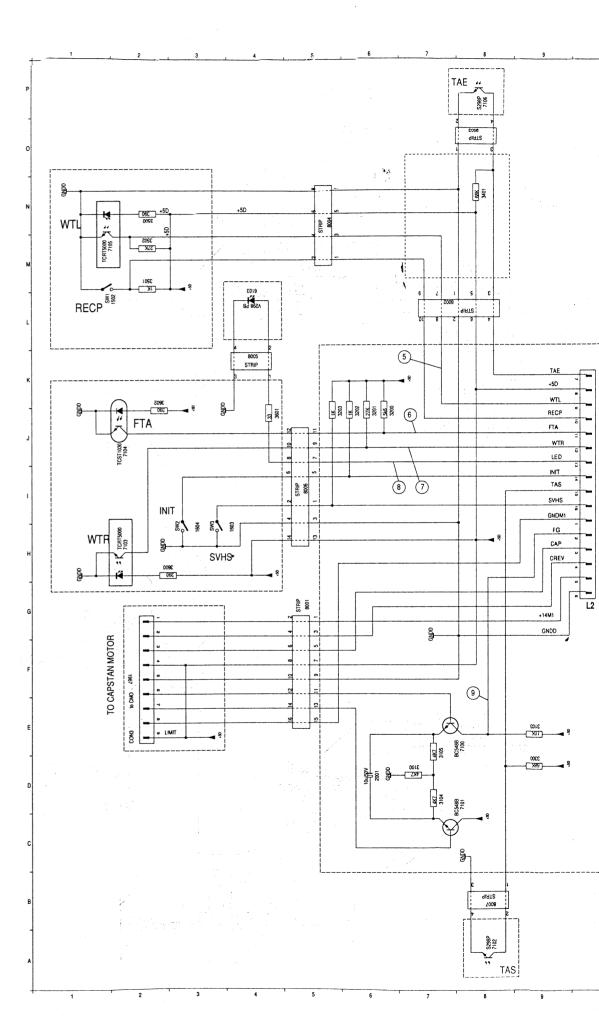
PCS 74538

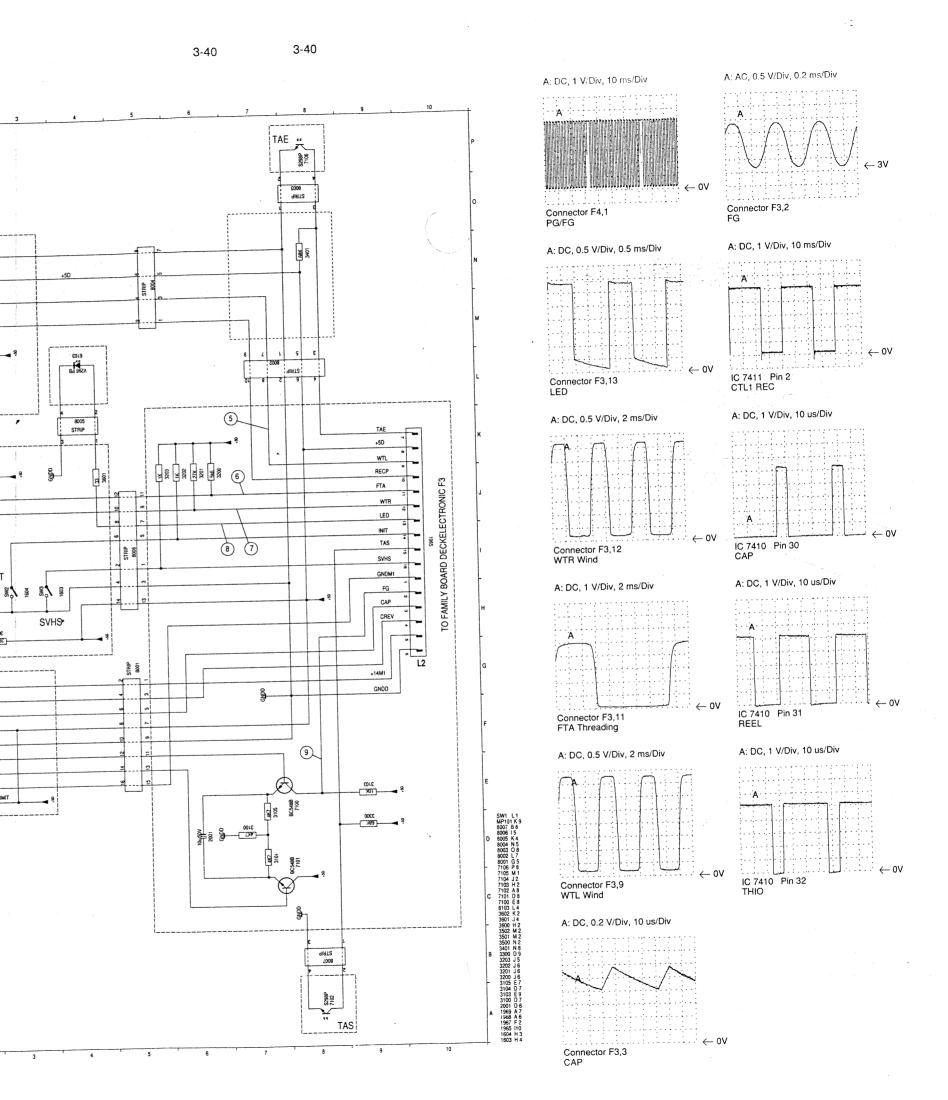
FAMILY BOARD IN/OUT - I/O NE



TAPE DECK SENSOR BOARD







LY BOARD ECTRONIC TOR 1913

CON3

1002

WTL

WTL

TAE

1004

3502

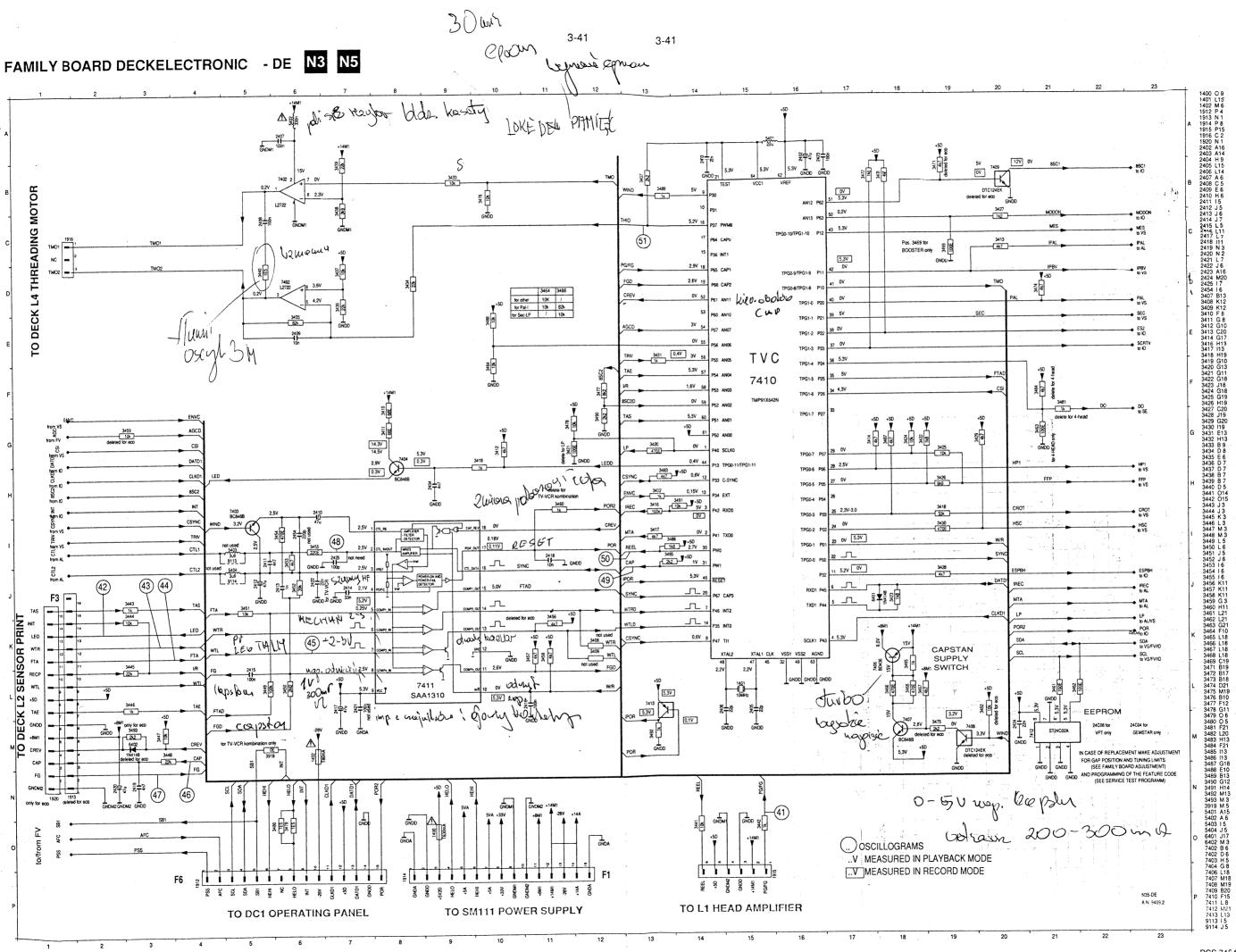
0000

SW1 RECP RECP

320S

INIT

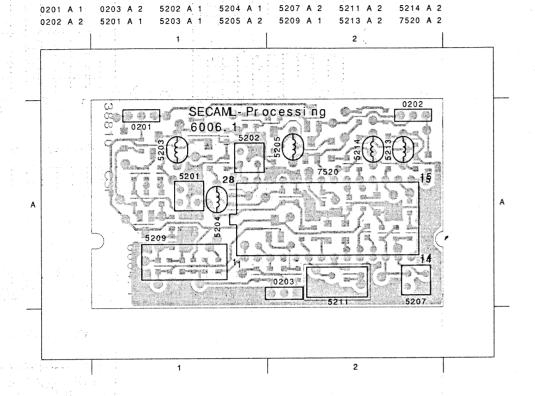
TO CAPSTAN MOTOR



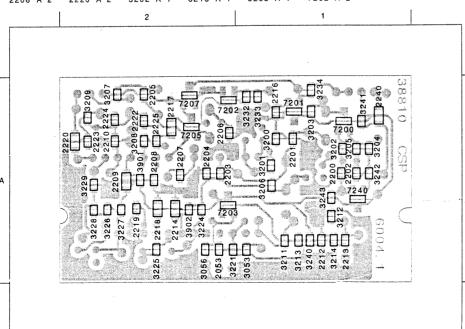
CHROMA SIGNAL SECAM PROCESSING BOARD CSP



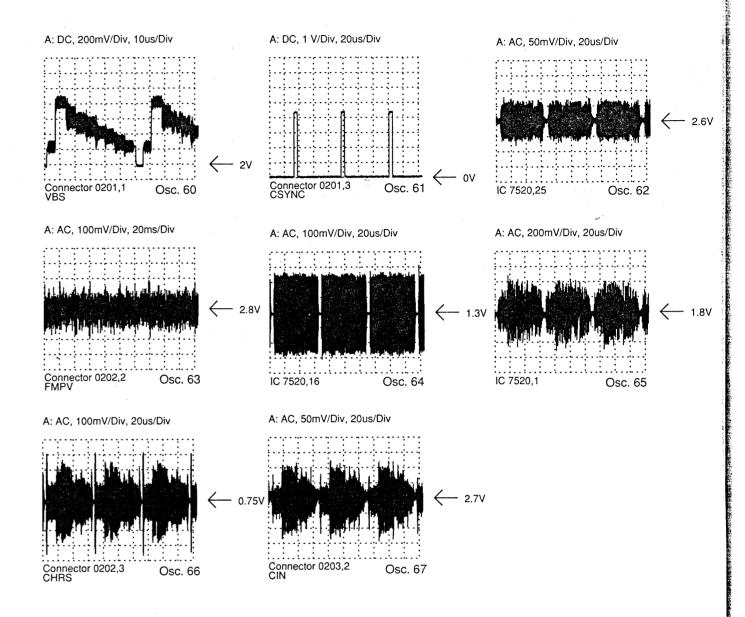




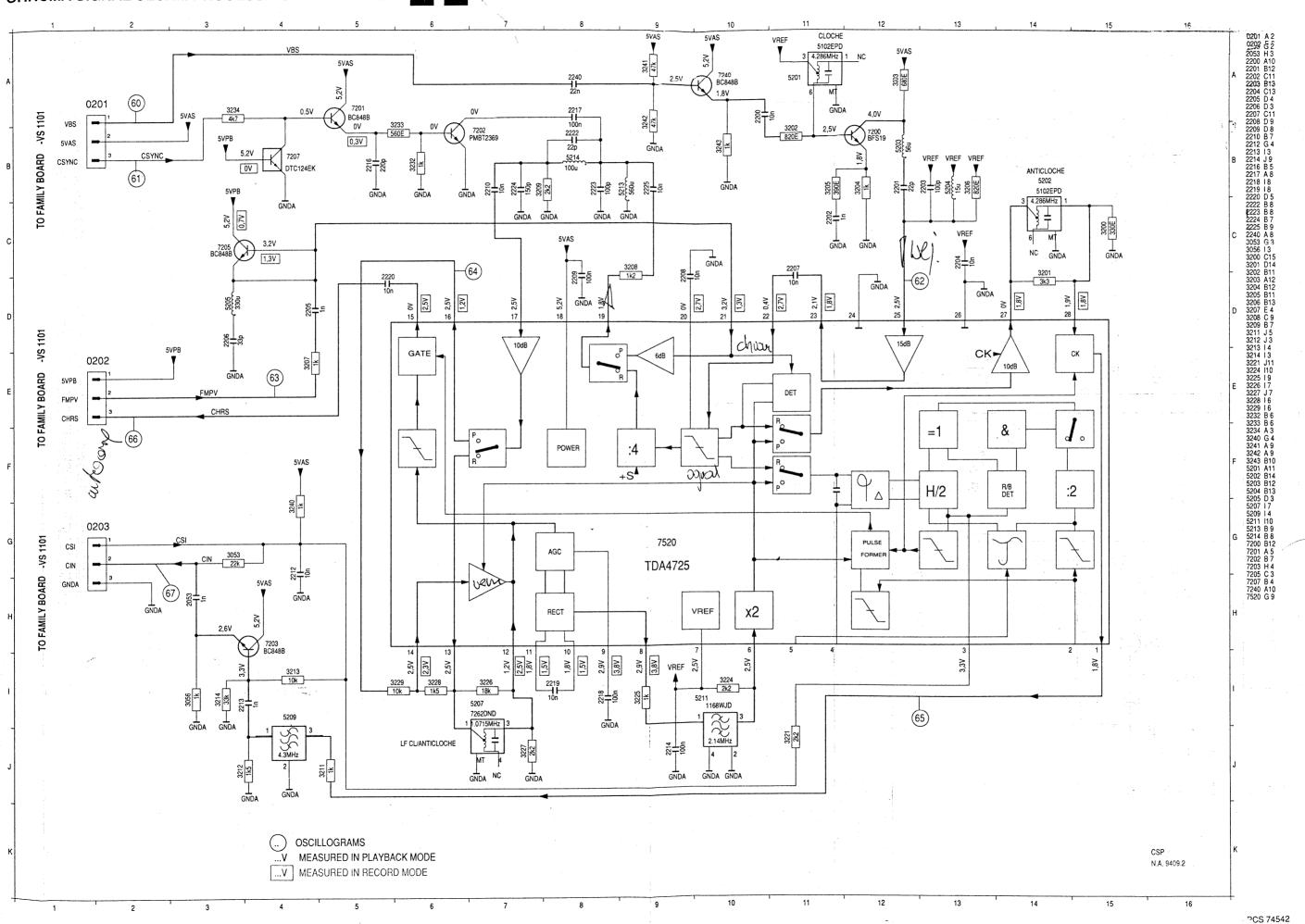
2200 A 1 ,2210 A 2 2223 A 2 3204 A 1 3221 A 2 3240 A 1 2224 A 2 3205 A 1 3224 A 2 3241 A 1 7207 A 2 3206 A 1 3225 A 2 3242 A 1 7240 A 1 3209 A 2 3228 A 2 3902 A 2 2205 A 2 2217 A 2 3056 A 2 2206 A 2 2218 A 2 3200 A 1 3211 A 1 3229 A 2 7200 A 1 2207 A 2 2219 A 2 3201 A 1 3212 A 1 3232 A 1 7201 A 1 2208 A 2 2220 A 2 3202 A 1 3213 A 1 3233 A 1 7202 A 2



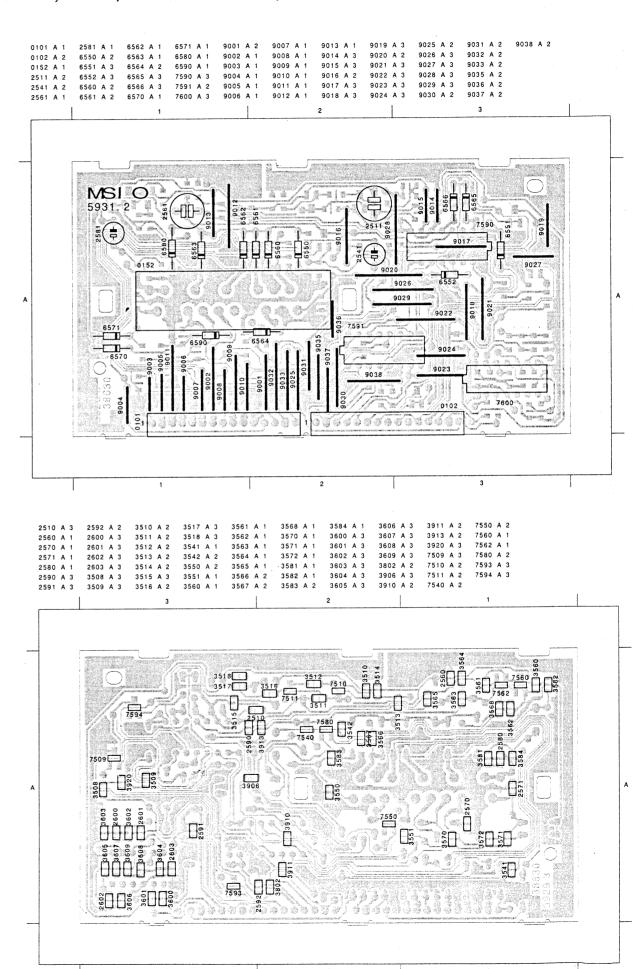
OSCILLOGRAMS CHROMA SECAM PRINT CSP

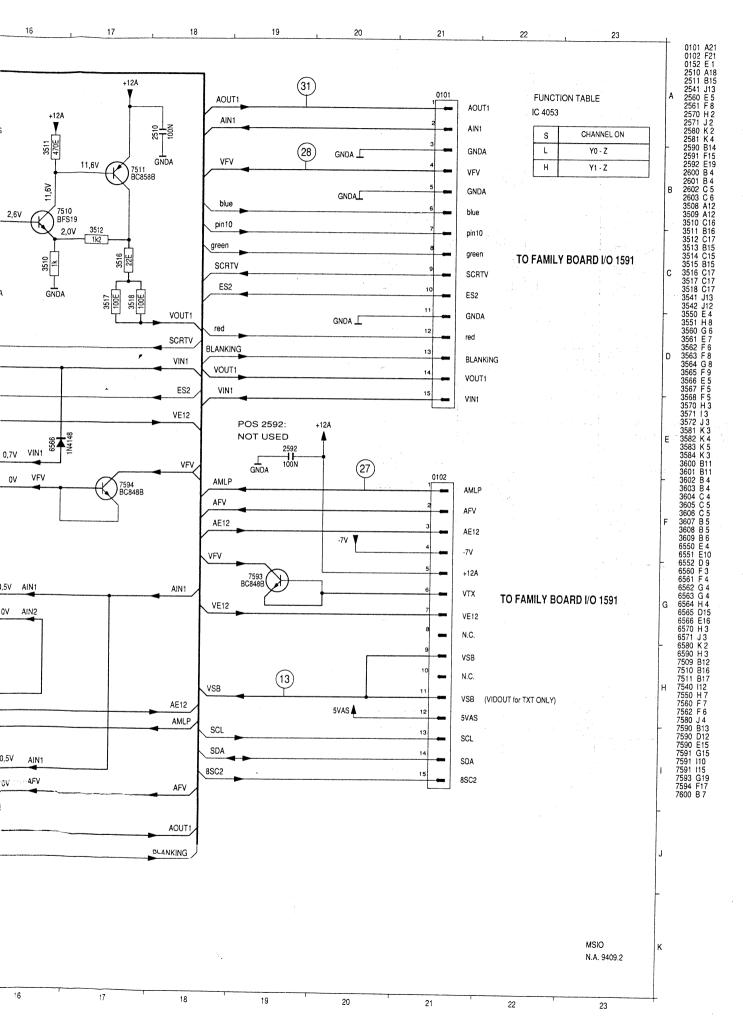


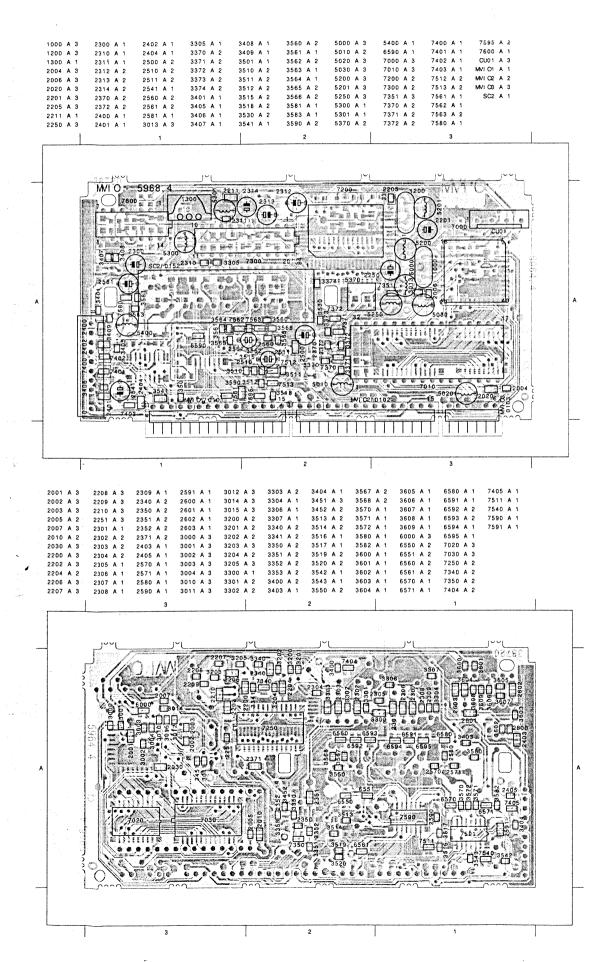
	REMARKS:			
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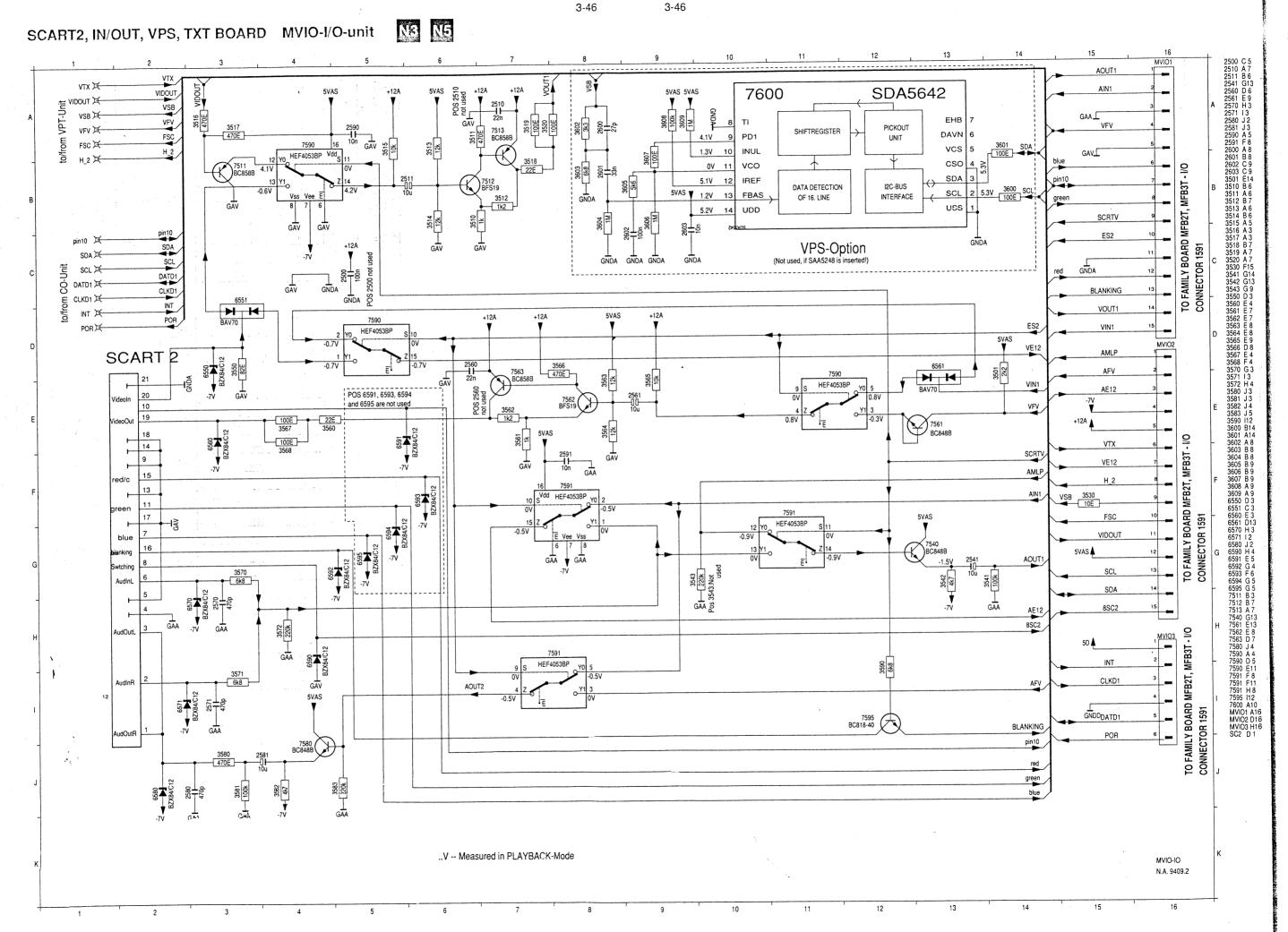


SCART2, IN/OUT, VPS BOARD MSIO, MSIO/VPS









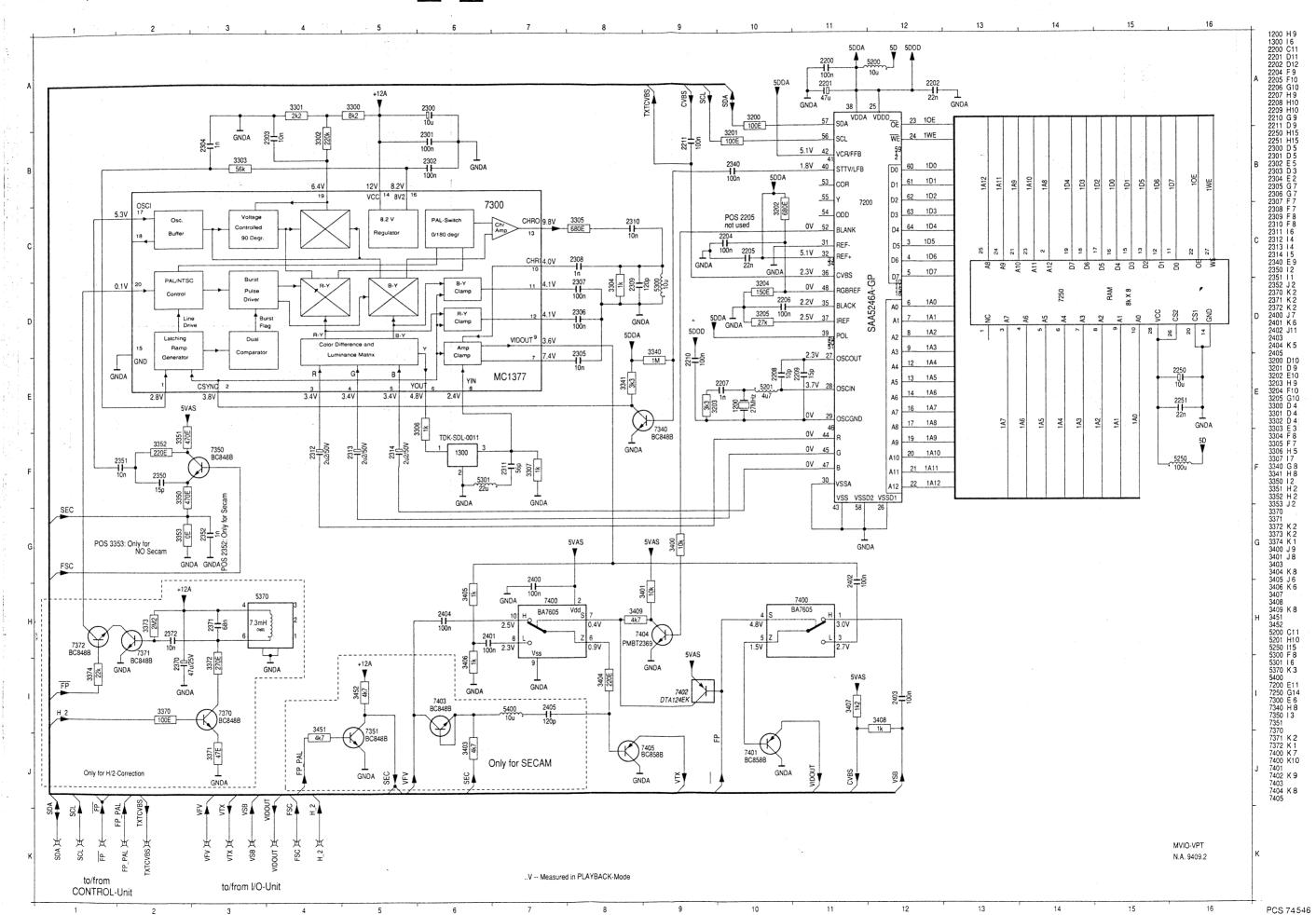
▼5DTX

CLKD1

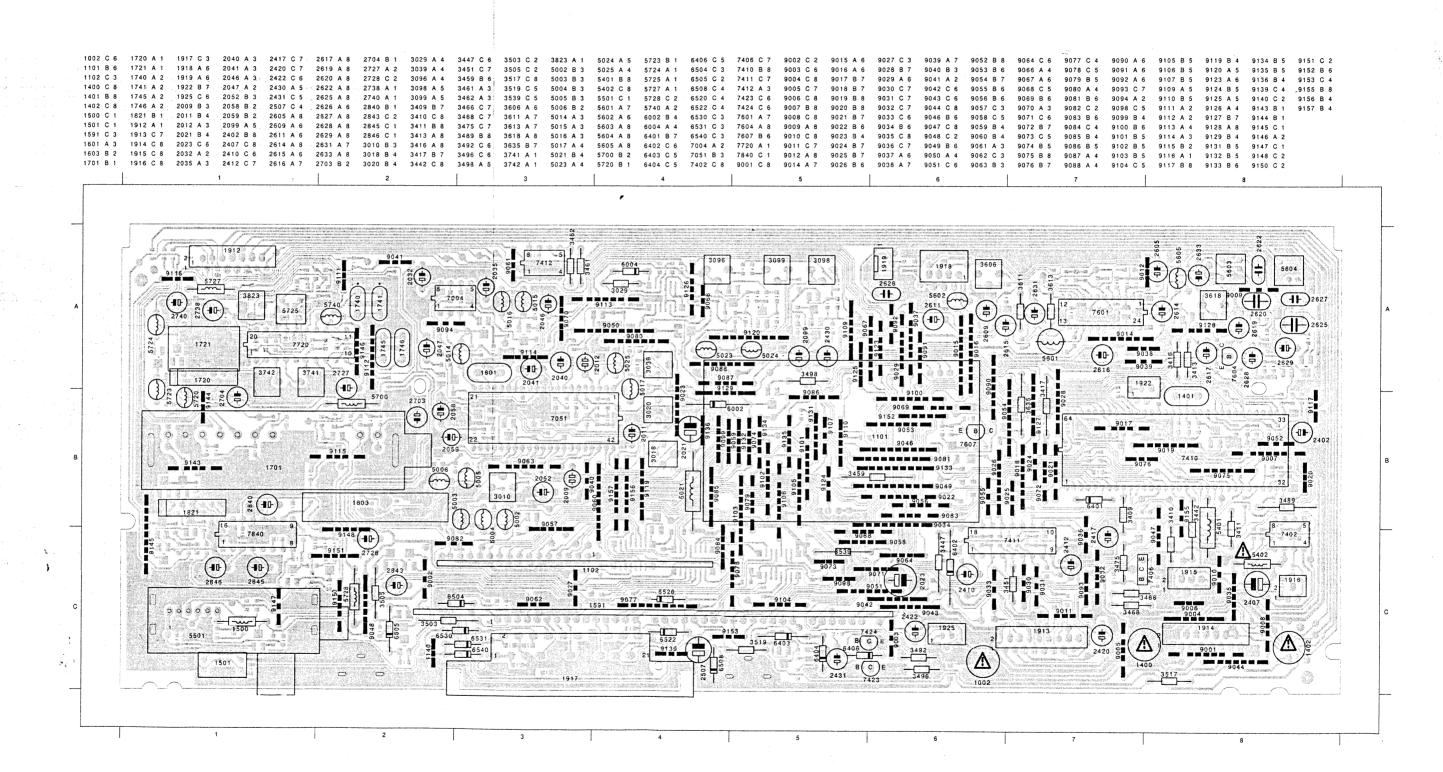
MVIO-CONTROL N.A. 9409.2

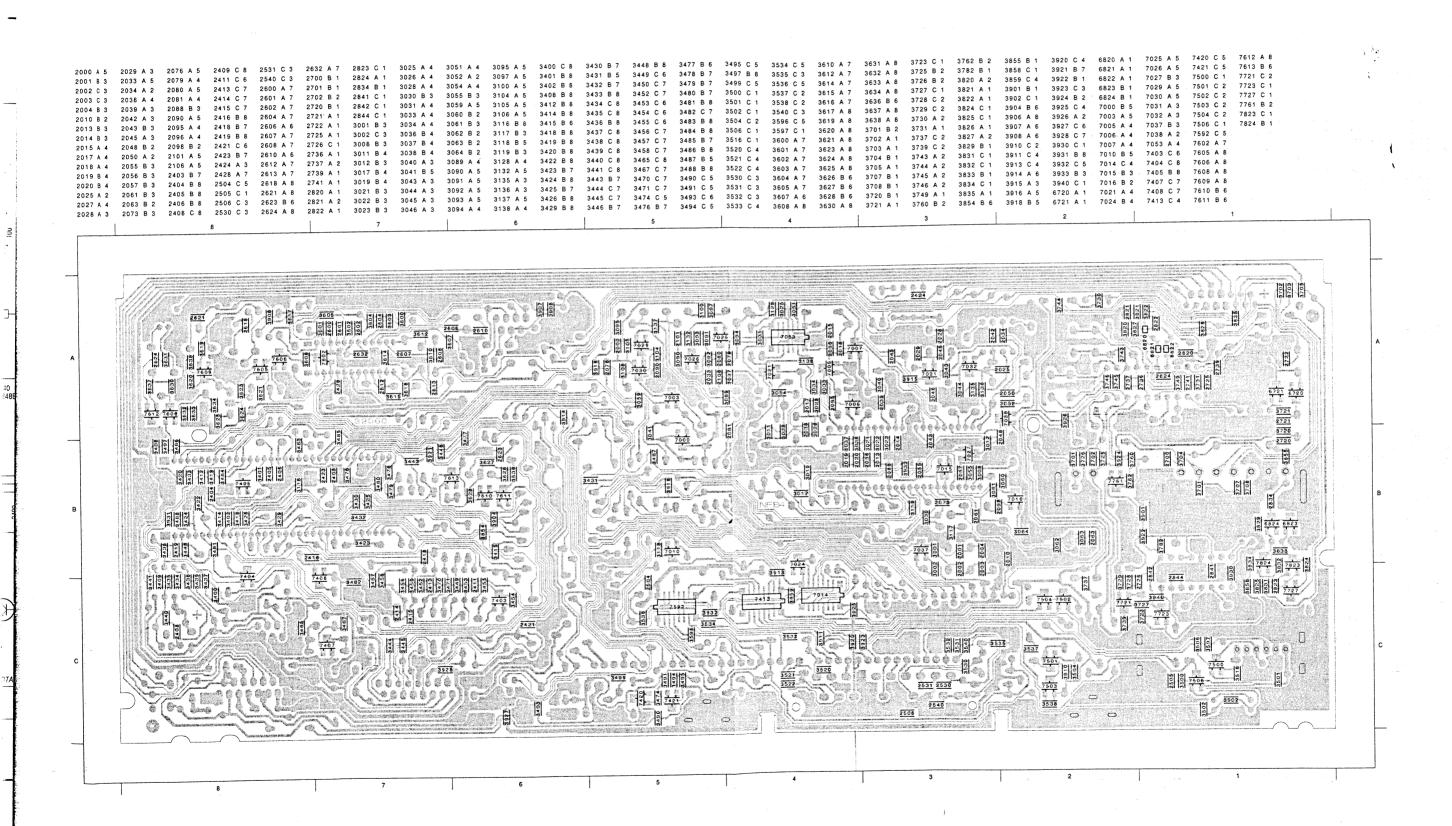
pin 10-in

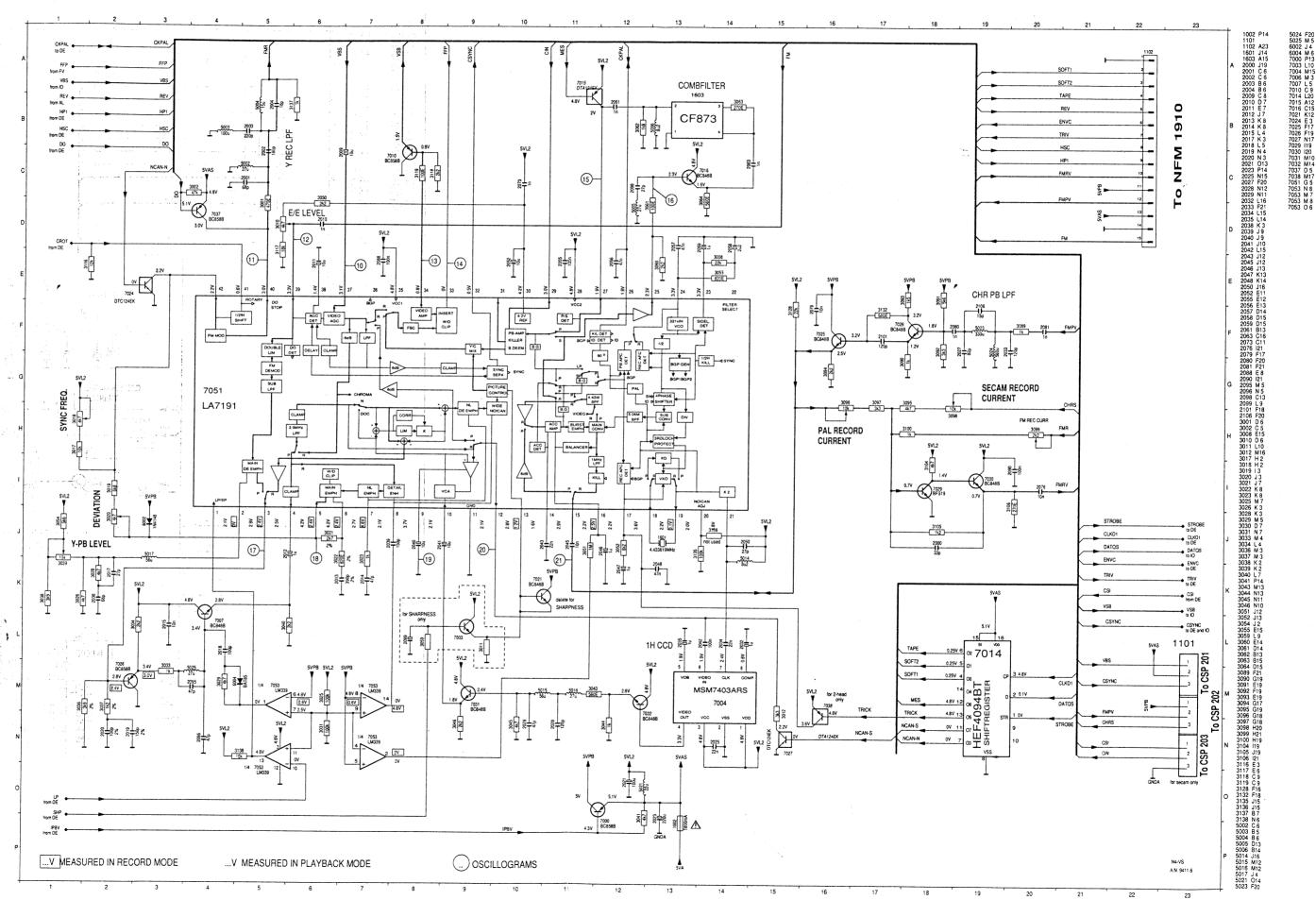
3-47



FAMILY BOARD

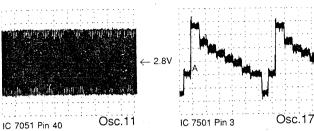






OSCILLOGRAMS

VIDEOSIGNALPROCESSING Unless otherwise indicated measured in position record. A: AC, 0.1 V/Div, 10 us/Div A: AC, 0.2 V/Div , 2 us/Div



A: DC, 0.2 V/Div, 10 us/Div

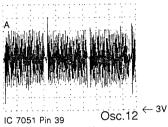
IC 7051 Pin 5

IC 7051 Pin 10

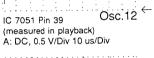
(measured in playback)

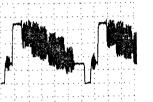
A: AC, 0.1 V/Div, 10 us/Div

A: AC, 0.1 V/Div , 10 us/Div

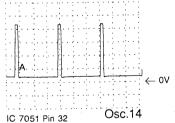


A: AC, 50 mV/Div, 20 us/Div

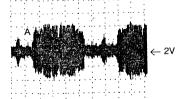




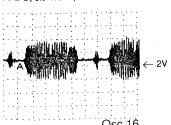
Osc.13 ^{← ov} IC 7051 Pin 3 VSB(meas. in playback) A: DC, 1.0 V/Div , 20 us/Div



A: AC, 50 mV/Div, 5 ms/Div



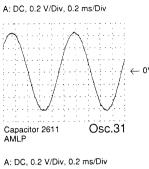
Osc.15 IC 7051 Pin 27 (measured in playback) A: DC, 0.5 V/Div, 10 us/Div



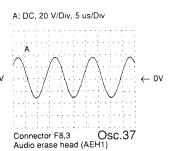
Osc.16 IC 7051 Pin 25 (measured in playback)

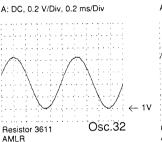
OSCILLOGRAMS AUDIO LINEAR -AL

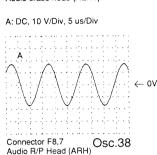
Unless otherwise indicated measured in position record.

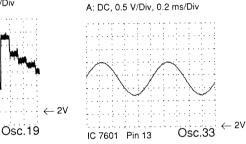


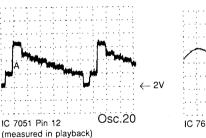
← 2.5V



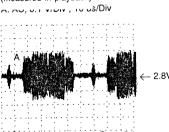


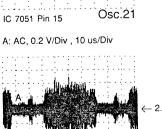


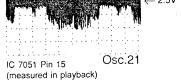


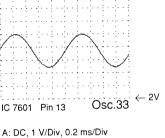


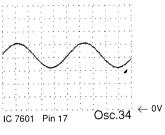
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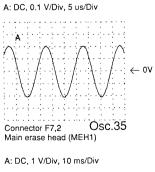


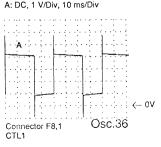












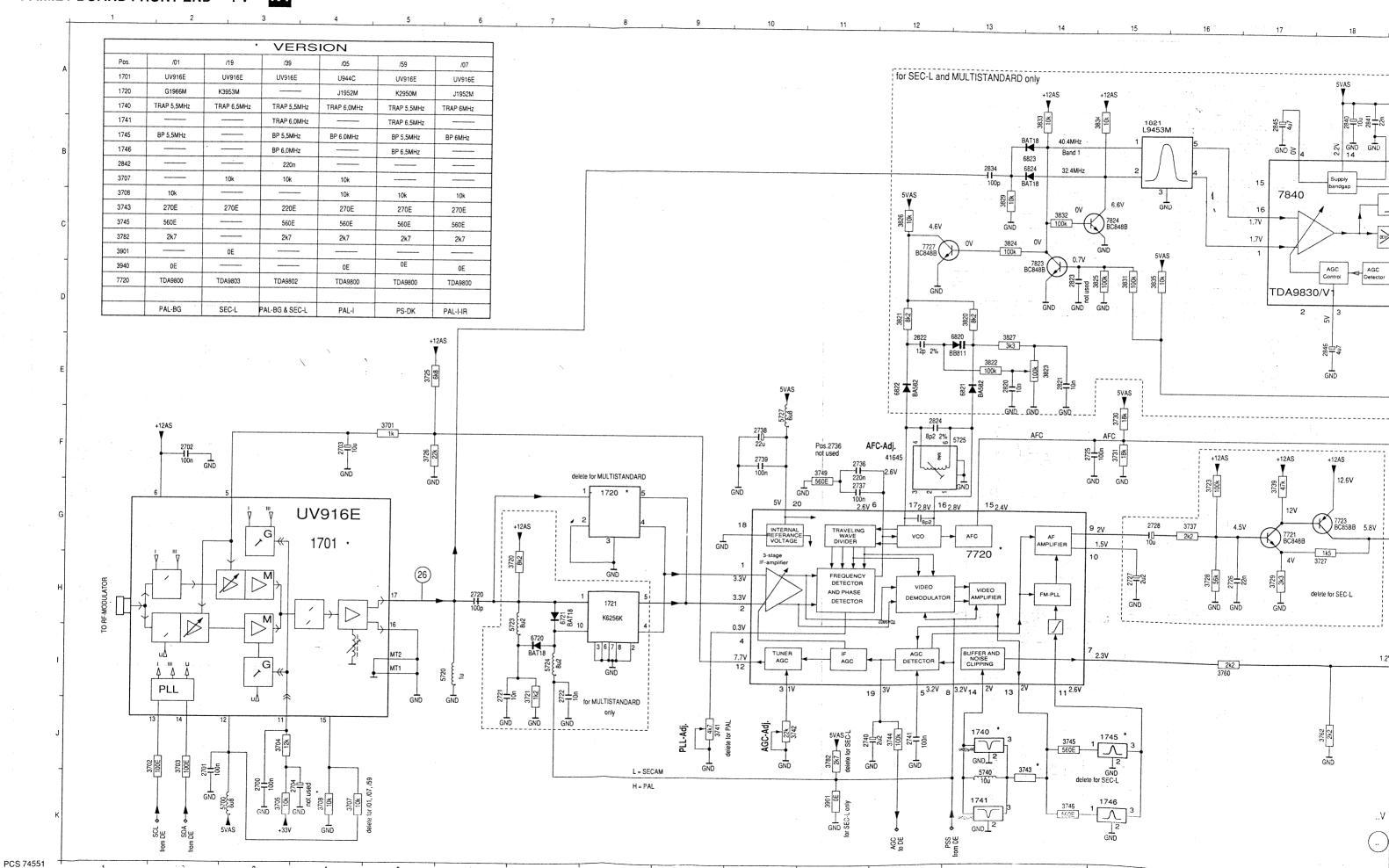
3-51

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2601 nnector F8,3 Osc.37 dio erase head (AEH1) DTC124EK 3608 47k DC, 10 V/Div, 5 us/Div 7602 -(33) nnector F8,7 dio R/P Head (ARH) DTC124EK 3618 (36) EE/PB REC/EE CTL CTL RIPPLE FILTER LP CTL MUTE CTL (37)-CTL2 7601 3614 10k LA7282 AEH2 ALC DET (38) AEH2 TO DECK only for dub TO DECK L8 0.50 MEH2 X BC858B 2802 1001 2604 10n 3604 390k 12.7V 1919 BC817-40 TO DECK L3 7607

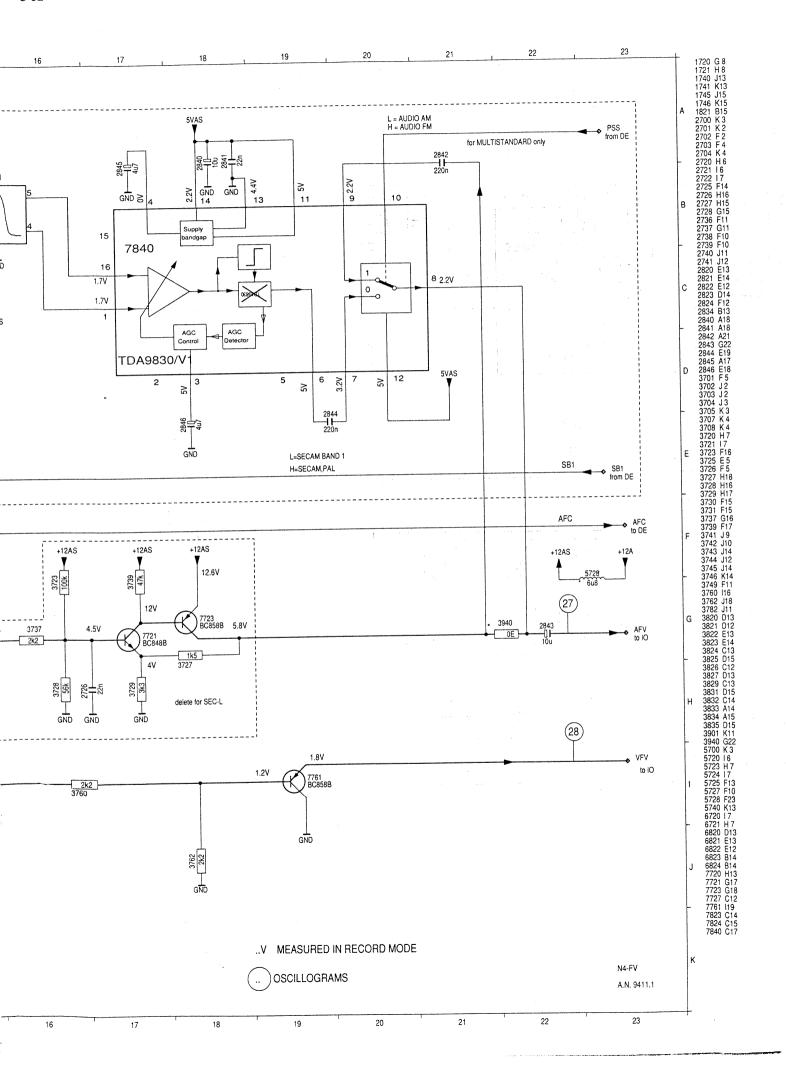
(..)OSCILLOGRAMS

..V MEASURED IN PLAYBACK MODE

N4-AL A.N. 9411.1

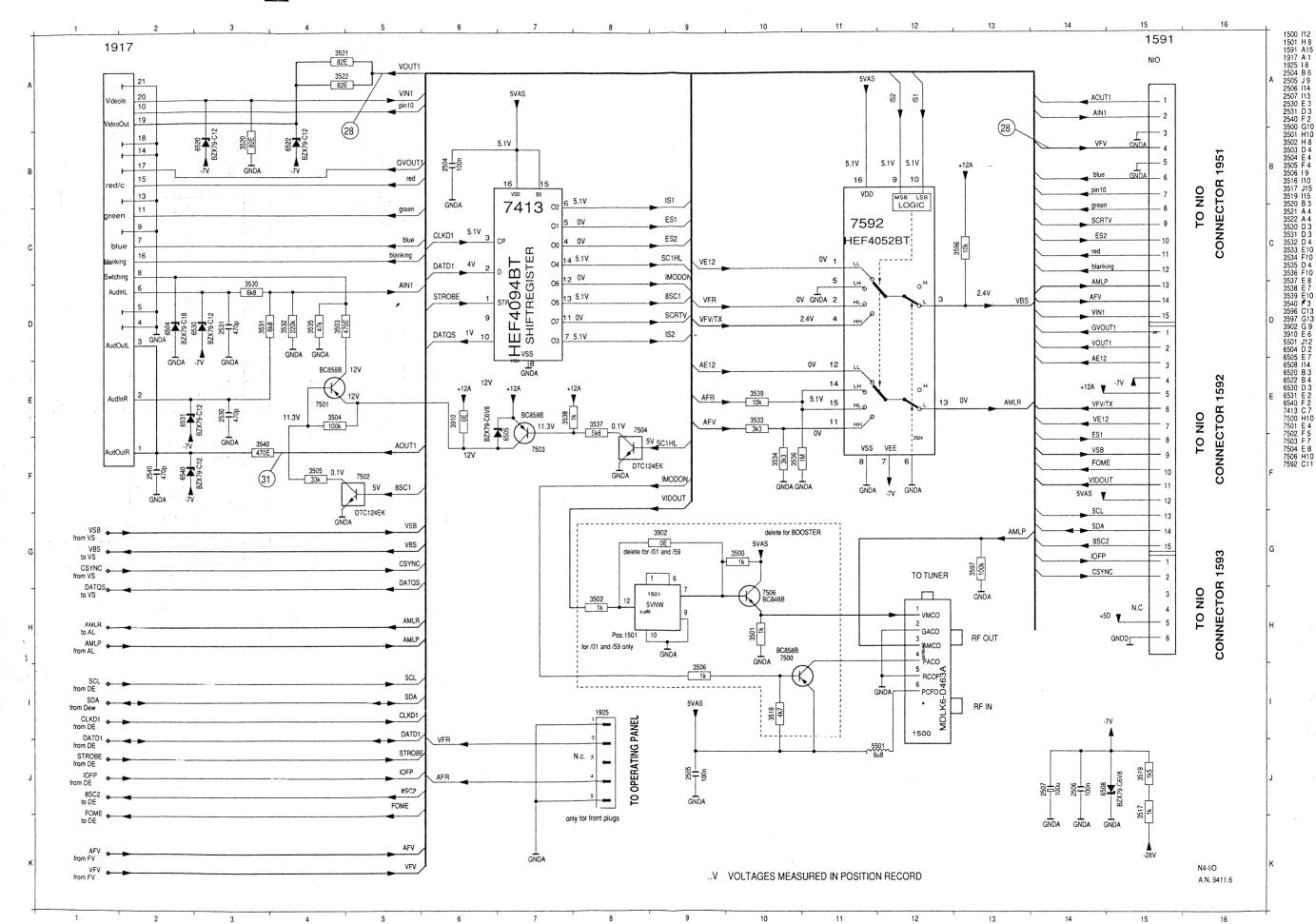


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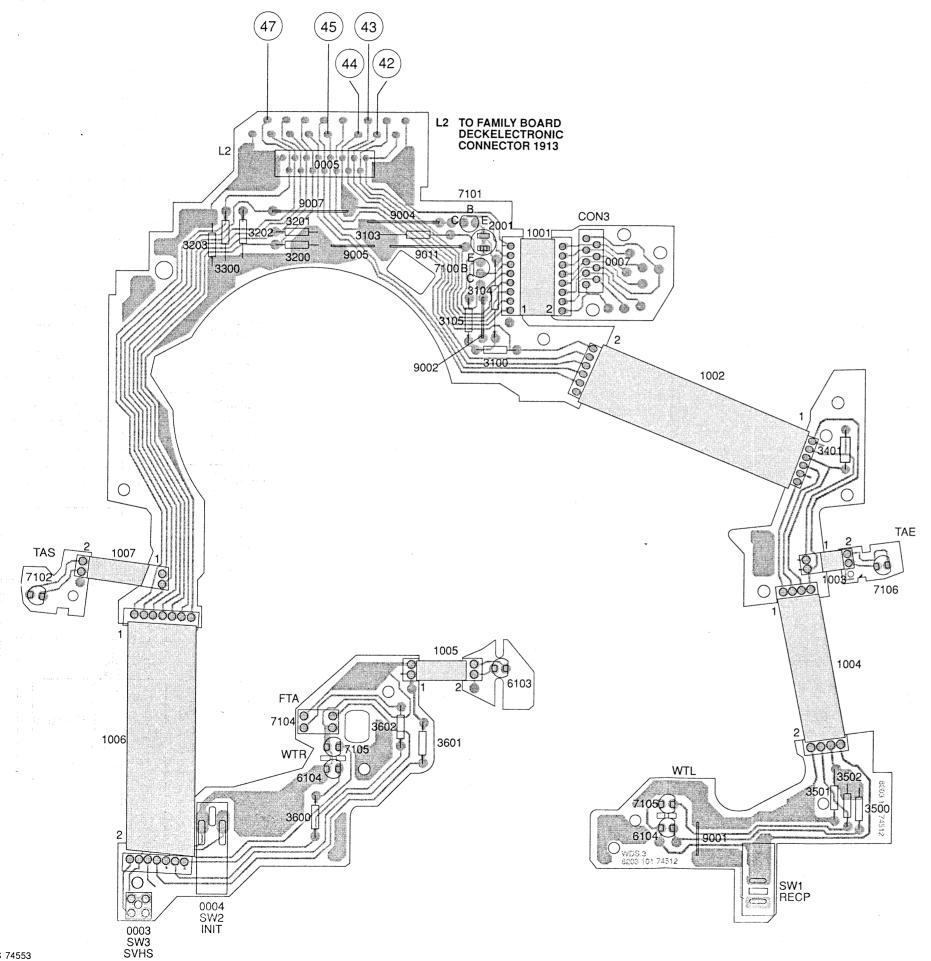


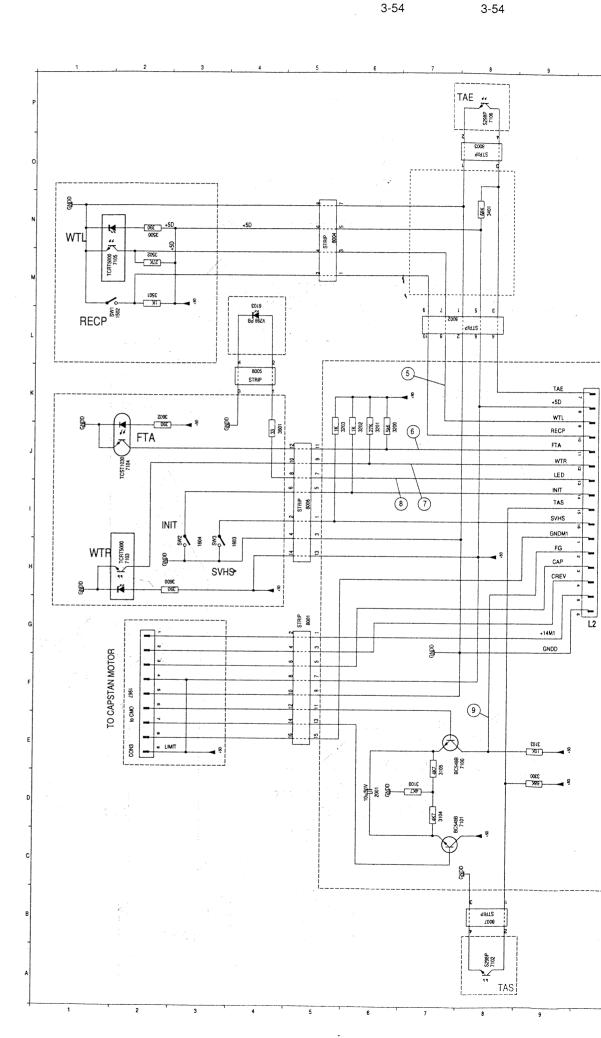
3-53

FAMILY BOARD IN/OUT - I/O

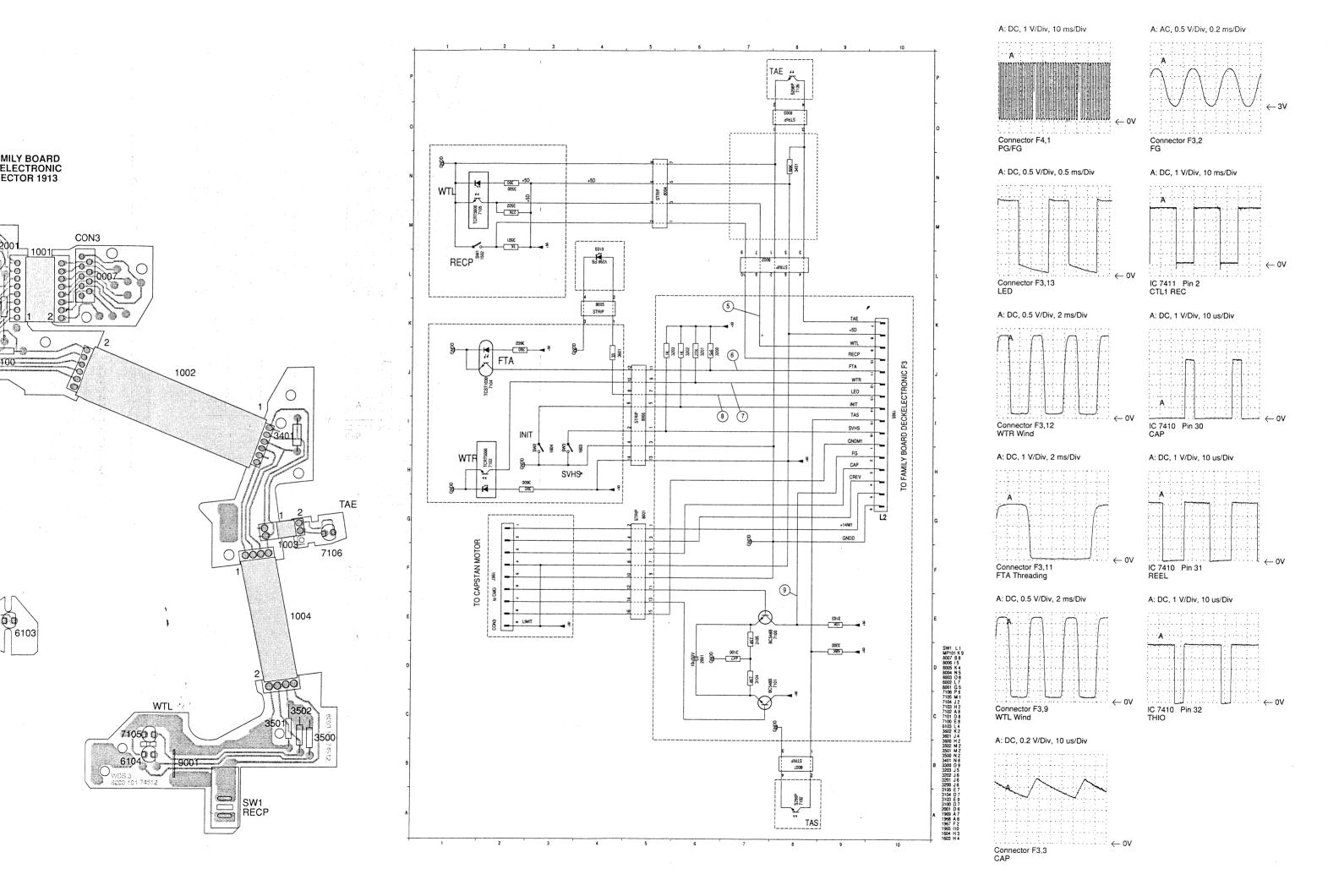


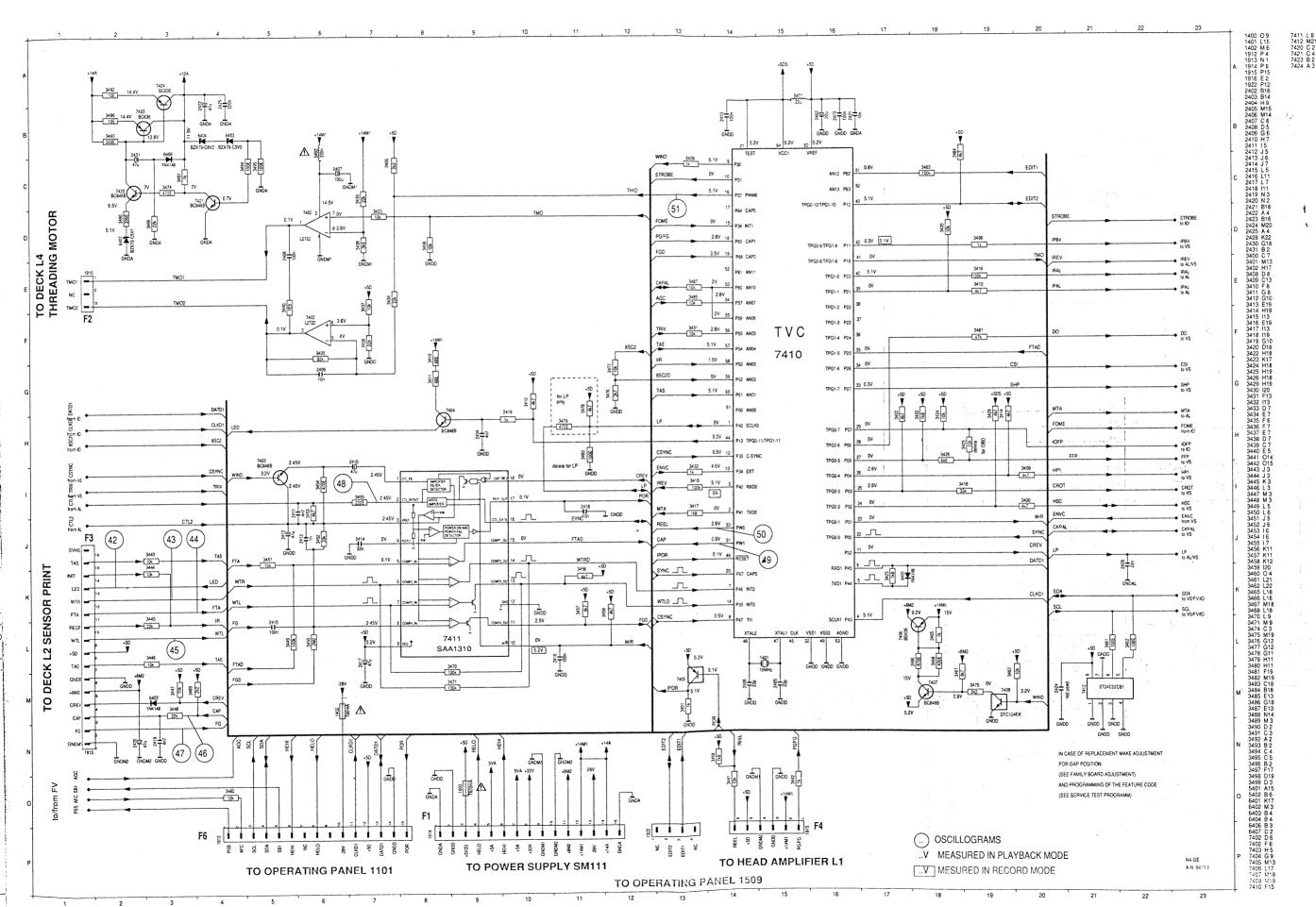
TAPE DECK SENSOR BOARD



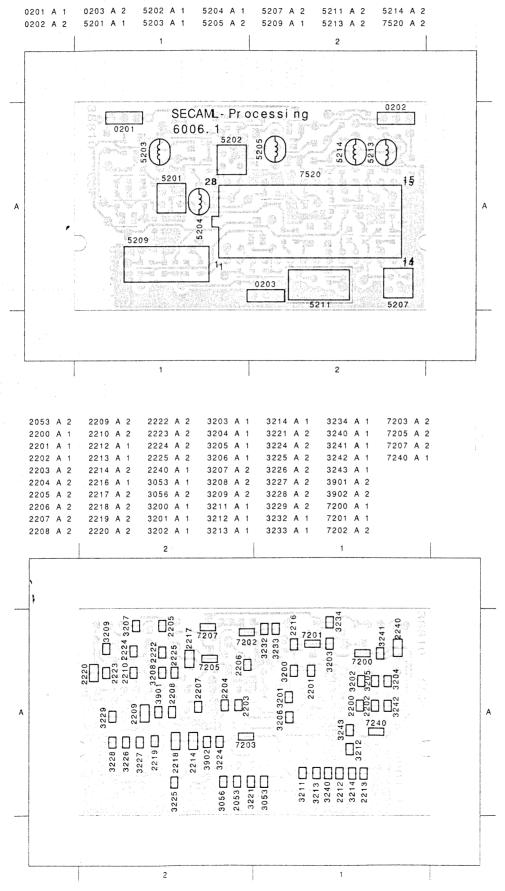


PCS 74553

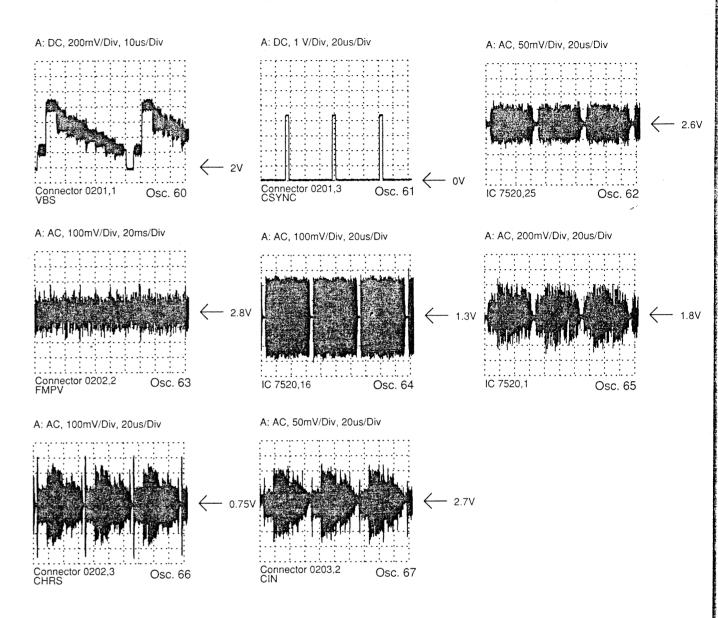




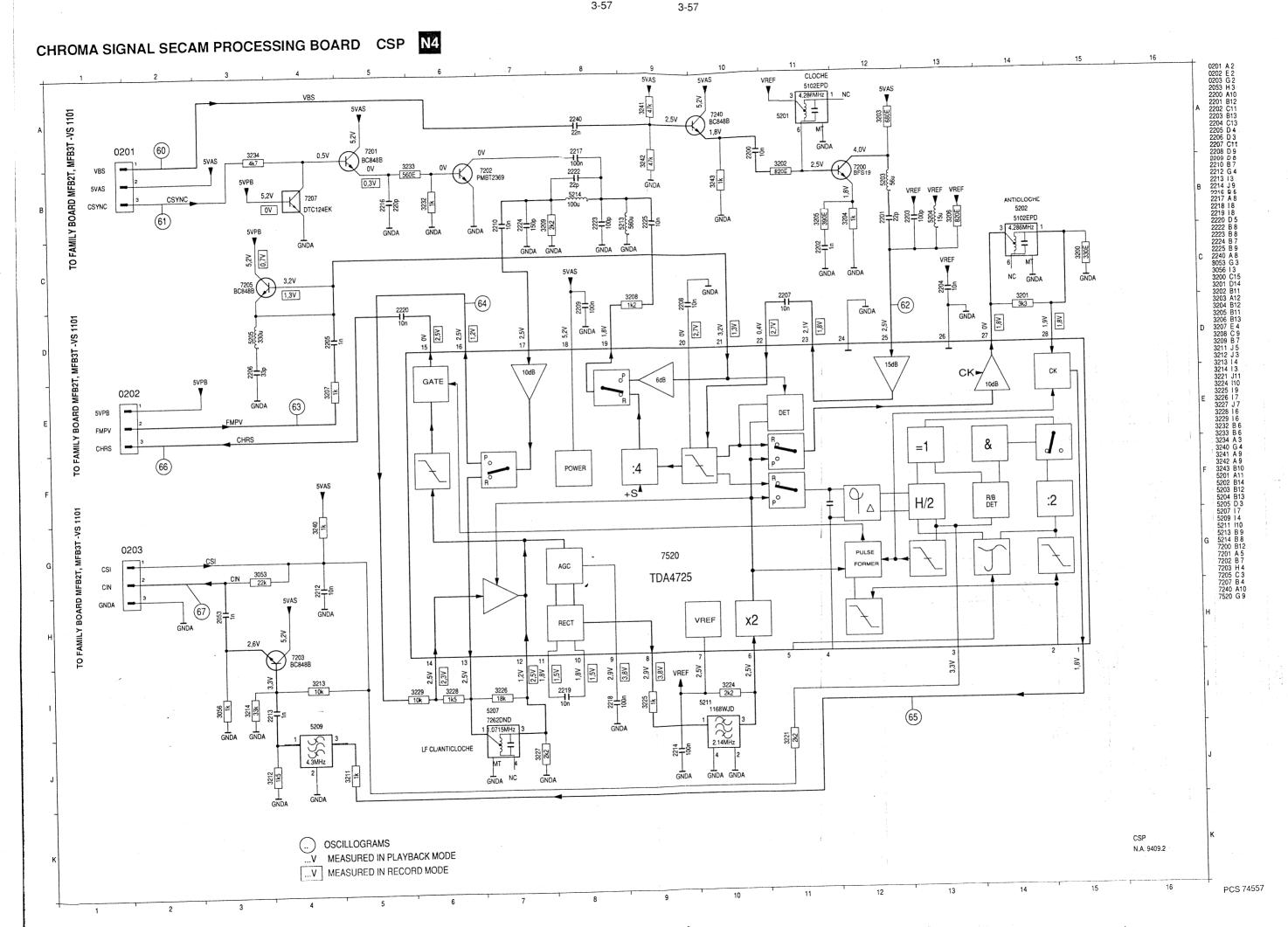
CHROMA SIGNAL SECAM PROCESSING BOARD CSP NO



OSCILLOGRAMS CHROMA SECAM PRINT CSP



REMARKS:			
NA			-



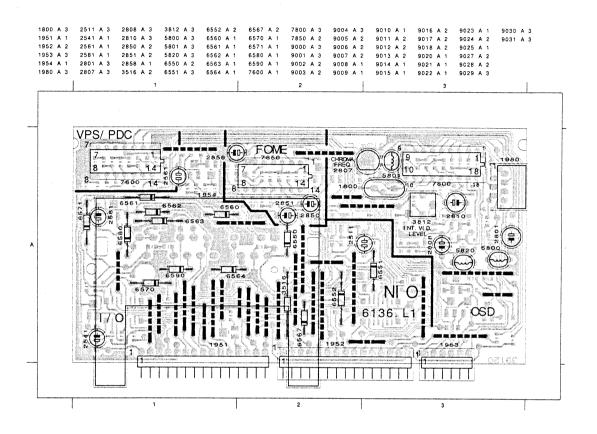
N4 NIO BOARD

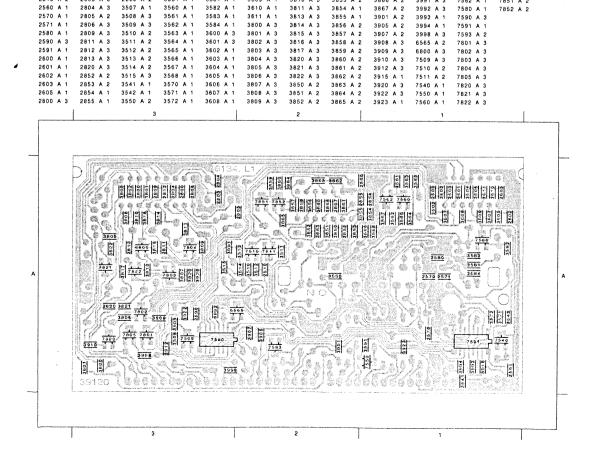
2560 A 1

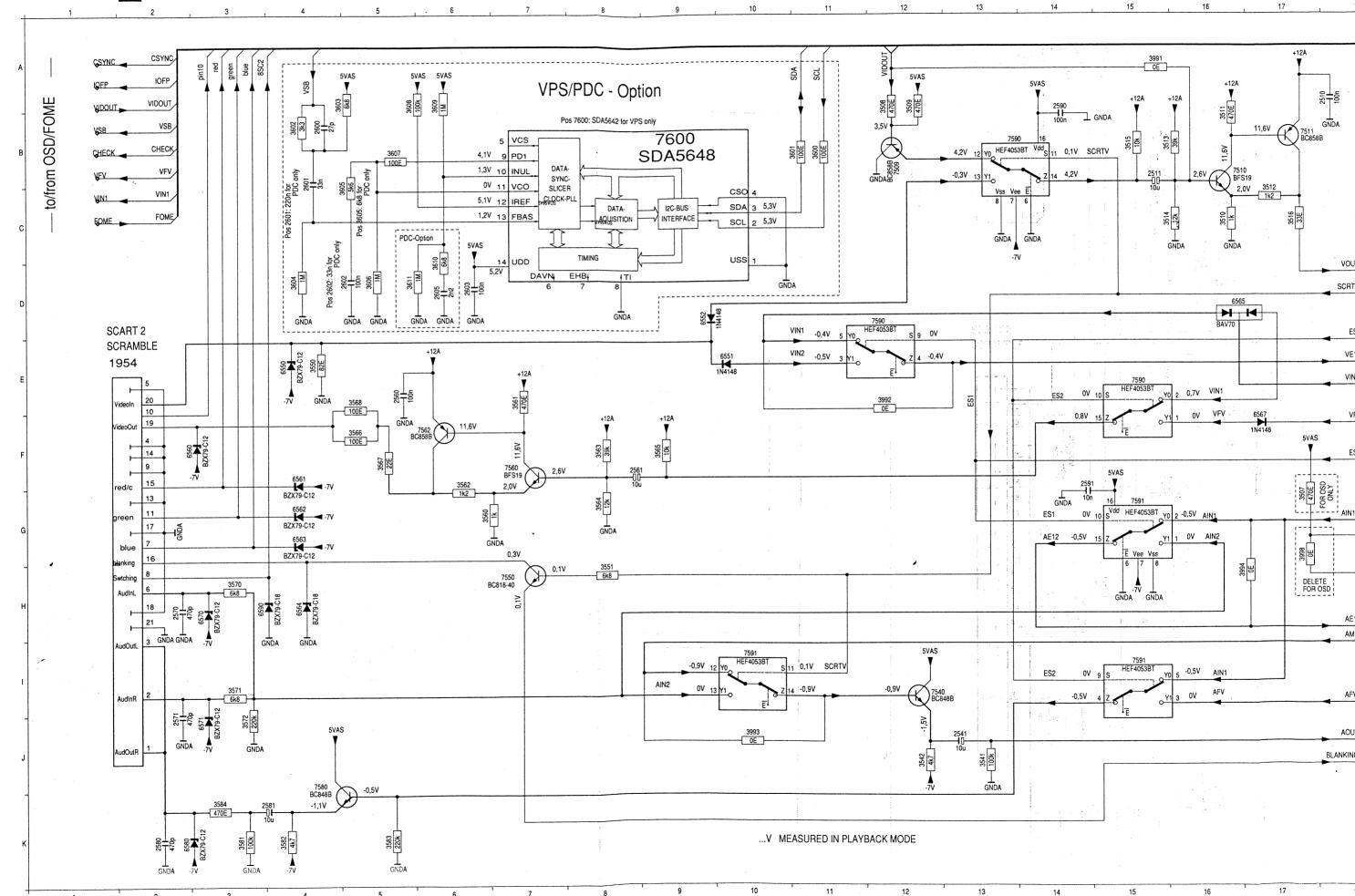
2804 A 3

3560 A 1

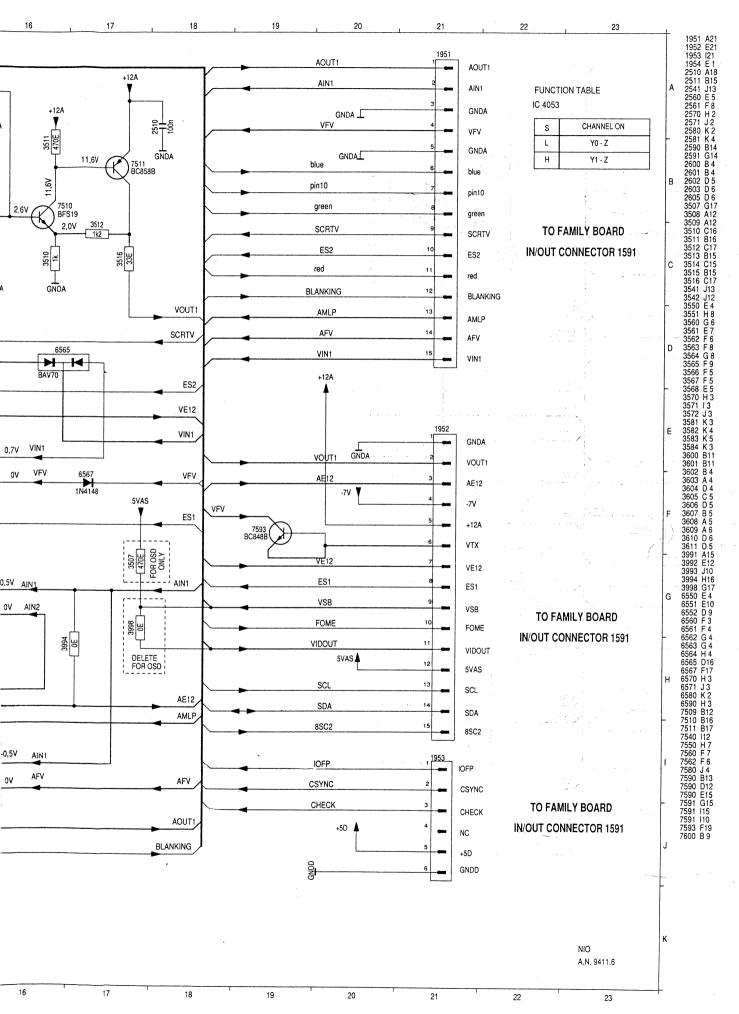
3582 A 1

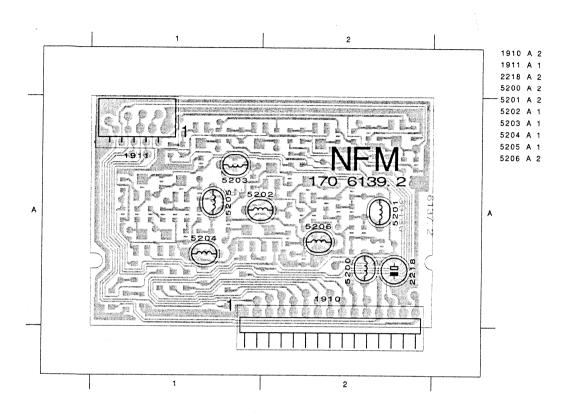


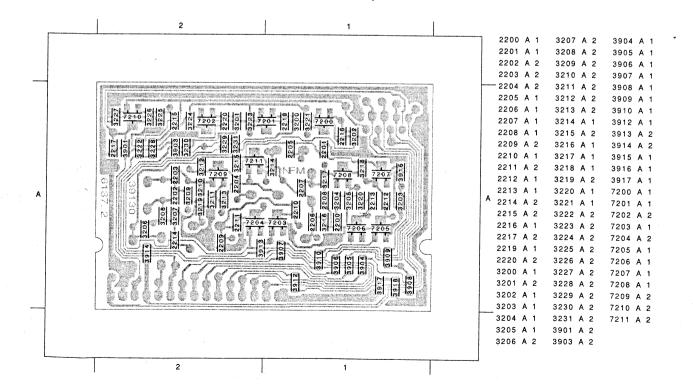


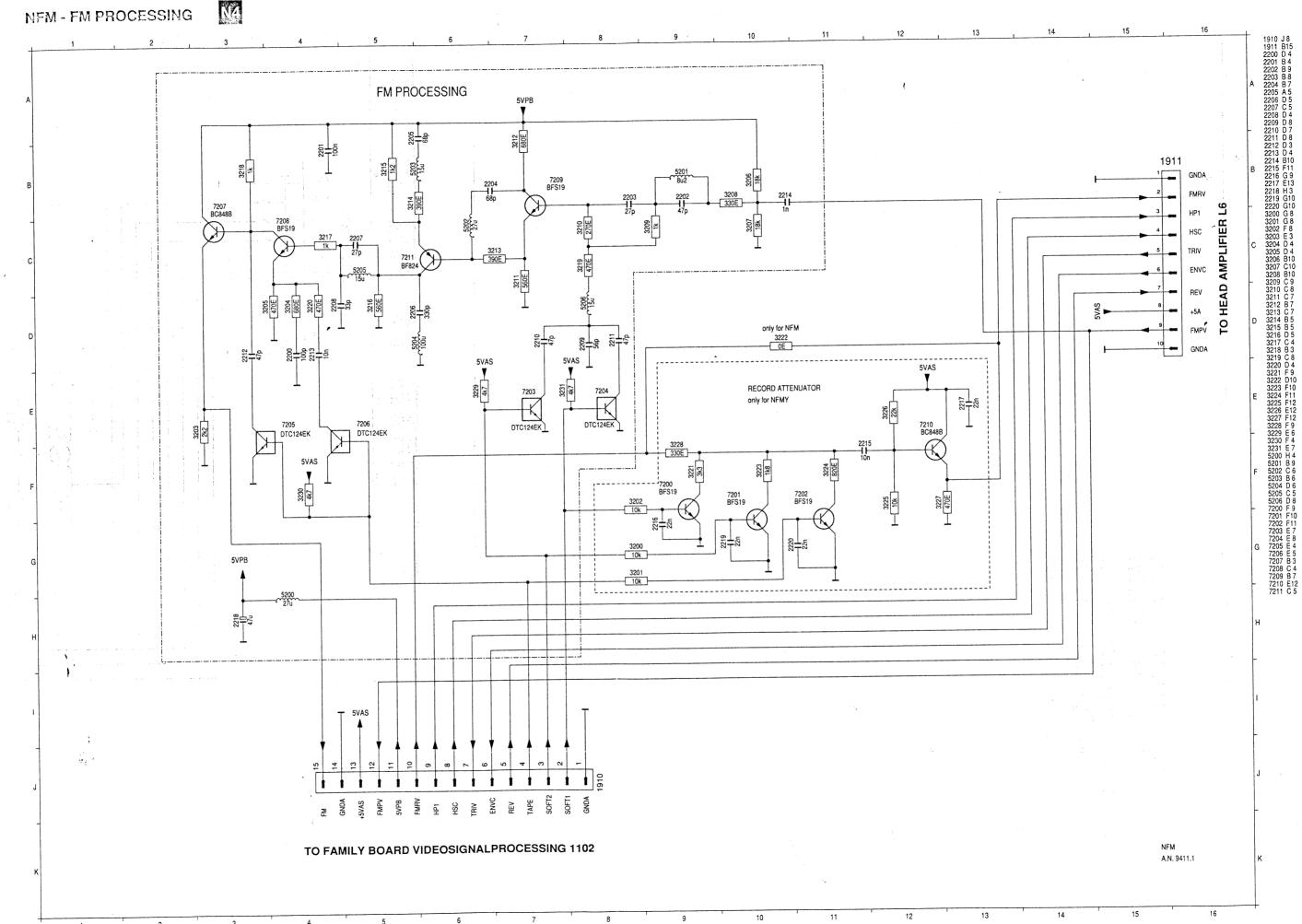


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3914 A 2

222 A 2 7202 A 2 3223 A 2 7203 A 1 3224 A 2 7204 A 2 3225 A 2 7205 A 1

207 A 2 3904 A 1

211 A 2 3908 A 1

215 A 2 3913 A 2

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3909 A 1 213 A 2 3910 A 1 3912 A 1

208 A 2

209 A 2 210 A 2

212 A 2

214 A 1

216 A 1

3226 A 2 7206 A 1 3227 A 2 7207 A 1 3228 A 2 7208 A 1 3229 A 2 7209 A 2 3230 A 2 7210 A 2

3231 A 2 7211 A 2 3901 A 2 3903 A 2

4. DRIVE ASSEMBLY

This tape deck has three motors; one providing precision drive for the scanner unit; the second providing direct drive for the capstan and belt drive for the reel tables; the third motor drives the lift and tape threading/dethreading operations.

Special features are:

Quick start Short winding time Automatic cleaning of video heads by cleaning roller

To obtain a high repair standard we have developped a range of service kit's. These kit's covers the spare parts which are engaged together.



Before repairing a deck assembly the top and bottom covers should be removed.

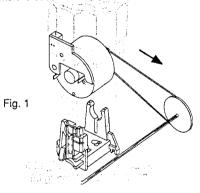
The procedure for the removal and refitting of the following parts is described; only the lift, the scanner, the capstan motor and the A/C head are fixed by screws.

All the other deck assembly parts are held only by snap hooks.

Manual extraction of cassette:

If, after the Eject button has been pressed, the drive does not unthread and eject the cassette, the dethreading/eject operation can also be carried out manually by turning the wheel at the rear of the threading motor.

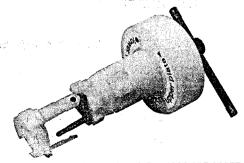
To avoid slack tape, alternate this action with the movement of the capstan motor (counter-clockwise), until the tape is completely taken into the cassette.



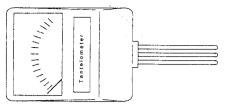
IMPORTANT:

After each repair has been carried out in the drive assembly, the first operation after repairing must be to bring the cassette compartment into "eject" position by hand.

Auxiliary tools for deck adjustment:



Tool for removing the head disc 4822 395 90977



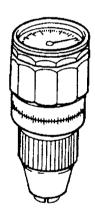
Tentelometer 4822 395 90584



Tool for tapetension adjustment 4822 395 50188

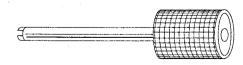


Handle 4822 256 90493



Torquemeter:

600 gf-cm 4822 395 90232 90 gf-cm 4822395 80196



Post adjustment screwdriver 4822 395 50275

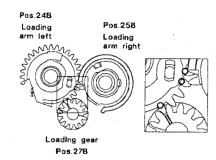
Testcassette 4822 397 30103 Nylon gloves 5322 395 94022

4.1.1 Deck lay out diagram

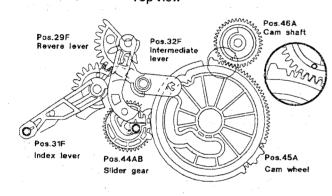
Deck in position "threaded out".

The following diagrams indicate the relative position of the gearwheels and levers when the deck is in the threaded out (cassette compartment down) position.

Top view



Top view



4.1.2 The Lift

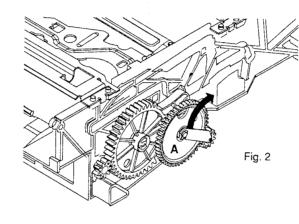
Refitting the lift compartment:

Ensure the lift compartment is down and gear A is rotated one click stop anticlockwise from the down position.

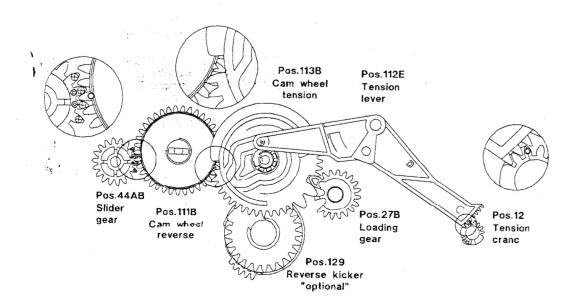
The removal and refitting of the lift can be carried out in all deck positions with the exception of "eject" (ensure that gears 103/105 are free).

To remove the lift

- Free the holding bracket (Fig. 2) by rotating it up and back from the upper end.
- Unscrew the 4 screws on the underside of the deck.
- Carefully remove the lift vertically, noting the position of the record protect operating lever.



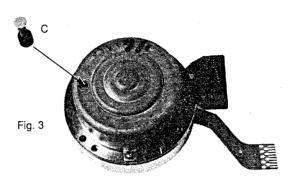
Underside view



4.1.3 Head disc replacement

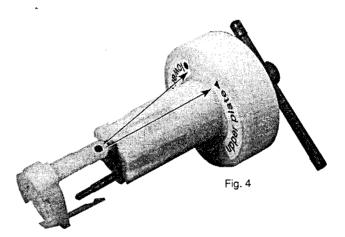
Removal:

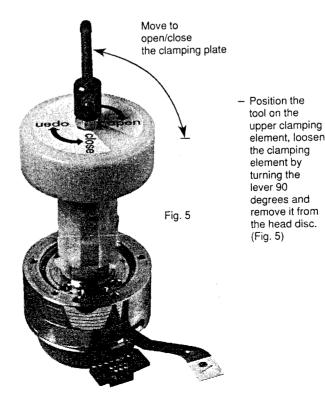
- Nylon gloves should be worn when handling the head disc.
- Turn the headdisc until the long hole of the rotor appears in the bigger hole of the scannermotor
- Insert the reference pin C (included with each service head disc) through the bigger hole of the lid of the scanner motor until the pin snaps in the long hole of the rotor. (Fig. 3)



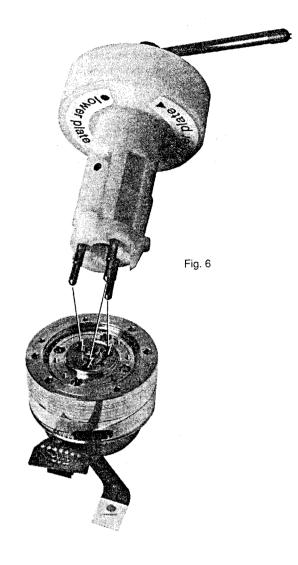
mportant:

Choose Installation/Removal of the upper/lower clamping element by turning and attaching the reference element to the tool. (Fig. 4)



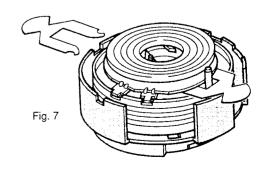


 Prepare the tool for the lower clamping element. Position the tool on the head disc and make sure that all 3 pins are snapped in the the lower clamping element. Loosen the clamping element by turning the lever 90 degrees and remove the head disc plus the tool from the scanner spindle. (Fig.6)

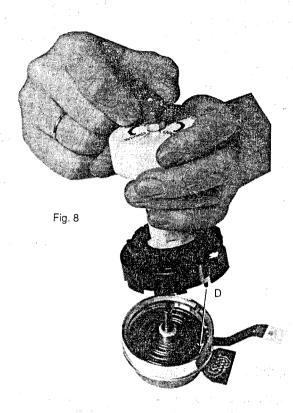


Installation:

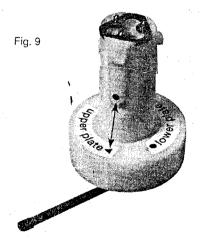
- Before carrying out the installation of the new head disc make sure that the scanner motor spindle is clean and undamaged. (The spindle has to be free of grease and must not be touched with bare hands)
- Insert the 2 Mylar foils (included with each head disc) in the head disc. (Fig.7)



- Position the tool (reference: lower clamping element) on the new headdisc (with protective cover) and loosen the lower clamping element.
- Position the head disc so that pin D of the protective cover engages in the hole of the stator (the arrow on the protective cover must point towards the scanner print). (Fig. 8)



- Reach the exact position through pressing the tool down with a force of 1 N. and fix the lower clamping element by turning the lever towards "close".
- Remove the tool.
- Change the tool to "upper clamping element" and position the clamping element exactly. (Fig. 9)

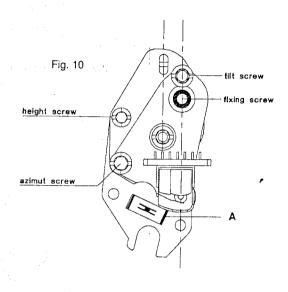


- Tighten the clamping element through turning the lever towards "open".
- Position the tool planely on the head disc and fix the clamping element. (Fig.5 "close")
- Remove the protecting cap from the head disc, withdraw the two Mylar foils and remove the reference pin C.

4.1.4 A/C Head (Combi head) (Pos. 36)

- Remove fixing spring (A) (Fig. 10).
- Remove the fixing screw and replace the A/C head.
- Use a new fixing spring (included with new A/C head) for reassembly.

After the A/C head has been replaced, all adjustments described in paragraph 4.2.1.2 and paragraph 4.2.1.3 have to be carried out.



4.1.5 Threading motor (Pos. 38)

- Remove the belt and disconnect the connector plug.
- Remove the threading motor from the motor supports (Fig. 11).

During reassembly ensure that the threading motor is correctly located in the front and rear supports.

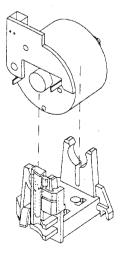


Fig. 11

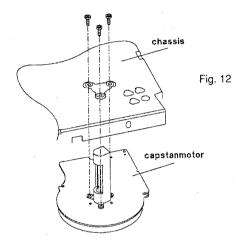
After replacing the head disc, carry out the following adjustments and checks :

- Head switching pulse (gap position, chapter 3)
- Write current adjustments (chapter 3)
- Check tape path alignment. (see paragraph 4.2.1.)

4.1.6 Capstan motor (Pos. 127)

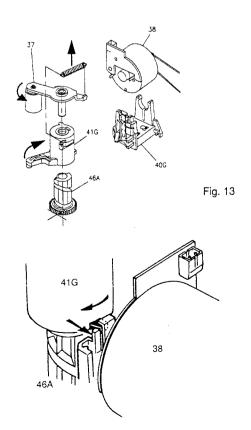
- Set the drive assy to "Eject" position.
- Remove the belt (pos.126) on the underside; then free the pin from the sensor print (see section 4.1.10). Lift sensor print part vertically (it is plug and socket connected to the capstan motor print). Move both sections of the sensor print clear of the capstan motor.
- Remove the three capstan motor fixing screws (Fig. 12) and withdraw the capstan motor downward from the drive assy.

The reassembly is carried out in reverse order. Make sure that the capstan is free of grease.



4.1.7 Pressure roller (Pos. 37)

- Set the drive assy to "Eject" position.
- Unhook and remove the pressure roller tension spring.
- Release the pressure roller guide (pos. 41G) from the guide in the threading motor holder by pressing the top of the motor guide rearwards and rotating the pressure roller guide assembly clockwise by approximately a quarter of a turn.(see Fig. 13) The pressure roller and guide can now be lifted clear.



Ensure that no grease from the pressure roller guide gets to the capstan or pressure roller.

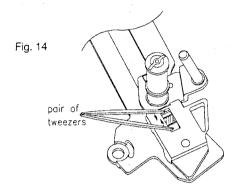
The reassembly is carried out in reverse order.

4.1.8 Roller unit right (Pos. 26)

- Set the drive assy to "Eject" position.
- Compress the two snap hooks by means of a pair of tweezers and remove the roller assy from the roller unit right (Fig. 14).
- Unhinge the loading arm right from the holding plate and push the latter towards the front of the deck to remove from the quide (right)

NOTE: During reassembly ensure the link from 25B is engaged in the hole of the holder plate 26

After replacing the roller unit (right), the tape path has to be checked, and adjusted if necessary (paragraph 4.2.1).



4.1.9 Roller unit left (Pos.23)

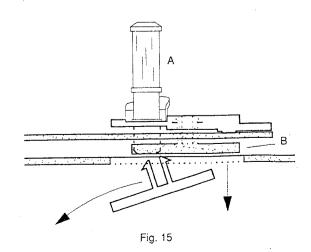
- Set the drive assy to "Eject" position.
- Unhook the tension arm spring (pos. 11), to avoid the tension arm spring being pre-loaded.
- At the bottom side of the drive assy, partially unhinge the sensor mounting print and remove the tension lever (pos.112).
- Compress the two snap hooks by means of a pair of tweezers (Fig. 9)and remove the roller assy (A) from the plate (B).
- Unhinge the loading arm (left) from the holding plate and remove the latter downward from the drive assy through the recess in the chassis (Fig. 15).

The reassembly is carried out in reverse order.

NOTE: During reassembly

- 1. Place the carriage holding plate in the assembly with the half-round cutout nearest the rear of the deck.
- 2. When the loading arm is refitted ensure the pin on the underside of 23 is through the link of 24B.

After replacing the roller unit (left) the tape path has to be checked (paragraph 4.2.1.), and adjusted if necessary.



4.1.10 Sensor print assy (Pos. 118)

For circuit diagram and electrical data see deck electronics (chapter 3).

If a part of the sensor print is defective the whole sensorprint has to be replaced.

Proceed as follows:

- Remove the deck assembly from the set.
- $\boldsymbol{-}$ Lift the sensor print vertically, it is plug and socket connected to the capstan motor print.
- All other parts are attached by means of snap hooks and are easily freed.

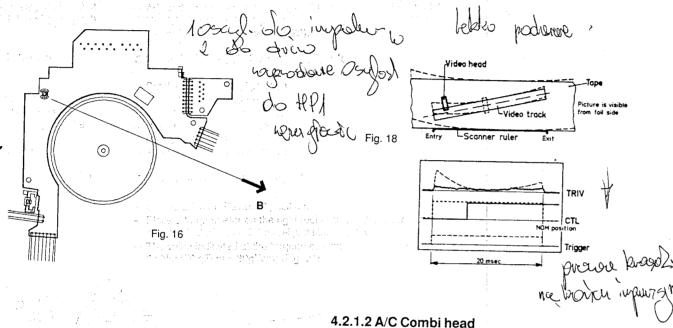
Reassembly is carried out by snapping the snap hooks into place, and inserting the rivet B.

- 1. Pressing the auto tracking button and watch the tape sync pulse move to the left in relation to the TRIV signal.
- 2. Note the extreme left hand position reached by the sync pulse, repeat as necessary.
- Stop the movement of the pulse when the TRIV signal reduces to 1/2 to 2/3 maximum amplitude by pressing the normal play button. A noisy picture (disturbances) is visible on the TV set and the CTL pulse should be to the left of the display.

The machine will retain this position in memory until an eject is carried out. This condition works only if X-distance is adjusted.

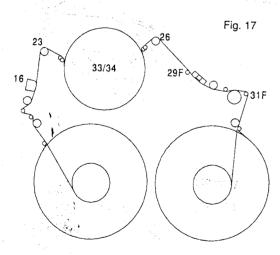
Adjustment:

Adjust the left and right roller units to make the tracking signal TRIV straight and flat as possible (Fig. 18).



4.2 Adjustments

4.2.1 Tape path



4.2.1.1 Roller left unit/roller unit right

Preparation:

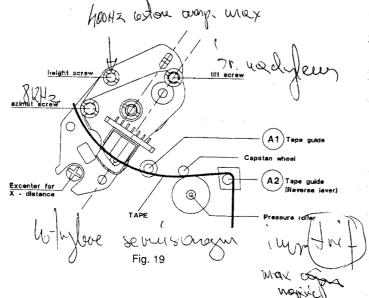
- Connect one input of a dual trace oscilloscope to observe the tape sync pulse CTL. The other input (DC coupled) to observe the tracking information TRIV.
- Trigger the oscilloscope externally on the head pulse HP1.
- Playback the black and white section of the alignment test tape.
- Set the deck in the condition where the video heads are running along the upper edge of the tracks only by:

Tilt angle adjustment

- Set the drive to feature mode (e.g. +7)
- Adjustment with tape guide A1:
- By means of the tilt angle adjusting screw move the tape until the lower edge just touches the tape guide A1 (see Fig. 19) the tape must not be distorted at the lower edge (by pressing onto

Adjustment without tape guide A1:

- By means of the tilt angle adjustment screw move over the tape until the lower edge just touches the tape guide A2 (see fig.19) (by pressing onto guide). After that turn the tilt angle adjustment screw anticlockwise for 60°-90° (The tape must not touch quide A2).



Adjustment of the azimuth angle and the head height

- Connect an oscilloscope to the linear Audio output.
- Play the section of the test cassette with the audio signal 400
- Adjust for maximum output voltage by means of the height adjustment screw
- Play the section of the test cassette with the audio signal 8 kHz.
- Adjust to maximum output voltage by means of the azimuth adjustment screw (Fig. 19).
- If necessary, repeat this procedure
- Check the tilt angle adjustment

If the tape path was completely out of adjustment or if several components in the tape path have been replaced, it is possible, that the adjustments described in paragraph 4.2.1.1 and paragraph 4.2.1.2 have to be repeated several times.

4.2.2 Adjustment of the horizontal distance (x-distance)

- Before this adjustment is carried out, insert the test cassette (start from Eject position). Call the service test program (tracking value will take up its nominal position) and press the
- Playback the black/white part of the test cassette.)
- Display the TRIV signal on an oscilloscope (DC-coupled) and adjust for maximum voltage by means of the eccentric screw (Fig.19).

4.2.3 Brake band adjustment

- Set the drive to "Play"
- Adjust the brake band by means of adjusting tool (from the underside of the drive), until the edge of the elbow of the tape tension arm overlaps with the left inner edge of the left guide by 0.5mm (see Fig. 20)

4.2.4 Tape tension adjustment

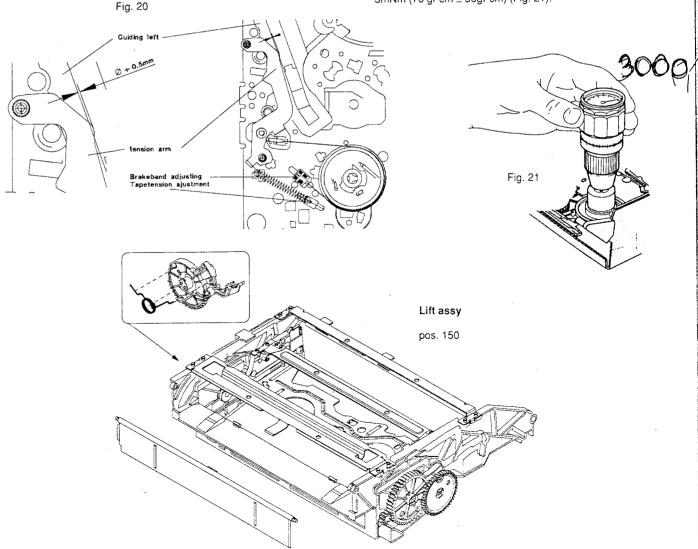
- Play a VCR cassette (E 180) starting from the beginning of the
- Measure the tape tension before the roller unit left by means of
- Adjust the tension arm spring (pos.11) to a tape tension of 0,24 $N \pm 0.02 N (24 g \pm 2 g)$ by means of the adjustment tool (from the underside of the drive, Fig. 20).

4.2.5 Friction clutch control check

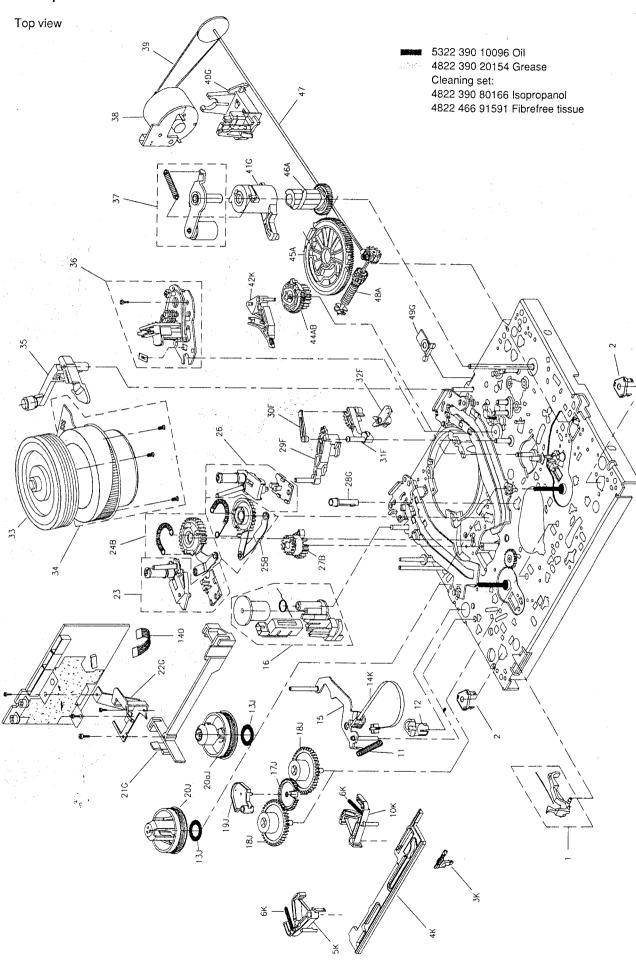
- Set the drive to "Play" position.
- Place the torquemeter on the right reel.
- Turn the capstan motor to move the right reel clockwise.
- Keep turning, until the indication at the torquemeter no longer changes (Fig. 21)
- The torque has to be 10,5 mNm \pm 25% (105gFcm \pm 25%)

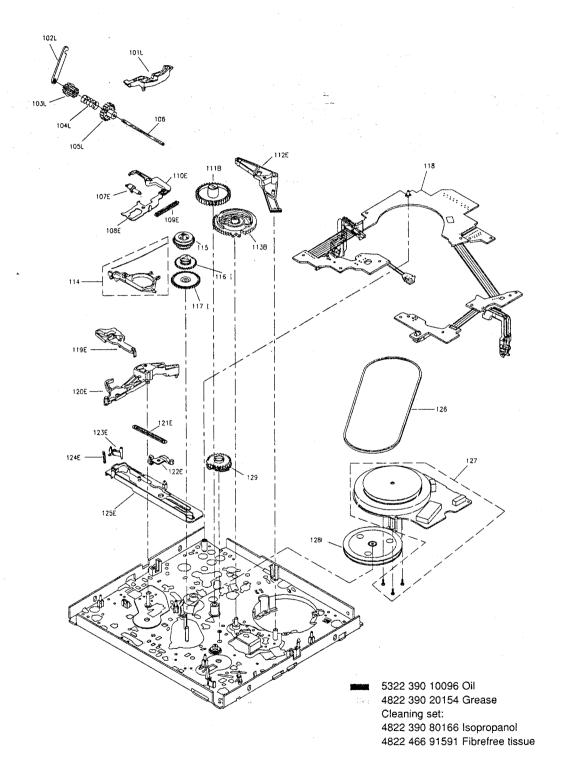
4.2.6 Reverse brake control

- Set the drive to "Reverse" position.
- Place a torquemeter on the right reel and turn the latter counterclockwise, until the reel just starts to flip.
- The value indicated at the torquemeter has to be 7mNm± 3mNm (70 gFcm ± 30gFcm) (Fig. 21).



4.3 Exploded view





4.4 Partslist

Pos.	Description	KIT's								Code number 4822	
		Α	В	Е	F	G	1	J	K	L	1022
1	Rec.protection lever (with spring)										403 70546
2	Chassis mounting spring (2x)										492 71022
3	Trigger lever								K		
4	Trigger slider								к		1 1 11 2
5	Main brake left							T	K		
6	Main brake spring (2x)							1	K		
10	Main brake right								K		
11	Tension arm spring										492 33317
12	Tension crank										403 70551
13	Slip ring							J			
14	Tension band								K		
15	Tension arm										403 70547
16	Erase head										249 40293
17	Swivelling gear							J			
	Brake gear (2x)							J			
19	Swivelling plate							J			
	Reel table (S)		-					J			
	Reel table (T)							J			
21	Headamplifier holder					G					
22	Bracket	<u> </u>				G					
23	Roller unit left			-	-	_					528 70771
	Loading arm left		В	-							
	Loading arm right		В				-	 			
	Roller unit right		_								528 70772
	Loading gear	_	В								
	Light prism		-			G					
29	Index lever			ļ	F						
	Reverse clip				F						
31	Reverse lever				F			1			
32	Intermediate lever		T-	_	F			<u> </u>			
33	Head disc 2/0			<u> </u>	Ė			†			691 20926
33	Head disc 3/0			H				-		_	691 20937
	Head disc 4/0							T			691 20938
34	Scanner motor 2/0 (with screws)										361 21548
34	Scanner motor 3/0 (with screws)										361 21549
34	Scanner motor 4/0 (with screws)										361 10658
35	Cleaning roller			L							528 70773
36	A/C Head (with clip and screws)										249 10468
37	Pressure roller (with spring)										528 70774
38	Threading motor							<u> </u>			361 21486
39											358 20421
40	Motor holder	<u></u>	_	<u>L</u>		G					
41	Pressure roller guide			_		G					
	Reverse brake			ļ				1	K		

Pos.	Description KIT's						Code number 4822				
		Α	В	Ε	F	G	1	J	K	L	
45	Cam wheel	Α	_								
46	Cam shaft	Α									
47	Pulley shaft									<u> </u>	528 81462
48	Worm shaft	Α									
49	Chassis mounting clip					G					
101	Casette loader trigger									L	
102	Clip									L	
103	Casette loader gear 1		2.5							L	
104	Casette loader spring									L	
105	Casette loader gear 2									L	
106	Spindle										535 93277
107	Pulse roller			Ε						1,2	
108	Pulse slider			Ε							
109	Pulse slider spring			Ε							
110	Pulse lever			Е							
111	Cam wheel reverse		В								
112	Tension lever			Е						- 1	
113	Cam wheel tension		В								
114	Clutch lever										403 70549
	(with spring)										
115	Clutch										528 20736
116	Changing gear						ı	-			
117	Double gear						ı	-			
118	Sensor print S-VHS										214 60155
	(with stud and rivet)			1							
119	Main slider lever			E							
120	Cam wheel lever			Ε							
121	Slider spring			Ε				-			
122	Clutch slider			Е							
123	Slider lever trigger			Е							
124	Slider lever spring			Е							
125	Main slider			Ε				_			
126	Driving belt					_					358 31166
127	Capstan motor				1						361 21484
	(with screws)							l			
128	Gear pulley			-		\exists	1				
129	Reverse kicker (with			-					\neg		522 20451
	transmission gears) *)			`		1					
140	Flex cable										320 40287
150	Lift										443 64112
KIT	A		\dashv		+	+	\dashv	-	\dashv	_	310 31954
KIT	В			\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv		\dashv		310 31954
KIT	E		-	-+	+	+	+	-+		-	310 31958
KIT	F		-		-	+	\dashv		1	\dashv	310 31959
KIT	G	\dashv	-	+	+	+	-+		\dashv		310 31959
KIT	I	-	-	\dashv	-	+	\dashv	-+	+		
KIT	7,			+		+	\dashv	+	\dashv		310 31963
KIT	K		\dashv	-	+	+	+	-	\dashv		
KIT	L		\dashv	-	+	+	+	+	\dashv		310 31997 310 32116
IXII			_ !								310 321 10

For getting a high repairstandard all spare parts included in a kit have to be replaced with the exception of kit E and kit G.

What are the benefits of service kits:

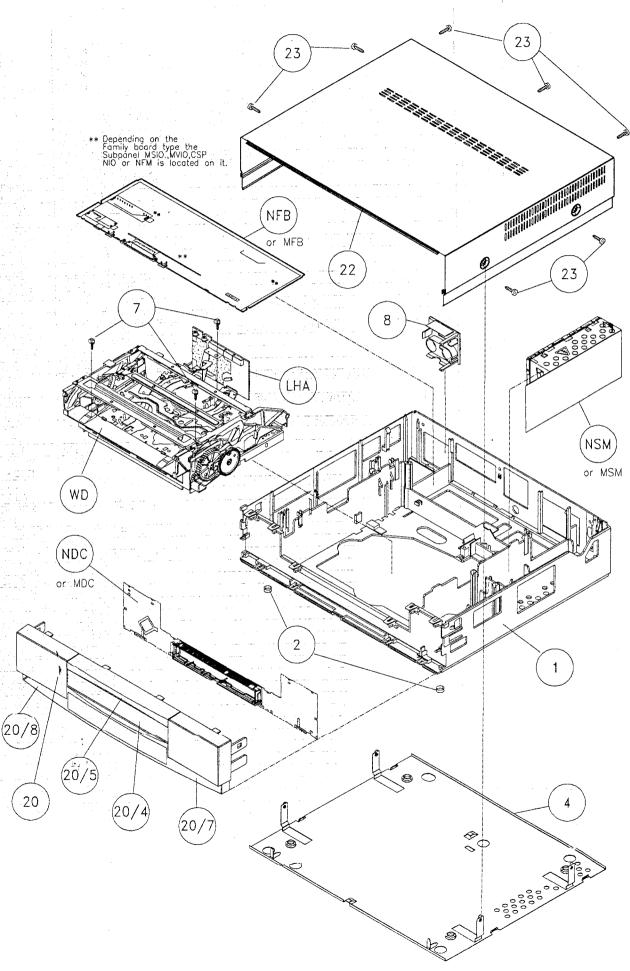
A better quality of repair (not only the defect part is replaced but also the related affected parts).

A faster repair (all the parts are already collected and are focussed on the problem).

A cheaper repair (parts are manufactured with the same parrts used for production, giving a high quality for lowest price).

^{*)} optional

EXPLODED VIEW SET



PARTSLIST

Position	12 NC 4822	Description	Set
1	464 50961	FRAME	all sets
2	462 41806	FOOT	all sets
4	443 51235	ВОТТОМ	all sets
7	502 13884	SCREW 3.4 x 16	all sets
8	443 63842	COVER	VR241/02/10, VR242/02, VR243/01/13, VR347/02/10, VR247/01/02/06, VR447/02
8	443 63843	COVER	VR2410/19, VR2419/39, VR2469/39, VR3419/39, VR3469/39, VR3479/39, VR4469/39,
	170 000 10		VR4479/39, 24DV10/19, 2SB41/11, 2SB410/18, 2SB419/38, 2SB469/38, 3SB47/11, 3SB419/38, 3SB469/38
20/4	443 64156	LIFT FLAP	VR241/02, VR242/02,
20/4	443 64158	LIFT FLAP	VR241/10, VR247/01, VR247/02, VR247/06
20/4	443 64167	LIFT FLAP	VR243/01, VR243/13
20/4	443 64168	LIFT FLAP	VR347/02, VR3469/39
20/4	443 64174	LIFT FLAP	VR347/10
20/4	443 64172	LIFT FLAP	VR447/02, VR3419/39
20/4	443 64184	LIFT FLAP	VR2419/39, VR2410/19, VR2469/39
20/4	443 64187	LIFT FLAP	VR4479/39
20/4	443 64185	LIFT FLAP	2SB41/11, 2SB410/18, 2SB419/38, 2SB469/38, 3SB47/11, 24DV10/19
20/4	443 64188	LIFT FLAP	VR3479/39
20/4	443 64195	LIFT FLAP	VR4469/39
20/4	443 64199	LIFT FLAP	3SB419/38, 3SB469/38
20/5	492 70896	LEG SPRING	all sets
20/7	462 42091	FOOT RIGHT	VR347/02, VR347/10, VR3419/39, VR3469/39, VR3479/39
20/7	462 42109	FOOT RIGHT	VR447/02, VR4479/39, VR4469/39
20/8	462 42092	FOOT LEFT	VR347/02, VR347/10, VR3419/39, VR3469/39, VR3479/39
20/8	462 42111	FOOT LEFT	VR447/02, VR4479/39, VR4469/39
20/9	443 64173	FLAP (CINCH)	VR447/02
20/9	443 64186	FLAP (CINCH)	VR4479/39, VR4469/39
22	444 60853	COVER LAQUERED	VR241/02/10, VR242/02, VR243/01/13, VR247/01/02/06, VR2419/39, VR2410/19, VR2469/39
22	443 64166	COVER LAQUERED	VR347/02, VR347/10, VR3419/39, VR3469/39, VR3479/39, VR447/02, VR4479/39, VR4469/39
22	443 64194	COVER LAQUERED	2SB41/11, 2SB410/18, 2SB419/38, 2SB469/38, 3SB419/38, 3SB469/38, 3SB47/11, 24DV10/19
23	502 13173	SCREW	all sets
168	459 10923	WORDMARK SCHNEIDER	24DV10/19
168	459 10896	WORDMARK RADIOLA	2SB410/18, 2SB419/38, 2SB469/38, 3SB419/38, 3SB469/38
168	459 10912	WORDMARK SBR	2SB41/11, 3SB47/11
20	443 41367	CONTROL PANEL	VR241/02, VR242/02
20	443 41371	CONTROL PANEL	VR241/10
20	443 41375	CONTROL PANEL	VR243/01, VR243/13
20	443 41377	CONTROL PANEL	VR247/01
20	443 41382	CONTROL PANEL	VR247/02
20	443 41404	CONTROL PANEL	VR247/06
20	443 41376	CONTROL PANEL	VR347/02
20	443 41381	CONTROL PANEL	VR347/10
20	443 41379	CONTROL PANEL	VR447/02
20	443 41392	CONTROL PANEL	VR2410/19
20	443 41384	CONTROL PANEL	VR2419/39
20	443 41388	CONTROL PANEL	VR2469/39
20	443 41383	CONTROL PANEL	VR3419/39
20	443 41389	CONTROL PANEL	VR3469/39
20	443 41395	CONTROL PANEL	VR3479/39
20	443 41397	CONTROL PANEL	VR4469/39
20	443 41387	CONTROL PANEL	VR4479/39 2SB41/11
20	443 41402	CONTROL PANEL	
20	443 41396	CONTROL PANEL	2SB410/18
20	443 41385	CONTROL PANEL	2SB419/38
20	443 41399	CONTROL PANEL	2SB469/38 3SB419/38
20	443 41398	CONTROL PANEL	3SB469/38
20	443 41401	CONTROL PANEL	
20	443 41403	CONTROL PANEL	3SB47/11 24DV10/19
20	443 41386	CONTROL PANEL	240710/19

POWER SUPPLY NSM

	POWER 30F
	1
CONNECTORS	2
4822 267 31064 4822 462 71855 4822 265 41251	MAINS CONNECTOR COVER CONNECTOR 15 P.
MISCELLANEOUS	
4822 256 30514 1050	FUSE HOLDER FUSE T1.25A
CAPACITORS	1 2 1 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
2015	2,7 nF 100V 220 nF 63V 100 nF 50V 100 nF 63V 47 nF 25V 47 nF 400V 100 nF 250V 100 pF 250V 100 pF 250V 1 nF 400V 1 nF 400V 1 nF 400V 1 nF 50V 2 nF 50V 47 µF 50V 2 nF 250V 1 nF 50V 2 nF 250V 1 nF 50V 2 nF 250V 2 nF 25V 680 µF 25V 680 µF 25V
RESISTORS	
3005 4822 116 52283 3007 4822 117 11167 3011 4822 117 11166 3020 4822 116 52215 3022 4822 116 52233 3035 4822 116 52233 3040 4822 116 52233 3042 4822 116 52233 3044 4822 116 52233 3046	4,7 kΩ 0,5W 820 kΩ 0,5W 360 kΩ 0,5W 220 Ω 0,5W 3,3 kΩ 0,5W 10 kΩ 0,5W 3,9 MΩ 0,5W 3,9 MΩ 0,5W 3,9 MΩ 0,5W 68 kΩ 0,5W 680 Ω 0,5W 680 Ω 0,5W 470 Ω 0,5W
COILS	
5042 4822 157 60147 5050	2,2 μH MAINS FILTER TRANSFORMER 10 μH 2,2 μH 22 μH

5160 ∧	4822 157 53005		
5162	4822 157 50961	22 µH	
5182	4822 157 53252	22 μH	4.
5184	4822 157 53252	22 μH	
		•	
DIODES	S		
6027	4822 130 30842	BAV21	
6040	4822 130 82885	BYT52M	
6070	5322 209 12018	DF08M	
6100	4822 130 82885	BYT52M	
6105	4822 130 82885	BYT52M	
6130	4822 130 32961	BYV28-200	
6155	4822 130 32961	BYV28-200	
6180	4822 130 32715	SB340	
TRANS	SISTORS & IC's		
		TD 4 4005 0	
	4822 209 31528	TDA4605-3	
7007	4822 209 31551	SPH4690 IRFBC30	
	4822 130 62753		
. 555	4822 130 83676	SOC1012T/K1150PG	
7085	4822 209 33323	TL431CLPRM	
 •	substitute for SPH	14690	
		i	

POWER SUPPLY MSM

CONNE	CTORS	
	4822 265 41251	15 pin
<u> </u>	4822 267 31064	Mains connector
MISCEL	LANEOUS	
\triangle	4822 256 30274	Fuse holder
Ŵ	4822 462 71855	MSM Cover
1101	4822 070 32002	Fuse 2A/250V
CAPAC	ITORS	
2101 /	4822 121 70163	100 nF 250V
	4822 122 33284	470 pF 400V
	4822 122 33284	470 400V
	4822 122 33284	470 400V
	4822 121 70163	100 nF 250V
2112	4822 124 42104	68 μF 385V
	4822 122 33284	470 pF 400V
2114	5322 121 10472	47 μF 47UF25V
2115	4822 121 42408	220 nF 63V
2116	4822 121 70162	10 nF 400V
2117 .	5322 121 42386	100 nF 63V
2118	4822 124 80402	1 nF
2119	4822 121 51299	1 nF 50V
2121	5322 121 42386	100 nF 63V
2201	4822 124 80267	47 μF 50V
2204	4822 124 40739	680 μF 25V
2206	4822 124 40739	680 µF 25V
2207	4822 124 40739	680 μF 25V
2209	4822 124 80267 4822 121 41856	47 μF 50V 22 nF 250V
2210 2211	4822 121 41856	22 nF 250V
2212	5322 121 42386	100 nF 63V
2214	4822 124 40199	680 μF 16V
2215	4822 124 40199	680 μF 16V
2217	5322 121 42386	100 nF 63V
RESIS	TORS	
3102 1	4822 053 21395	3,9 MΩ 0,5W
3103 🗥	4822 053 21395	3,9 ΜΩ 0,5W
3104	4822 116 52224	470 Ω 0,5W
	4822 053 21225	2,2 MΩ 0,5W
3109	4822 053 30338	3,3 Ω 2,5W
3112	4822 116 52271	33 kΩ 0,5W
3119	4822 116 52271	33 kΩ 0,5W
3120	4822 116 52215	220 Ω 0,5W
3121	4822 050 13302	3,3 kΩ 0,4W
3122	4822 117 10314	680 kΩ
3123	4822 117 10161	560 kΩ
3124	4822 116 52269	3,3 kΩ 0,5W
	4822 116 52215	220 Ω 1/8W
3125		10 kΩ 0,5W
3125 3126	4822 116 52233	33 Ω 0,5W
3125 3126 3127	4822 116 52191	
3125 3126 3127 3129	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284	47 kΩ 0,5W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W 4,7 Ω 0,6W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W 4,7 Ω 0,6W 100 Ω 0,5W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132 3203	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175 4822 116 52224	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W 4,7 Ω 0,6W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132 3203 3204	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175 4822 116 52224 4822 100 11205	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W $4,7$ Ω 0,6W 100 Ω 0,5W 470 Ω 0,5W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132 3203 3204 3205	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175 4822 116 52224 4822 100 11205 4822 116 52228	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W 4,7 Ω 0,6W 100 Ω 0,5W 470 Ω 0,5W 680 Ω 0,5W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132 3203 3204 3205 3206	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175 4822 116 52224 4822 100 11205	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W $4,7$ Ω 0,6W 100 Ω 0,5W 470 Ω 0,5W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132 3203 3204 3205	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175 4822 116 52224 4822 100 11205 4822 116 52228 4822 050 11002	47 kΩ 0,5W 47 kΩ 0,5W 4.7 Ω 0,6W 100 Ω 0,5W 470 Ω 0,5W 470 Ω 0,5W 1 kΩ 0,4W
3125 3126 3127 3129 3130 3131 3132 3203 3204 3205 3206 3207	4822 116 52191 4822 116 52284 4822 116 52284 4822 050 24708 4822 116 52175 4822 116 52224 4822 100 11205 4822 116 52228 4822 050 11002 4822 116 52222	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

COILS		
5103 ∧	4822 218 21101	
5114 \Lambda	4822 148 81322	TRANSFORMER
5203	4822 157 53006	* *
5204 ∕\	4822 157 53005	0,33 μΗ
5207	4822 157 53252	22 μΗ
5209	4822 157 53252	22 μΗ
5210	4822 157 53252	22 μΗ
DIODES	 S	
	in the second	
6110	4822 130 80858	1N5062
6111	4822 130 80858	1N5062
6112	4822 130 80858	1N5062
6113	4822 130 80858	1N5062
6114	4822 130 80858	1N5062
6115	4822 130 83307	UG06B
6116	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6201	4822 130 83121	BYD73C
6203	4822 130 81516	MUR410 MUR410
6204	4822 130 81516	BYD73C
6206	4822 130 83121 4822 130 32715	SB340
6210	4822 130 32715	30340
TRANS	SISTORS & IC's	
7105	4822 209 31551	SPH4690
7110 *	4822 209 31528	TDA4605-3
7135	4822 130 62753 substitute for SP	BUZ90A H4690 (IC7105)
۸	4822 209 32126	SOC 1012T

OPERATING PANELS MDCP3/VPT, NDCP2/UG, NDCB1/UG, NDCB1/PECO

CON	IECTORS	
	4822 265 30988 4822 265 30991 4822 265 92023 only	15 pin Display holder Display holder y for Display 14-BT-28GK,15-MT-63GK
	4822 276 11349	Keys
MISC	ELLANEOUS	
1001 1002	5322 242 73697 4822 242 72892	Crystal 8 MHz Crystal 32,768 kHz
CAPA	CITORS	
2003 2004 2005 2010 2020 2030 2031 2037 2051 2052 2999	4822 122 33847 4822 122 10462 4822 125 50412 4822 121 51387 4822 124 80229 4822 121 51387 4822 121 42408 4822 121 51387 5322 121 42386 4822 121 42408 4822 124 80238	10 pF 50V 15 pF 7,5 pF 10 nF 16V 22 μF 16V 10 nF 16V 220 nF 63V 10 nF 100 nF 470 μF 6,3V only for ECO
RESIS	STORS	
3001 3002 3006 3006 3007 3011 3012 3028 3029 3030 3031 3032 3033 3033 3034 3035 3035 3050 3053		100 Ω 0,5W 100 Ω 0,5W 100 Ω 0,5W 100 Ω 0,5W 10 Ω 0,5W 10 Ω 0,5W 220 Ω 1/8W 10 Ω 0,5W 22 Ω 0,5W 22 Ω 0,5W 4,7 Ω 0,5W 4,7 Ω 0,5W 10 Ω 0,5W 10 Ω 0,5W 10 Ω 0,5W 11 Ω 0,5W 12 Ω 0,5W 12 Ω 0,5W 10 Ω 0,5W
3300 3301 3302	4822 116 52233 4822 116 52233 4822 116 52233	10 kΩ 0,5W 10 kΩ 0,5W 10 kΩ 0,5W
3400 3401 3402 3403	4822 116 52263 4822 116 52263 4822 116 52263 4822 116 52263	2,7 kΩ 0,5W ** 2,7 kΩ 0,5W ** 2,7 kΩ 0,5W ** 2,7 kΩ 0,5W ** ** only for MDCP./., NDCP./.

_		
DIOD	ES	i .
6010	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6011	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6012	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6031	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6032	4822 130 30621	
6050	4822 130 34197	BZX79-C12
6050	4822 130 30862	BZX79-C12 BZX79-C9V1
0000		
6099	4822 130 31983	y for Display 14-BT-28GK,15-MT-63GK BAT85
0033	4022 130 31903	DA 105
:: <u></u>		
TRAN	ISISTORS & IC's	
7030	5322 130 60068	BC558C
7031	4822 130 40937	BC548B
7101	4822 209 33355	TMP87CH70AF NDCP2-1U
		only for NDCP2/UG
7101	4822 209 32296	TMP87CH70AF MDCP3-1U
		only for MDCP3/VPT, MDCB1/VPT
7101	4822 209 33494	TMP87CH70AF NDCQ1-2P
		only for NDCB1/PECO
7101	4822 209 33489	TMP87CK70AF NDCB2-1U
		only for NDCB1/UG
7102	4822 130 91144	16-MT-44GK10R
		only for NDCP2/UG
7102	4822 130 91213	14-BT-28GK
	only for M	IDCP3/VPT, MDCB1/P, NDCB1/PECO
7102	4822 130 91363	15-MT-63GK
		only for NDCB1/UG
7103	4822 214 33534	IR-receiver TFMO-4036MM
7103	4822 212 30842	IR-receiver TFMS5360
		only for NDCB1/PECO
		,

OPERATING PANEL NDCP4/UBG

1002 5322 242 73682 Crystal: 1104 4822 267 31773 HSJ145 1106 4822 267 31775 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 CAPACITORS 2003 4822 122 31971 10 pf 2004 4822 122 32504 15 pf 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pf 2010 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μf 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μf 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2031 4822 124 32442 10 nf 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nf 2401 4822 122 31777 470 pf 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nf 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μf RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kg 3012 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10103 10 kg 3030 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3031 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10103 10 kg 3031 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kg 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	a.00 MHz a.2,768 kHZ chinch YELLO chinch WHITE 63V 63V 16V 16V 50V 63V 63V 50V 63V 63V 63V
#822 267 41163 5 pin 4822 267 51281 15 pin 4822 266 92072	a.00 MHz a.2,768 kHZ chinch YELLO chinch WHITE 63V 63V 63V 16V 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	a.00 MHz a.2,768 kHZ chinch YELLO chinch WHITE 63V 63V 63V 16V 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	a.00 MHz a.2,768 kHZ chinch YELLO chinch WHITE 63V 63V 63V 16V 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	a.00 MHz a.2,768 kHZ chinch YELLO chinch WHITE 63V 63V 63V 16V 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	3.00 MHz 32,768 kHZ 2 Edit 2 chinch YELLO 2 chinch WHITE = 63V = 63V = 50V = 16V = 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V = 63V
MISCELLANEOUS 1001 5322 242 73697 Crystal 1 1002 5322 242 73682 Crystal 1 1104 4822 267 31773 HSJ145 1106 4822 267 31775 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 TSJ2022 TSJ20222 TTTTTTTTTTTTT	32,768 kHZ 2 Edit 2 chinch YELLO 2 chinch WHITE 63V 63V 5 50V 16V 5 16V 5 50V 63V 5 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V
1001 5322 242 73697 Crystal 3 1002 5322 242 73682 Crystal 3 1104 4822 267 31773 HSJ145 1106 4822 267 31774 JPJ2023 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2023 1107 4822 122 31971 10 pF 2004 4822 122 32504 15 pF 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pF 2010 4922 122 32442 10 nF 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF 2051 4822 125 10103 10 kG 3030 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3033 4822 051 1023 22 kG 3033 4822 051 1023 22 kG 3033 4822 051 10223 22 kG 3033 4822 051 10102 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10222 2,2 kG 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3034	32,768 kHZ 2 Edit 2 chinch YELLO 2 chinch WHITE 63V 63V 5 50V 16V 5 16V 5 50V 63V 5 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V
1002 5322 242 73682 Crystal: 1104 4822 267 31773 HSJ145 1106 4822 267 31775 JPJ202: 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ202: 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ202: CAPACITORS 2003 4822 122 31971 10 pF 2004 4822 122 32504 15 pF 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pF 2010 4922 122 32442 10 nF 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2034 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 124 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3012 4822 051 1021 220 Ω 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10223 22 kG 3031 4822 051 10102 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG	32,768 kHZ 2 Edit 2 chinch YELLO 2 chinch WHITE 63V 63V 5 50V 16V 5 16V 5 50V 63V 5 50V 63V 63V 63V 63V
1104 4822 267 31773 HŚJ145 1106 4822 267 31775 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 CAPACITORS 2003 4822 122 31971 10 pF 2004 4822 122 32504 15 pF 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pF 2010 4922 122 32442 10 nF 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 124 42072 22 μF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3012 4822 051 1021 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3031 4822 051 10223 22 kG 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG	2 Edit 2 chinch YELLO 2 chinch WHITE 63V 63V 63V 616V 616V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V
1106 4822 267 31775 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 1107 4822 267 31774 JPJ2022 CAPACITORS 2003 4822 122 31971 10 pF 2004 4822 122 32504 15 pF 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pF 2010 4922 122 32442 10 nF 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μF 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2403 4822 121 42408 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3012 4822 051 1021 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10221 22 μG 3031 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3030 4822 051 10221 22 μG 3031 4822 051 10102 1 μG 3033 4822 051 10021 2 μG	2 chinch YELLO 2 chinch WHITE = 63V = 63V = 50V = 16V = 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V = 50V
CAPACITORS 2003 4822 122 31971 10 pF 2004 4822 122 32504 15 pF 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pF 2010 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 124 4208 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 1003 10 kg 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω <td>2 chinch WHITE = 63V = 63V = 16V = 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V = 50V</td>	2 chinch WHITE = 63V = 63V = 16V = 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V = 50V
CAPACITORS 2003	= 63V = 63V = 50V = 16V = 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V
2003	63V 5 50V 6 16V 6 50V 6 63V 6 63V
2004 4822 122 32504 15 pf 2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pf 2010 4922 122 32442 10 nf 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μf 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μf 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2031 4822 124 4248 220 nf 2031 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2051 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2052 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pf 2403 4822 122 31727 470 pf 2403 4822 124 42408 220 nf 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μf RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kg 3012 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10223 22 kg 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	63V 5 50V 6 16V 6 50V 6 63V 6 63V
2005 4822 125 50412 7,5 pf 2010 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μf 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μf 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nf 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2051 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pf 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nf 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μf RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kg 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 1023 22 kg 3031 4822 051 10102 1 kg 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kg 3033 4822 051 10222 2,2 kg 3034 4822 051 10222 2,2 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	5 50V 5 16V 5 16V 5 50V 6 63V 5 50V 6 63V
2010 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2052 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2403 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 124 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10023 22 kΩ 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 1 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	5 50V 5 16V 5 16V 5 50V 5 63V 5 50V 6 63V
2011 4822 124 42152 220 μF 2020 4822 124 80729 22 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 124 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 1023 10 kG 3031 4822 051 1023 22 kG 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kG 3033 4822 051 1002 1 kG	= 16V = 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V
2020 4822 124 80729 22 μF 2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2037 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10103 10 kG 3030 4822 051 1023 22 kG 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kG 3032 4822 051 10023 22 kG 3033 4822 051 10021 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10021 1 kG 3033 4822 051 10022 2 kG 3034 4822 051 10022 2 2,2 kG	= 16V = 50V = 63V = 50V = 63V
2030 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2031 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 κΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 κΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3031 4822 051 10223 22 κΩ 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 κΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 κΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 κΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 κΩ	5 50V 63V 5 50V 63V
2031 4822 121 42408 220 nf 2037 4822 122 32442 10 nf 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nf 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nf 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pf 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nf 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μf RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3031 4822 051 10223 22 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	5 63V 5 50V 5 63V
2037 4822 122 32442 10 nF 2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3031 4822 051 10223 22 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	50V 63V
2051 4822 122 31947 100 nF 2052 4822 126 13219 100 nF 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10221 22 kΩ 3031 4822 051 1023 22 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	63V
2052 4822 126 13219 100 nf 2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nf 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μf RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10223 22 kΩ 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	
2401 4822 122 31727 470 pF 2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3030 4822 051 10223 22 kΩ 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 101023 1 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	
2403 4822 121 42408 220 nF 2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF 200	
2999 4822 124 80238 200 μF RESISTORS 3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3030 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3030 4822 051 1023 22 kΩ 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3033 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	
3011 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3012 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3028 4822 051 10221 220 Ω 3029 4822 051 10103 10 kΩ 3030 4822 051 1023 22 kΩ 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kΩ 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kΩ	
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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.25W
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
3029 4822 051 10103 10 ks 3030 4822 051 10223 22 ks 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 ks 3032 4822 051 10102 1 ks 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 ks 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 ks	
3030 4822 051 10223 22 kg 3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg 3032 4822 051 10102 1 kg 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	•
3031 4822 051 10472 4,7 ks 3032 4822 051 10102 1 ks 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 ks 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 ks	
3032 4822 051 10102 1 kg 3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	
3033 4822 051 20222 2,2 kg 3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	•
3034 4822 051 10472 4,7 kg	
3035 4822 051 10103 10 kg	
	2 0,25W
3037 4822 051 10223 22 kg	
3050 4822 116 52256 2,2 ks	
3053 4822 051 10478 4,7 Ω	
3300 4822 051 10103 10 kg	
3301 4822 051 10103 10 kg	
3302 4822 051 10103 10 kg	
3401 4822 116 52201 75 Ω	
	Ω 0,25W
3502 4822 051 10471 470 Ω	0,25W
3901 4822 051 10008 0 Ω	0,25W
3903 4822 051 10008 0 Ω	0,25W
COILS	
5000 4822 157 52286 22 μH 5001 4822 157 52285 6,8 μH	

DIODE	ES	
6010 6011 6012	4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621	1N4148 1N4148 1N4148
6031 6032 6050	4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 34197	1N4148 1N4148 BZX79-B12
6099 6401	4822 130 31983 4822 130 30621	BAT85 1N4148
6501 6502	4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278	BZX79-B6V8 BZX79-B6V8
TRAN	SISTORS & IC's	
7030 7031 7101 7102 7103	4822 130 42513 5322 130 41982 4822 209 33495 4822 130 91144 4822 212 30842	BC858C BC848B TMP87CN71F NDCP4-1U FIP16BM10R TFMS5360

COILS

σ_χ ' 5000 4822 157 52286 22 μH



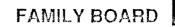


		1 :			
CONNECTORS		2028	5322 122 33861	120 pF	50V
	The state of the s	2029	5322 122 32452	47 pF	63V
4822 267 51163	10 pin	2032 2033	4822 124 40242 5322 122 33861	1 μF 120 pF	63V 50V
4822 267 51281	15 pin	2034	5322 122 32654	22 nF	63V
4822 267 51281 4822 267 51164	15 pin 16 pin not for ECO	2035	4822 124 40242	1 μF	63V
4822 267 51281	15 pin only for ECO	2038	4822 122 33514	68 pF	50V
4822 267 41062	6 pin 3 pin	2039 2040	5322 122 33538	150 pF	63V
4822 265 30989	3 pin (1997) 3 pin (1997) 3 pin (1997)	2040	4822 124 22826 4822 124 40248	10 μF 10 μF	16V 63V
4822 267 60333 4822 265 30987	Scart plug	2042	4822 126 10002	100 nF	25V
4822 267 40696	3 pin: 4.3 % ** 8 4.3 ** 8 ***	2043	5322 122 32654	22 nF	63V
	o più se la chillière blasce la specifica	2045	4822 121 51387	10 nF	16V
MISCELLANEOUS		2046 2047	4822 124 40242 4822 124 40242	1 ½ μF 1 μF	63V 63V
		2048	4822 122 33797	47 nF	50V
1400 🛆 4822 071 56301	Fuse 630mA	2050	5322 122 31946	27 pF	50V
1401 4822 242 73809	Crystal 10 MHz	2052	4822 124 40248	10 μF	63V
1402 🗥 4822 071 58009	Fuse 80mA	2055 2056	4822 126 10002 4822 122 33797	100 nF 47 nF	25V 50V
1500 4022 214 22710	MDLK6D915A for PAL BG	2057	4822 122 33797	47 nF	50V
1500 4822 214 33719 1500 4822 214 33773	MDLK6E917A for PAL BG/SEC DK	2058	4822 124 41576	2,2 μF	50V
1500 4822 214 33718	MDLK6B776A for PAL I	2059	4822 124 40242	1 μF	63V
	CONTRACTOR SERVICES TO THE	2061 2063	5322 122 34123 5322 122 34123	1 nF 1 nF	50V ,50V
1501 4822 157 60192	Coil not for PAL I & ECO	2063	4822 122 31947	100 nF	63V
1601 4822 242 81067 1602 \(\triangle \) 4822 071 58001	Crystal 4.433 619 MC Fuse 800mA	2065	4822 122 33514	68 pF	50V
1603 4822 320 40168	Delay line	2066	5322 122 31946	27 pF	50V
1701 4822 116 90869	Resistor network only for VST	2067 2068	5322 122 32659 4822 122 33514	33 pF 68 pF	50V 50V
4700 4000 040 40400	LEVOLT - STATE OF THE PARTY OF	2069	5322 122 31946	27 pF	50V 50V
1720 4822 210 10498 1720 4822 210 10498	UV917 for VST & PAL BG UV917 for VST & PAL BG/SEC DK	2070	4822 122 33515	82 pF	63V
1720 4822 210 10498	UV917 for VST & PAL I-VHF (triand)	2071	5322 122 32452	47 pF	63V
1720 4822 210 10452	UV943 for VST & PAL I	2072	5322 122 34123	1 nF	50V
1700 4000 010 10000	10 kg 1 kg	2080	4822 122 33177 5322 122 34123	10 hF 1 hF	50V 50V
1720 4822 210 10392 1720 4822 210 10392	UV916E for PLL & PAL BG UV916E for PLL & PAL BG/SEC DK	2082	4822 124 41576	2,2 μF	only for PAL BG/SEC DI
1720 4822 210 10392	UV916E for PLL & PAL I-VHF (Irland)	2083	4822 124 41576	2,2 μF	only for PAL BG/SEC DI
1720 4822 210 10393	UV944C for PLL & PAL I	2084	4822 124 41577	4,7 μF	only for PAL BG/SEC DI
1701 4900 040 91001	OFWC1066M for DAL DC	2085 2086	4822 124 41643 5322 122 34123	100 μF 1 nF	only for PAL BG/SEC DI only for PAL BG/SEC DI
1721 4822 242 81261 1721 4822 242 72197	OFWG1966M For PAL BG OFWK2950M For PAL BG/SEC DK	2087	5322 122 31863	330 pF	50V
1721 4822 242 70936	OFWJ1952M for PAL I	2088	4822 122 31947	100 nF	63V
		2090 2095	4822 126 10002 5322 122 32452	100 nF 47 pF	25V 63V
1722 4822 242 72586 1722 4822 242 81572	TPS5,5MB for PAL BG TPS6,0MB for PAL I	2095	5322 122 32452	47 pF 47 pF	63V
1722 4822 242 72586	TPS5,5MB for PAL BG/SEC DK	2099	5322 122 34123	1 nF	50V
	The same of the same	2100	4822 122 31825	27 pF	63V
1723 4822 242 72914	SFSH5,5MDB not for PAL I	2101 2106	5322 122 33861	120 pF	50V 50V
1724 4822 242 81299 1724 4822 242 70279	SFSH6,5MDB for PAL BG/SEC DK SFE6,0MB for PAL I	2107	5322 122 32481 4822 122 33177	15 pF 10 nF	50V 50V
1724 4022 242 70273	OI EO,OMB	2211	5322 122 32452	47 pF	63V only for LI
CADACITODS		2300	5322 122 31946	27 pF	50V only for VPS
CAPACITORS		2301 2302	4822 122 33342 4822 126 10002	33 nF 100 nF	63V only for VP3 25V only for VP3
2000 5322 1,22 32659	33 pF 50V	2303	4822 122 33177	100 nF	50V only for VPS
2001 4822 122 33514	68 pF 50V	2402	4822 124 40433	47 μF	25V
2002 4822 126 10326	180 pF 63V	2403	4822 126 10002	100 nF	25V
2003 4822 122 33575 2004 5322 122 32965	220 pF 50V 18 pF 50V	2404 2405	5322 126 10223 5322 122 32658	4,7 nF 22 pF	63V 50V
2009 4822 124 40248	10 μF 63V	2406	5322 122 32658	22 pF	50V
2010 5322 122 34123	1 nF 50V	2407	4822 126 10002	100 nF	25V
2011 4822 124 40248 2012 4822 124 80705	10 μF 63V 1 μF 50V	2408 2409	4822 126 10002	100 nF	25V 50V
2012 4822 124 00703	1 μF 50V 390 pF 50V	2410	4822 122 33177 4822 124 40433	10 nF 47 μF	25V
2014 5322 122 32452	47 pF 63V	2411	5322 126 10223	4,7 nF	63V
2015 4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	2412	4822 124 41643	100 μF	16V
2017 5322 122 31946 2018 5322 122 32531	27 pF 50V 100 pF 50V	2413 2414	5322 122 34123 4822 122 31981	1 nF	50V 50V
2019 5322 122 33538	150 pF 50V 150 pF 63V	2414	4822 122 31981 4822 122 31947	33 nF 100 nF	63V
2020 5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V	2416	4822 126 10002	100 nF	25V
2021 4822 124 41643	100 μF 16V	2417	4822 124 40433	47 μF	25V
2023 4822 124 22263 2024 4822 124 40433	1.0016V - 47 μF25V	2418 2419	4822 122 33177 5322 126 10223	10 nF	50V 63V
2025 4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V	2420	4822 124 40433	4,7 nF 47 μF	25V
2026 5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V	2423	4822 122 31947	100 nF	63V
2027 4822 122 33515	82 pF 63V	2500	5322 126 10223	4,7 nF	63V

FAMILY BOARD NE NE

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		F 501/		0044	4000 054 00470	47 10 0111	
2503	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50V		3041	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W	
2504	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50V		3043	4822 051 20561	560 Ω 0,1W	
2506	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50V		3044	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	
2507	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3045	4822 051 20472	$4,7$ k Ω $0,1$ W	
2508	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V		3046	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W	
2600	5322 122 34123	1 nF 50V		3051	4822 051 20105	1 MΩ 0,1W	
2601	5322 122 31865	1,5 nF 63V	only for LP	3052	4822 051 20822	8,2 kΩ 0,1W	
2602	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V	only for LP	3054	4822 116 52289	5,6 kΩ 0,5W	
2603	5322 122 34123	1 nF 50V		3055	4822 051 20821	820 Ω 0,1W	
2604	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V		3062	4822 051 20182	1,8 kΩ 0,1W	
2605	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3063	4822 051 20271	270 Ω 0,1W	
	4822 124 40433	100 nF 25V		3064	4822 051 20561	560 Ω 0,1W	
2606				3065	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	
2607	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V					
2608	4822 122 33216	270 pF 50V		3066	4822 051 20122		
2609	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3067	4822 051 20391	390 Ω 0,1W	
2611	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3068	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	
2612	5322 122 32654	22 nF 63V	only for LP	3069	4822 051 20561	560 Ω 0,1W	
2613	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V		3070	4822 051 20391	390 Ω 0,1W	
2614	4822 124 40242	1 μF 63V		3071	4822 051 20681	680 Ω 0,1W	
2615	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3072	4822 051 20271	270 Ω 0,1W	
2616	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3073	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	
2617	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3075	4822 051 20471	470 Ω 0,1W	
2618	5322 122 31863	330 pF 50V		3076	4822 116 52219	330 Ω 0,5W	
2619	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V	,	3077	4822 051 20183	18 kΩ 0,1W	
	4822 121 43526	47 nF 250V		3078	4822 051 20183	18 kΩ 0,1W	
2620				3085	4822 051 20223		AL BG/SEC DK
2621	5322 122 34123			3086	4822 051 20821		AL BG/SEC DK
2622	5322 121 42489	33 nF 250V				,	AL BG/SEC DK
2623	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V		3087	4822 051 20105		
2630	-5322 122 32268	470 pF 50V		3088	4822 051 20223	•	AL BG/SEC DK
2700	4822 122 32927	220 nF 50V	only for VST	3089	4822 050 11002	1 kΩ 0,4W	
2701	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25 V	only for VST	3090	4822 051 10102	1 k Ω 0,25W	
2702	5322 122 32654	22 nF 63V	only for VST	3091	4822 051 20562	$5.6 \text{ k}\Omega = 0.1\text{W}$	
2703	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V		3092	4822 051 20332	3,3 kΩ 0,1W	
2704	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	only for VST	3093	4822 051 20152	1,5 kΩ 0,1W	
2705	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	only for VST	3094	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W	
2707	4822 126 10002	100 nF	only for PLL	3096	4822 100 11843	10 kΩ 0,1W	
2722	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V		3097	4822 051 20332	3,3 kΩ 0,1W	
2723	4822 124 41596	22 μF 50V		3099	4822 100 11877	$2.2 k\Omega = 0.1W$	
2724	4822 124 40248	10 μF 63V		3100	4822 050 11002	1 kΩ 0,4W	
2725		2,2 μF 50V		3104	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W	
	4822 124 41576			3105	4822 051 20122	1,2 kΩ 0,1W	
2726	4822 122 31947			3106	4822 051 20271	270 Ω 0,1W	
2727	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V			4822 051 20561	560 Ω 0,1W	
2728	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V		3109			
2729	4822 124 41576	2,2 μF 50V	1 ()(07	3111	4822 051 20471	470 Ω 0,1W	
2730	4822 124 41407	0,47 μF 63V	only for VST	3112	4822 051 20222	$2,2$ k Ω $0,1$ W	
2732	4822 124 41643	100 μF 16V		3114	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ 0,1W	
2733	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V	only for VST	3116	4822 051 20123	12 k Ω 0,1W	
2750	4822 124 40246	4,7 μF 63V		3117	4822 051 20183	18 kΩ 0,1W	
2760	4822 122 32927	220 nF 50V		3119	4822 051 20101	100 Ω 0,1W	
				3121	4822 051 10102	 kΩ only for P. 	AL BG/SEC DK
				3128	4822 051 20223	22 kΩ 0,1W	
RESIS	STORS			3132	4822 051 20681	680 Ω 0,1W	
				3135	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ 0,1W	
3001	4822 051 20471	470 Ω 0,1W		3137	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	
3008	4822 051 20223	22 kΩ 0,1W		3300	4822 051 20332	$3,3$ k Ω $0,1$ W	only for VPS
3010	4822 100 11842	4,7 kΩ		3301	4822 051 20682	6,8 kΩ 0,1W	only for VPS
3017	4822 051 20103	$10 k\Omega 0.1W$		3302	4822 051 20105	1 MΩ 0,1W	only for VPS
		4,7 kΩ		3303	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ 0,1W	only for VPS
3018	4822 100 11842			1			only for VPS
3019	4822 051 20682	6,8 kΩ 0,1W		3304	4822 051 20105		
3020	4822 100 11842	4,7 kΩ		3305	4822 051 20101	100 Ω 0,1W	only for VPS
3021	4822 051 20272	2,7 kΩ 0,1W		3306	4822 051 20105	$1 M\Omega 0.1W$	only for VPS
3022	4822 051 20821	820 Ω 0,1W		3307	4822 051 20562	5,6 kΩ 0,1W	only for VPS
3023	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W		3308	4822 051 20101	100 Ω 0,1W	only for VPS
3025	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ 0,1W		3309	4822 051 20101	100 Ω 0,1W	only for VPS
3026	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3400	4822 050 11002	1 kΩ 0,4W	
3027	4822 051 20681	680 Ω 0,1W		3402	4822 051 20472	$4,7$ k Ω $0,1$ W	
3028	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3403	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	
3029	4822 051 20472	$4,7$ k Ω $0,1$ W		3404	4822 051 20472	$4,7$ k Ω $0,1$ W	
3030	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W		3406	4822 051 20158	1,5 Ω 0,1W	
3031	4822 051 20333	33 kΩ 0,1W		3407	4822 051 20158	1,5 Ω 0,1W	
3033	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W		3408	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ 0,1W	not for ECO
3034	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W		3410	4822 116 52199	68 Ω 0,5W	
3034	4822 051 20392	3,9 k Ω 0,1W		3411	4822 116 52199	08 12 0.5W $0.5W$	
		$1,2 k\Omega = 0,1W$		3411		$4.7 \text{ k}\Omega = 0.3\text{W}$	
3037	4822 051 20122			§ .	4822 051 20472 4822 051 10102		
3038	4822 051 20392			3413			
3039	4822 100 11843	10 kΩ		3415	4822 050 11002	1 kΩ 0,4W	
3040	4822 051 20222	$2,2^{\circ}$ k Ω 0,1W		3416	4822 116 52234	100 kΩ 0,5W	

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3417	4822 116 52283	4,7	kΩ	0,5W		3515	4822 051 20759	75	Ω	0,1W		
3418	4822 051 10333	33	kΩ	0,25W		3516	4822 116 52289	5,6				
3419	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W		3517	4822 116 52233					
3420	4822 051 20471	470		0,1W	only for LP	1		10	kΩ	. ,		
3421				-		3520	4822 051 20333	33	kΩ			
	4822 051 10101	. 100		0,25W	not for LP	3521	4822 116 52175	100	Ω (0,5W		
3422	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W		3600	4822 051 20479	47	Ω	0,1W		
3423	4822 051 20182	1,8	kΩ	0,1W		3601	4822 051 20563	56	kΩ			
3424	4822 051 20682	6,8	kΩ	0,1W		3602	4822 051 20331	330		0,1W	amb t I D	
3425	4822 051 20822	8,2	kΩ	,		3603					only for LP	
3426	4822 051 20562			,		1	4822 051 20123	12	kΩ	,		
		5,6	kΩ			3604	4822 051 20394	390) kΩ	0,1W		
3427	4822 051 10102	1		. 0,25W	11 A. 1	3605	4822 051 20101	100	Ω (0,1W		
3428	4822 116 52283	4,7	kΩ	0,5W		3606	4822 100 11843	10	kΩ			
3429	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	and the second second second	3607	4822 051 20105	1		0,1W		
3430	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,1W	된 방지상으록	3608	4822 051 20473	47				
3431	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	75 P.O. 1 1 F.	1			kΩ			
3432	4822 050 11002					3609	4822 051 20104	100				
		1	kΩ	,	u 1256.8	3610	4822 051 20123	:12	kΩ	0,1W		
3433	4822 051 20103	10		0,1W		3611	4822 051 10333	33	kΩ	0,25W		
3434	4822 116 52257	22	kΩ	0,5W	ing the second	3612	4822 051 20183	18	kΩ	0,1W		
3435	4822 051 20823	82	kΩ	0,1W	ere	3613	4822 051 20912	9,1	kΩ			
3436	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ			3614	4822 051 20153	15	kΩ	,		
3437	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ			1				,		
3438	4822 051 20392	3,9	kΩ	,		3615	4822 051 20471	470		0,1W	only for LP	
						3616	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W		
3439	4822 051 10223	22	kΩ	0,25W	77.77	3617	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W		
3440	4822 051 20158	1,5	Ω	0,1W	기 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3618	4822 101 11222	100	kΩ	0,1W		
3441	4822 116 52233	10	kΩ	0,5W		3619	4822 051 20158	1,5	Ω	0,1W		
3442	4822 050 11002	1	kΩ	0,4W		3620	4822 051 20473	47				
3443	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W					kΩ	,		
3444	4822 051 20103					3621	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	,		
		10	kΩ	0,1W		3623	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W		
3445	4822 051 20223	22	KΩ2	0,1W		3624	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	0,1W		
3446	4822 051 10102	. 1	kΩ.	0,25W	in the second of the second	3625	4822 051 10339	33	Ω	0,25W		
3447	4822 116 52233	10	kΩ	0,5W	E.EVanit	3626	4822 051 10479	47	Ω	0,25W		
3448	4822 051 20223	22		0,1W	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3627	4822 051 20332	3,3				
3449	4822 051 20104	100		0,1W				-	kΩ			
3450	4822 051 20225				11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3628	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W		
		2,2		0,1W =	.S DCSIK-49	3700	4822 050 11003	10	kΩ	0,4W	only for VST	
3451	4822 116 52233	10		0,5W	mai Diduzeri.6	3701	4822 050 11303	13	kΩ	0,4W	only for VST	
3452	4822 051 20393	39			PC84-4	3702	4822 051 10101	100	Ω	1/8W	only for PLL	
3453	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W ···	is Program	3703	4822 051 10101	100	Ω	1/8W	only for PLL	
3454	4822 051 20471	470		0,1W	i indika	3705	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W		
3455	4822 051 20221	220	Ω	0,1W		3706					only for VST	
3456	4822 116 52283	4,7	kΩ	0,5W			4822 051 20683	68	kΩ	0,1W	only for VST	
3457	4822 051 20472			-		3707	4822 050 12202	2,2	kΩ	0,4W	only for VST	
		4,7	kΩ	0,1W	er Habita Per	3708	4822 050 15604	560	kΩ	0,4W	only for VST	
3458	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W		3720	4822 050 11002	1	kΩ	0,4W	•	
3459	4822 116 52233	10	kΩ	0,5W	not for ECO	3721	4822 051 20682	6.8	kΩ	0,1W		
3460	4822 116 52233	10	kΩ	0,5W		3722	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W		
3461	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W		3724	4822 101 11218	22	kΩ	٠,٠٠٠		
3462	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W		3725	4822 116 52226	560		0.5144	•	
3463	4822 051 20103	10				3728			Ω	0,5W		
3464	4822 051 20833	82		0,1W			4822 051 20183	18	kΩ	0,1W		
3465			N32	0,144	only for PAL I	:: 3729	4822 051 20183	18	kΩ	0,1W		
					not for ECO	3730	4822 116 52219	330	Ω	0,5W		
3466	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	not for ECO	3731	4822 051 20561	560	Ω	0,1W	not for PAL I	
3467	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	3 T T T T	3732	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W		
3468	4822 116 52224	470	Ω	0,5W	·	3733	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W		
3469	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W		3735	4822 051 20473	47	kΩ		not f. PAL I & PLL	
3470	4822 116 52224	470	Ω	0,5W		3736	4822 051 20473	47		0,114	not f DALLA PLL	
3471	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	only for LP				kΩ		not f. PAL I & PLL	
3472	4822 051 10102					3739	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W		
		1	kΩ	0,1W	not for 4 head	3740	4822 051 20471	470			SEC DK & PAL I	
3473	4822 116 52256	2,2	kΩ	1/6W	only for ECO	3741	4822 051 20392	3,9	kΩ	0,1W	only for VST	
3485	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W		3742	4822 051 20183	18	kΩ	0,1W	only for VST	
3486	4822 051 20182	1,8	kΩ	0,1W		3743	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	only for VST	
3488	4822 116 52256	2,2	kΩ	0,5W		3744	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W		
3489	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	i	3745	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ		only for VST	
3498	4822 051 20101	100			only for 4 hood			-		0,1W	only for VST	
3499	4822 051 20472		Ω	0,1W	only for 4 head	3745	4822 051 20561	560	Ω	0,1W	only for PLL	
		4,7	kΩ	0,1W	not for 4 head	3746	4822 051 20122	1,2	kΩ	0,1W	only for VST	
3500	4822 116 52226	560	Ω	0,5W		3747	4822 051 20122	1,2	kΩ	0,1W	only for VST	
3501	4822.051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W		3750	4822 050 11803	18	kΩ	0,4W	S , 101 FL11	
3502	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W		3751	4822 050 14702	4,7	kΩ	0,4W		
3504	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,1W		3752	4822 051 20471	470				
3505	4822 051 20153	15	kΩ	0,1W					Ω	0,1W		
3506	4822 116 52296	6,8	kΩ	0,5W		3753	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	only for PLL	
3507	4822 116 52296					3754	4822 051 20331	330	Ω	0,1W		
		6,8	kΩ	0,5W	1	3755	4822 051 10109	10	Ω	0,25W		
3508	4822 051 20331	330	Ω	0,1W		3756	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W		
3509	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	1	3757	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,1W		
3510	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	ļ	3760	4822 051 20823	82	kΩ	0,1W	only for VOT	
3511	4822 116 52202	82	Ω	0,5W	1	3761					only for VST	
3512	4822 051 20331	330	Ω	0,1W	İ		4822 116 52234	100	kΩ	0,5W	not for ECO	
3513	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1 V V		3901	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W		
3514						3902	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	onl	y f. PAL I & ECO	
,U 14	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W		3903	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W		
					•							

3904	4822 051 10008	0 Ω	0,25W	
3905	4822 051 10008	0 Ω		not for 4 head
3906	4822 051 10008	0 Ω		
3907	4822 051 10008	0 Ω		
3950	4822 051 10008	0 Ω	0,25W	
3953	4822 051 10008	0 Ω	0,25W	only for PLL
3954	4822 051 20008	0 Ω	0,1W	,
3985	4822 051 10008	0 Ω	0,25W	
COILS	<u> </u>			
5002	4822 157 53253	27	μН	
5003	4822 157 53265	100	μH u	
5004 5005	4822 157 52842 4822 157 53253	15 27	μH ⊔	
5006	4822 157 53251	8,2	μH μH	
5008	4822 157 53251	8,2		
5009	4822 157 52842	15	μH μH	
5010	4822 157 53253	27	μп μΗ	
5011	4822 157 52842	15	μН	
5012	4822 157 53265	100	μН	
5013	4822 157 52842	15	μН	
5014	4822 157 53251	8,2	μН	
5015	4822 157 63676	56	μН	
5016	4822 157 53253	27	μН	
5017	4822 157 63676	56	μH	
5021	4822 157 50961	22	μH	
5022	4822 157 52285	6,8	μH	
5023	4822 157 63675			
5024	4822 157 63678	560	μН	
5025	4822 157 53253	27	μH	
5401	4822 157 52286	22	μH	
	4822 157 53005	33	nH 	
5501 5601	4822 157 52285 4822 157 70038	6,8 10	μΗ mH	
5602	4822 158 10525	330	μH	
5603	4822 157 53531	550	μιι	
5604	4822 157 62681			
5701	4822 157 63717	6,8 µH		
5703	4822 157 70017			
5720	4822 157 62681	1,2 μΗ		
5721	4822 157 52285	6,8 µH		
5722	4822 157 52842	15 μΗ		
DIODE	S			14 1
6001	4822 130 30621	1N4148		
3002	4822 130 30621	1N4148		
5004	4822 130 31983	BAT85		
3401	4822 130 30621	1N4148		
5402 5501	4822 130 30621	1N4148		not for ECO
3501 3502	4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197	BZX79-I BZX79-I		
5504	4822 130 34197	DZA/9-1	D12 R18	
504		BZX79-I BZX79-I BZX79-I	B12	
507	4822 130 34197	BZX79-I BZX79-I	B12	
5508	4822 130 34278	BZX79-	36V8	
5509	4822 130 30621	BZX79-I 1N4148		
510	4822 130 30621	1N4148		
702	4822 130 30621	1N4148		
TRANS	SISTORS & IC's			.0
7000	E200 120 11000	DOCECO		
'000 '001	5322 130 41983 5322 130 41982	BC858B		M DOVOTO DIC
7006	5322 130 41982	BC858B		AL BG/SEC DK
7007	5322 130 41983	BC848B		
7016	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
017	4822 130 42353	BSF19-F		
7018	4822 130 60383	BF824		
'019	4822 130 42353	BSF19-F DTC124	-2	
020				only for LP
025	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
026	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
029	4822 130 42353	BSF19-F	-2	

7030 7031	5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982	BC848B BC848B	
7032	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7032	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7037	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	not for 4 head
7037	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	not for 4 head
			not for 4 nead
7051	4822 209 32155	LA7191	
7053	4822 209 60177	LM339D	VDC
7301	4822 209 32728	SDA5642	only for VPS
7402	4822 209 30146	L2722	•
7403	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7404	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7405	4822 130 60145	DTC124E/25	
7406	4822 130 60145	DTC124E/25	not for ECO
7407	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7408	4822 130 60089	BD436	
7410	4822 209 32736	TMP91C642N-	MMTD4-4U
7410	4822 209 33493	TMP91C642N-	NTDQ1-1U only ECO
7411	4822 209 30836	SAA1310/N2	•
7412	4822 209 62098	ST24C02CP	only for VST
7412	4822 209 62098	ST24C02CP	only for ECO
7412	4822 209 32709	ST24C04CB1	only for PLL
7413	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	5y .5 22
7500	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
7501	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
7502	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7504	4822 209 30692	MSM7403RS	
7505	5322 130 41983		for PAL BG/SEC DK
7506	5322 130 41983	BC858B	IOI FAL BO/SEC DR
7551	5322 209 10576	HEF4053BD	
7601	4822 209 31548		
		LA7282	
7602	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7603	4822 130 41344	BC337-40	
7604	4822 130 41715	BC328-40	
7605	4822 130 60145	DTC124E/25	
7606	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7607	4822 130 41715	BC328-40	
7700	4822 209 60175	LM358D	only for VST
7701	5322 209 10421	HEF4094BD	only for VST
7702	4822 209 31532	TDA9800/V3	
7703	4822 209 81397	TL431CLPST	
7704	4822 209 10273	HEF4104BD	only for VST
7705	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
7706	4822 130 60089	BD436	
7707	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7708	5322 130 41982	BC848B	not for PAL I & PLL
7709	5322 130 41982	BC848B	not for PAL 1 & PLL
7710	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	not for PAL I & PLL
7711	5322 130 41983	BC858B	not for PAL I & PLL
7713	5322 130 60508	BC857B	only for VST
7714	4822 130 60511	BC847B	only for VST
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FAMILY BOARD	

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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	2048	4822 122 32542	47	nF	63V	
CONN	IECTORS			_	2050	5322 122 31946	27	pF .	50V	
	1000 007 51100	40			2052	4822 124 40248	10	μF	63V	
	4822 267 51163	10 pin 15 pin			2055	4822 122 31947	100	nF	63V	
	4822 267 51281 4822 267 51164	16 pin			2056	4822 122 33797	47	nF	50V	not for SECAM L
	4822 267 51104	15 pin		i	2057	4822 122 33797	47	nF	50V	
	4822 267 41062	6 pin			2058	4822 124 80227	2,2	μF	35V	
	4822 265 30989	3 pin			2059	4822 124 40242	1	μF	63V	
	4822 265 30987	7 pin			2060	4822 122 32442	10	nF		only for TXT
	4822 267 40696	3 pin			2061	5322 122 34123	1	nF	50V	not for SECAM L
	4822 267 31513	SCART			2063 2064	5322 122 34123 4822 122 31947	. 1 100	nF nF	50V 63V	not for SECAM L
				4	2065	4822 122 33514	68	рF	50V	
MISC	ELLANEOUS	4.5 j - 25 f =		-:-	2066	5322 122 31946	27	рF	50V	
MISOI	LLLANLOUS			-	2067	5322 122 32659	33	pF	50V	
1400 /	<u>1</u> 4822 071 56301	Fuse 630mA	all the San Mer	4:11	2068	4822 122 33514	68	pF	50V	
1401	4822 242 73809	Crystal 10 MHz			2069	5322 122 31946	27	рF	50V	
	4822 071 58009	Fuse 80mA		41.11	2070	4822 122 33515	82	рF	63V	
1500	4822 214 33713	MDLK6D906A	only for PAL BG	11.11	2070	4822 122 33514	68	pF		only for LP
1500	4822 214 33718	MDLK6B776A	only for PAL I	4.14	2070	4822 126 10004	120	pF		only for SECAM L
1500	4822 214 33417		SECAM L & Multistd.		2071	5322 122 32452	47	pΕ	63V	
1501	4822 157 60192	Group Delay	not for PAL I		2072	5322 122 34123	10	nF	50V	not for CECANAL
1601	4822 242 81067	Crystal 4.433 61	9 MHZ		2079	4822 122 33177 5322 122 34123	10 1	nF nF	50V 50V	not for SECAM L not for SECAM L
	1 4822 071 58001 🗓	Fuse 800mA			2087	5322 122 34123		pF	63V	HOLIUI SEUAIVI L
1603	4822 320 40168	Delay line	not for SECAM L	1	2087	4822 122 33575		pF	00 V	only for SECAM L
1701	4822 210 10392	UV916E			2088	4822 122 31947	100	nF	63V	2.11, 10. OEO/1111 E
1701	4822 210 10393	UV944C	only for PAL I		2090	4822 122 31947	100	nF	63V	
1720 1720	4822 242 81261 4822 242 81436	OFWG1966M OFWK3953M	only for PAL BG		2095	4822 122 31772	47	pF	63V	
1720	4822 242 70936	OFWJ1952	only for PAL I		2096	5322 122 32452	47	pF	63V	
1721	4822 242 81259		nly for Multistandard		2099	5322 122 31946	27	рF	50V	not for SECAM L
1740	4822 242 72586	TPS5,5MB-TF20		1.13	2101	5322 122 33861		pΕ	50V	not for SECAM L
1745	4822 242 72914	SFSH5,5MDB	only for PAL BG	10.50	2106	5322 122 32481	15	pΕ	50V	not for SECAM L
1745	4822 242 72577	SFE6,0MB	only for PAL I	11.17	2107 2211	4822 122 33177	10 47	nF	50V	not for 4 head
1821	4822 242 81423	OFWL9453M or	nly for Multistandard		2402	5322 122 32452 4822 124 40433		pF μF	25V	only for 4 head
		1			2403	5322 122 32654	22	nF	63V	
CAPA	CITORS			- [,],	2404	5322 126 10223	4,7	nF	63V	
07/7	0110110		1. 1. 1.	÷ ,	2405	5322 122 32658	22	pF	50V	
2000	5322 122 32659	33 pF 50V			2406	5322 122 32658	22	pF	50V	
2001	4822 122 33514	68 pF 50V	14 H	1.5	2407	4822 122 31947		nF	63V	
2002	4822 126 10326	180 pF 63V		S . :	2408	4822 122 31947		nF	63V	
2003	4822 122 33575	220 pF 50V		1.50	2409	4822 122 33177	10	nF	50V	
2004	5322 122 32965	18 pF 50V			2410 2411	4822 124 40433 5322 126 10223		μF nF	25V 63V	
2009	4822 124 80454	10 μF 16V			2411	4822 124 40433	4,7 47	μF	25V	
2010	5322 122 34123	1 nF 50V			2413	5322 122 34123	1	nF	50V	
2011 2012	4822 124 40248 4822 124 80705	10 μF 63V			2414	4822 122 33811		nF	50V	
2012	4822 122 31771	1 μF 50V 390 pF 63V			2415	4822 126 10002		nF	25V	
2014	5322 122 32452	47 pF 63V			2416	4822 126 10002	100	nF	25V	
2015	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	and the second second		2417	4822 124 40433	47	μF	25V	
2018	5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V			2418	4822 122 33177	10	nF	50V	
2019	5322 122 33538	150 pF 63V			2419	5322 126 10223	4,7	nF	63V	
2020	5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V		- 1	2420	4822 124 40433		μF	25V	
2021	4822 124 41584	100 μF 10V		1	2423 2424	4822 122 31947 5322 122 32654		nF nF	63V 63V	
2022	5322 122 31946	27 pF 50V			2506	4822 126 10002		nF	25V	
2023	4822 124 40196	220 μF 16V		1.51	2507	4822 124 22826		μF	16V	
2024 2025	4822 124 40433 5322 122 32654	47 μF 25V 22 nF 63V			2530	5322 122 32268		ρF	50V	
2026	5322 122 32531	22 nF 63V 100 pF 50V		- 1	2531	5322 122 32268		pF	50V	
2027	4822 122 33515	82 pF 63V	not for SECAM L	**. E :	2540	5322 122 32268	470	рF	50V	
2028	5322 122 33861	120 pF 50V		1.0	2592	4822 122 33177		nF	50V	
2029	5322 122 32452	47 pF 63V			2600	5322 122 34123		ηĘ	50V	
2030	4822 122 31947	100 nF 63V			2601	5322 122 31865		nF 		only for 4 head
, 2032 2033	4822 124 23053	1 μF 50V			2602 2604	4822 122 31947 4822 122 33177		nF nF	50V	only for 4 head
2033	5322 122 33861	120 pF 50V 22 nF 63V	Not for SECAM L		2605	4822 124 40433		μF	25V	
2034	5322 122 32654 4822 124 40242	22 nF 63V 1 μF 63V	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2606	4822 122 31947		nF	63V	
2038	4822 122 33514	68 pF 50V		-	2607	4822 122 31947		nF	63V	
2039	5322 122 33538	150 pF 63V		.	2608	5322 122 32268		pF	50V	
2040	4822 124 22826	10 μF 16V	-		2609	4822 124 40433		μF	25V	
2041	4822 124 22826	10 μF 16V			2610	4822 122 33175	-	nF	50V	
2042	4822-126-10002	100 HF 25V	•		2611	4822 124 40433		μF	257	
2043	4822 122 31797	22 nF 63V			2612	5322 122 32654		nF	501/	only for 4 head
2045	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	not for SECAM L	- 1	/ 2613 / 2614	4822 122 32442 4822 124 40242			50V 63V	
2046 2047	4822 124 23053 4822 124 23053	1 μF 50V 1 μF 50V			2615	4822 124 40433			25V	
_0 //	.022 127 20000	, μι 50 ν		i	*			r		

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				1				
2616	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3065	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	0,25W	
2617	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3066	4822 051 20122	1,2 kΩ	0,1W	was the state of
2618	5322 122 31863	330 pF 50V		3067	4822 051 20391	390 Ω	0,1W	
2619	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V		3068	4822 051 10102	1 $k\Omega$	0,25W	
2620	4822 121 43526	47 nF 250V		3069	4822 051 20561	560 Ω	0,1W	
2621	5322 122 34123	1 nF 50V		3070	4822 051 20391	390 Ω	0,1W	
2622 2623	5322 121 42489	33 nF 250V 10 nF 50V		3071 3072	4822 051 20681 4822 051 20271	680 Ω 270 Ω	0,1W 0,1W	
2623 2624	4822 122 32442 4822 124 40242	10 nF 50V 1 μF 63V		3072	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	0,17V	
2701	4822 122 31947	100 nF 63V		3075	4822 051 20471	470 Ω	0,1W	
2702	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V		3076	4822 051 20331	330 Ω	0,1W	
2703	5322 124 41431	22 μF 35V		3077	4822 051 20183	18 kΩ	0,1W	
2704	4822 124 40242	1 μF 63V		3078	4822 051 20183	18 kΩ	0,1W	
2720	5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V		3089	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ		not for SECAM L
2725 2726	4822 122 31947 5322 122 32654	100 nF 63V 22 nF 63V	not for SECAM L	3090 3091	4822 051 10102 4822 051 20562	1 kΩ 5,6 kΩ	0,25W 0,1W	
2727	4822 124 80227	2,2 μF 35V	not for SECAM L	1	4822 051 20332	$3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.1W	not for SECAM L
2728	4822 124 40248	10 μF 63V	not for SECAM L	1 '	4822 051 20152	1,5 kΩ	0.1W	not for SECAM L
2737	4822 122 31947	100 nF 63V		3094	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ	0,1W	not for SECAM L
2738	5322 124 41431	22 μF 35V		3095	4822 116 52283	4,7 kΩ	0,5W	only for SECAM
2739	4822 122 31947	100 nF 63V		3096	4822 100 12157	10 kΩ		not for SECAM L
2740	4822 124 41576	2,2 μF 50V		3097	4822 051 20332	3,3 kΩ	0,1W	
2741 2790	4822 122 31947	100 nF 63V 4,7 μF 25V		3099 3100	4822 100 12155 4822 051 10102	2,2 kΩ 1 kΩ	0,25W	
2790	4822 124 80228 4822 124 80231	4,7 μF 25V 47 μF 16V		3104	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ	0,1W	
2833	4822 122 31765	•	ECAM L & Multist.		4822 051 20122	1,2 kΩ	0,1W	
2843	4822 124 22826	10 μF 16V		3106	4822 051 20271	270 Ω	0,1W	
				3109	4822 051 20561	560 Ω	0,1W	
DECIC	TORC			- 3111	4822 051 20471	470 Ω	0,1W	
RESIS	riuna			_ 3112	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ	0,1W	
3001	4822 116 52224	470 Ω 0,5W		3116 3117	4822 116 52233 4822 051 20183	10 kΩ 18 kΩ	0,5W 0,1W	
3007	4822 051 20101	100 Ω 0,1W		3119	4822 116 52175	100 Ω	0.5W	
3002	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W	only for TXT		4822 051 20223	22 kΩ	0,1W	not for SECAM L
3003	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ	only for TXT		4822 051 20681	680 Ω	0,1W	not for SECAM L
3004	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ 0,25W		i	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ	0,1W	
3005	4822 117 10834	47 kΩ 4,7 kΩ	only for TXT only for TXT	1	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	0,25W	anly for 4 hood
3006 3008	4822 051 20472 4822 051 20223	4,7 kΩ 22 kΩ 0,1W	Offiny for TAT	3218 3407	4822 051 20103 4822 051 20222	10 kΩ 2,2 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	only for 4 head
3009	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W	not for SECAM L		4822 116 52199	68 Ω	0,5W	
3010	4822 100 12156	4,7 kΩ		3411	4822 116 52199	68 Ω	0,5W	
3011	4822 117 10833	10 kΩ 0,1W		3412	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ	0,1W	
3014	4822 051 10104	100 kΩ 0,25W	1	3413	4822 116 52283	4,7 kΩ	0,5W	
3017	4822 117 10833	10 kΩ 0,1W		3414	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ	0,1W	
3018 3019	4822 100 12156 4822 051 10682	4,7 kΩ 6,8 kΩ 0,25W	•	3415 3416	4822 050 11002 4822 116 52234	1 kΩ 100 kΩ	0,4W 0,5W	
3020	4822 100 12156	4,7 kΩ		3417	4822 116 52283	4,7 kΩ		
3021	4822 051 20272	2,7 kΩ 0,1W		3418	4822 051 20333	33 kΩ		
3022	4822 051 20821	820 Ω 0,1W		3419	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ		
3023	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	1	3420	4822 116 52224	470 Ω	0,5W	
3025 3026	4822 051 20104 4822 051 20472	100 kΩ 0,1W 4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3421 3422	4822 051 10101 4822 051 20182	100 Ω 1,8 kΩ	0,25W 0,1W	not for LP
3027	4822 051 20681	$680 \Omega 0,1W$		3423	4822 051 20182	1,8 kΩ 1,8 kΩ		
3028	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3424	4822 117 10833	10 kΩ		
3029	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3425	4822 117 10833	10 kΩ		400
3030	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W		3426	4822 051 20682	6,8 kΩ		1.00
3031	4822 051 20333	33 kΩ 0,1W	,	3427	4822 051 20122	1,2 kΩ		
3033 3034	4822 051 10102 4822 051 20222	1 kΩ 0,25W 2,2 kΩ 0,1W		3428 3429	4822 116 52283 4822 116 52283	4,7 kΩ 4,7 kΩ	-	
3036	4822 051 20392	$3.9 \text{ k}\Omega = 0.1\text{W}$		3430	4822 116 52224	4,7 KS2 470 Ω	0,5 W	
3037	4822 051 20122	1,2 kΩ 0,1W		3431	4822 050 11002		0,4W	
3038	4822 051 20392	3,9 kΩ 0,1W		3432	4822 050 11002	1 kΩ		
3039	4822 100 12157	10 kΩ		3433	4822 117 10833	10 kΩ		the second of
3040	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ 0,1W		3434	4822 051 10223		0,25W	
3041 3043	4822 051 20472 4822 051 20561	4,7 kΩ 0,1W 560 Ω 0,1W		3435 3436	4822 051 20823 4822 051 20223	82 kΩ 22 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3044	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W	•	3437	4822 117 10833	22 kΩ 10 kΩ		
3045	4822 051 20472	$4,7$ k Ω $0,1$ W		3438	4822 051 20392	3,9 kΩ	,	
3046	4822 051 20222	$2,2$ $k\Omega$ $0,1W$		3439	4822 051 20223	22 kΩ	0,1W	
3051	4822 051 20105	1 MΩ 0,1W		3440	4822 051 10158	1,5 Ω	0,25W	-
3052 3054	4822 051 20822	8,2 k Ω 0,1W 5,6 k Ω 0,1W		3441	4822 116 52233		0,5W	,
3054 3055	4822 051 20562 4822 051 20821	5,6 k Ω 0,1W 820 Ω 0,1W		3442 3443	4822 050 11002 4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 1 kΩ	0,4W 0,25W	
3061	4822 051 20008	$0 \Omega 0.1W$	not for SECAM L		4822 051 10102		0,25W	
3062	4822 051 20182	1,8 kΩ 0,1W	not for SECAM L	3445	4822 051 10223		0,25W	
3063	4822 051 20271	270 Ω 0,1W	not for SECAM L	,	4822 051 10102	1 $k\Omega$	0,25W	
3064	4822 051 20561	560 Ω 0,1W	not for SECAM L	3447	4822 116 52233	10 kΩ	0,5W	

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LAL 04T 331K

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15 μН

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22 μН

330 μН

560 μH

6.8 µH

33 μH

6,8 µH

1N4148

1N4148

BAT85

1N4148

1N4148

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1N4148

1N4148

BZX79-B18

BZX79-B6V8

R7X79-B12

BZX79-B12

BZX79-B12

BZX79-B12

BZX79-B12

B7X79-B6V8

BZX79-B5V1

BAT18

BC858B

BC848B

BC848B

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BC848B

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BC848B

BF824

DTA124EK

DTA124FK

BSF19-F2

BSF19-F2

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4822 130 42353

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0,25W			5009	4822 157 52842
0,1W			5010	4822 157 53253
0,1W		1	5011	4822 157 52842
0,1W			5012	4822 157 53265
0,1W			5013	4822 157 52842
0,5W 0,5W		5	5014	4822 157 53251
0,25W		•	5015	4822 157 63676
0,5W		,	5016	4822 157 53253
0,1W	not for PAL BG	1	5017	4822 157 63676 4822 157 50961
0,1W		2	5021	4822 157 50961
0,1W	not for SECAM L	•	5022 5023	4822 157 63675
0,1W		1 .	5023 5024	4822 157 63678
0,1W	not for SECAM L	1	5025	4822 157 53253
0,1W	050444	2	5401	4822 157 52286
0,1W	not for SECAM L			4822 157 53005
0,1W	not for SECAM L	3	5501	4822 157 52285
0,1W		1	5601	4822 157 70038
0,1W 0,5W	not for SECAM L	1	5602	4822 158 10525
0,5 v v	not for SECAM L		5603	4822 157 53531
0,144	HOLIOI OLOMIVI L		5604	4822 157 62681
0,1W			5700	4822 157 70402
0,1W	not for SECAM L	•	5701	4822 157 52285
0,1W			5720	4822 157 62681
0,1W			5725	4822 157 70017 4822 157 63717
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Trim	only for TXT		3/40	4022 101 00010
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0,1W 0,1W 0,5W 0,1W 0,25W 0,1W 0,1W 0,1W 0,25W 0,25W 0,25W 0,25W 0,1W 0,25W 0,	only for SECAM L not for 4 head only for TXT only for TXT only for 4 head not for 4 head	ton or organization or an expensive or an expe	6001 6002 6004 6005 6006 6401 6402 6503 6504 6522 6530 6522 6530 6790 6791 7000 7001 7002 7006 7007 7008	4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 34021 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 5322 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34197 5322 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 41983 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41982 4822 130 61495 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983
0,1W 0,1W 0,5W 0,1W 0,5W 0,1W 0,1W 0,1W 0,25W 0,25W 0,25W 0,1W 0,25W 0,2	only for SECAM L not for 4 head only for TXT only for TXT only for 4 head not for TXT not for TXT	ton or organization or an expensive or an expe	6001 6002 6004 6005 6006 6401 6503 6504 6508 6520 6531 6540 6703 6790 6791 7000 7001 7002 7006 7007 7008 7010 7014 7015	4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34197 5322 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 34278 4822 130 41982 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41983
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only for TXT only for TXT only for 4 head not for SECAM L not for SECAM L only for 4 head not for SECAM L not for SECAM L			

)29	4822 130 42353	B2L18-L5		
030	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
031	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
032	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
036	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
037	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	not for 4 head	
38	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	not for 4 head	
051	4822 209 32155	LA7191		
053	4822 209 60177	LM339D on	ly for Multistandard	
402	4822 209 30146	L2722		
403	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
404	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
406	4822 130 60089	BD436		
407	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
408	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96		
409	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96	not for ECO	
410	4822 209 32736	TMP91C642N-MI	MTD4-4U	
411	4822 209 30836	SAA1310/N2	•	
412	4822 209 32283	ST24C08CB1	only for TXT	
412	4822 209 32709	ST24C04CB1		
413	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK		
500	5322 130 41983	BC858B		
501	5322 130 41983	BC858B		
504	4822 209 30692	MSM7403RS		
506	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
592	5322 209 14481	HEF4053BT	,	
601	4822 209 31548	LA7282	,	
602	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
603	4822 130 41344	BC337-40		
604	4822 130 41715	BC328-40		
605	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
606	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
607	4822 130 41715	BC328-40		
720	4822 209 31532	TDA9800/V3		
7721	5322 130 41982	BC848B	not for SECAM L	
7723	5322 130 41983	BC858B	not for SECAM L	
7761	5322 130 41983	BC858B		
7790	4822 130 44283	BC636		
7791	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
7792	5322 130 41982	BC848B		
7793	4822 130 44283	BC636		

A.....Safety component, use only this type

FAMILY BOARD

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3945

3970

3971

not for ECO

not for ECO

not for ECO

only for 4 head

not for ECO

not for ECO

not for 4 head

not for 4 head

only for 4 head

only for 4 head

22

100

2,2

10

39

4,7

470

4.7

4,7

10 kΩ

10

4,7 kΩ

4.7

1.8 kO.

4,7 kO.

4.7 kΩ

2,2

10

8.2 kO

10 kΩ

1,5 Ω

1.5 Ω

10 kΩ

4,7 kΩ

4,7

2.2 kΩ

1,8

4,7 kΩ

2,2

10

10

10

47

3,3 kΩ

3.3

4.7

1,5 kΩ

82 Ω

6.8 k Ω

6,8 kΩ

220 kΩ

470 Ω

47 Ω

330 Ω

12 kΩ

390 kΩ

100 Ω

100 kΩ

kΩ

kΩ

kO

10 kΩ

47 kΩ

10

33

15

4,7 kΩ

12 kΩ

470 Ω

560 Ω

100 kΩ 0,1W

4,7 kΩ

220 Ω

4.7 k Ω

100 Ω

100 Ω

100 Ω

470 Ω

470 Ω

4822 051 20223

4822 051 20104

4822 051 20225.

4822 116 52233

4822 051 20393

4822 051 20472

4822 051 20471

4822 051 20221

4822 051 20472

4822 051 20472

4822 051 20472

4822 116 52233

4822 050 11002

4822 116 52175

4822 116 52175

4822 116 52175

4822 117 10833

4822 051 10102

4822 116 52224

4822 051 20472

4822 116 52224

4822 051 10472

4822 051 20182

4822 051 20472

4822 051 20472

4822 116 52256

4822 117 10833

4822 116 52303

4822 116 52233

4822 051 20158

4822 051 20158

4822 051 10102

4822 117 10833

4822 116 52283

4822 051 20472

4822 051 20222

4822 051 20182

4822 051 20472

4822 050 11002

4822 051 20222

4822 116 52233

4822 051 10102

4822 051 10102

4822 051 10102

4822 050 11002

4822 116 52219

4822 117 10833

4822 116 52233

4822 051 10473

4822 051 20332

4822 051 20332

4822 051 20472

4822 051 10102

4822 051 10152

4822 051 20829

4822 051 20682

4822 051 20682

4822 051 20224

4822 051 20471

4822 116 52283

4822 051 20479

4822 051 20104

4822 051 20331

4822 051 20123

4822 051 20394

4822 051 20101

4822 100 12157

4822 051 20105

4822 117 10834

4822 051 20104

4822 117 10833

4822 051 20333

4822 051 10153

4822 051 20472

4822 051 20123

4822 051 20471

4822 051 20561

kΩ 0.1W

kΩ 0.1W

 $M\Omega$ 0.1W

0.5W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0,1W

0.1W

0.1W

0,5W

0.4W

0,5W

0,5W

0,5W

0,1W

0.5W

0.1W

0,5W

0,25W

0.1W

0.1W

0,1W

0,5W

0.1W

0.5W

0.5W

0,1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.5W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0,1W

0.4W

0,1W

0.5W

0,25W

0.25W

0,25W

0,4W

0.5W

0.1W

0.5W

0,25W

0,1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.25W

0,25W

0,1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0,5W

0,1W

0.1W

0,1W

0,1W

0,1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0.1W

0,1W

0,1W

0.25W

MΩ 0.1W

0,25W

0.25W

kΩ

kΩ

kΩ

Ω

kΩ

kO

kΩ

kΩ

kΩ

kO

kΩ

330 Ω

22 kΩ 0,1W

kΩ

kΩ

kΩ

kΩ

kΩ

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kΩ

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Ω

220 kΩ

100 Ω

100 Ω

150 kΩ

0.1W

0.1W

0,25W

0,25W

only for PAL

100 kΩ

1,5 Ω

47

22

47

10

3,3

33

47

3,3

10

0

22

10

10

6.8 kΩ

1,5 kΩ

82

3,3

18

18

2,2 47

22

22

2,2 kΩ

4,7

2,2 kΩ

2,2

10 Ω

10 Ω

330 Ω

100 Ω

680 Ω

100 Ω

390 Ω

0

0

0 -

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

Ω

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

270 Ω

560 Ω

560 Ω

22

4822 051 20223

4822 100 12159

4822 051 10158

4822 117 10834

4822 051 20223

4822 117 10834

4822 117 10833

4822 051 20332

4822 051 10339

4822 051 20479

4822 051 20332

4822 117 10833

4822 051 20224

4822 116 52175

4822 116 52175

4822 051 10008

4822 116 52257

4822 051 20103

4822 117 10833

4822 051 20154

4822 051 20682

4822 051 20223

4822 051 20152

4822 051 20823

4822 051 20332

4822 051 20183

4822 051 20183

4822 116 52256

4822 117 10834

4822 100 12158

4822 051 20271

4822 051 20561

4822 051 20561

4822 051 20223

4822 051 20222

4822 100 12156

4822 051 20222

4822 051 20222

4822 116 52176

4822 051 20331

4822 116 52176

4822 051 10102

4822 051 20101

4822 051 20681

4822 051 20101

4822 051 20391

4822 051 10008

4822 051 10008

4822 051 10008

4822 051 10102

4822 051 10102

4822 051 20008

4822 051 20008

4822 051 10008

4822 051 10008

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					1		
CONNECTORS	i			_	2059	4822 124 23053	•
4000 01=	1004				2061	5322 122 34123	1 nF 5
4822 267 5			. 3		2063	5322 122 34123	1 nF 5
4822 267 5	1164 16 pin				2073	5322 122 34123	1 nF 5
4822 267 4			1.4		2076	4822 122 32442	· 10 nF 5
4822 267 4					2079	4822 122 33177	10 nF 5
4822 265 3			- 4		2080	5322 122 34123	1 nF 5
4822 267 4					2081	5322 122 34123	1 nF 5
4822 267 4					2088	4822 126 13219	100 nF 2
4822 267 4	1.				2090	4822 126 10002	100 nF 2
4822 267 3					2095	5322 122 32452	
4022 201 3	DID SCANI		1.5		2096	5322 122 32452	_
	100				17		47 pF 6
MISCELLANEOU	,		100		2098	5322 122 31946	27 pF 5
MISCELLANEOU	,				2101 2106	5322 122 33861 5322 122 32481	120 pF 5
002 4822 071 5	3001 Fuse 800)mA	12.		2402	5322 124 41431	22 µF 3
400 4822 071 5		15.	100	1.9	2403	4822 126 10002	100 nF 2
401 4822 242 7			1 V. 7	15.7	2404	5322 126 10223	4.7 nF 6
402 4822 071 5			- 1		2405	5322 122 32658	
500 4822 214 3					2406		22 pF 5
500 4822 214 3		only	y for SECAM		i .	5322 122 32658	22 pF 5
		LK6D906A	only for PAL		2407	4822 124 41584	100 μF 1
601 4822 242 8		.433 619 MHz			2408	4822 126 10002	100 nF 2
603 4822 320 4		e		120	2409	4822 122 33177	10 nF 5
701 4822 210 1	392 UV916E				2410	4822 124 40433	47 μF 2
720 4822 242 8	261 OFWG19	966M	only for PAL	1.	2411	5322 126 10223	4,7 nF 6
721 4822 242 8			for SECAM	1 1	2412	4822 124 40433	47 μF 2
740 4822 242 7			OI OLOAIVI		2413	5322 122 34123	47 με 2: 1 nF 50
741 4822 242 8			for SECAM		2414		
45 4822 242 7		MDB-TF21	for SECAM		1	4822 122 31981	33 nF 50
46 4822 242 <i>7</i>					2415	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
	400 D00000	MDB-TF21 only	rior SECAM		2416	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
321 4822 242 8	423 B39389-1	_9453-M100 on	iy t. SECAM	4.4	2417	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25
		en in die State Deutschaft in die State deutschaft in deut		1/10/1	2418	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50
ADACITODO				- 1	2419	5322 126 10223	4,7 nF 63
APACITORS	A Service Services	A second page	37 3.3	_	2420	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25
		and a second	- 25 Z		2421	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50
00 5322 122 3		50V	50 300	;. ·	2422	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25
01 4822 122 3		50V	7.3	i.,	2423	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
02 4822 126 1		63V	1.7 0.1	100	2428	5322 122 32654	
03 4822 122 3		50V	100	1.4	2431	4822 124 40246	
04 5322 122 3		50V	100	-:-		4000 100 1000	4,7 μF 63
09 4822 124 80	VC	16V	# 1 to 1		2504	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
10 5322 122 34					2505	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
		50V	7. K. S. S. S.		2506	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
	•	16V			2507	4822 124 80879	- 100 μF 16
	•	50V · ·	***		2530	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50
13 4822 126 13		63V		İ	2531	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50
14 5322 122 32		63V			2540	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50
15 4822 122 33	177 10 nF	50V			2600	5322 122 34123	1 nF 50
17 5322 122 31	946 27 pF	50V		1	2601	5322 122 31865	1,5 nF 63
18 5322 122 32		50V			2602	4822 126 10002	
19 4822 126 12		63V		1	2604	1000 100 00177	100 nF 25
20 4822 126 13	221 100 pF	63V		_		4822 122 33177	10 nF 50
21 4822 124 80		16V		7	2605	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25
23 4822 124 40		· ·			2606	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
25 5322 122 32		16V		1	2607	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25
		63V			2608	5322 122 32268	470 pF 50
27 4822 122 33	'	63V			2609	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25
28 5322 122 33		50V			2610	4822 122 33175	2,2 nF 50
9 5322 122 32	· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	63V			2611	4822 124 40433	47 µF 25
32 4822 124 23		50V	The state of		2612	5322 122 32654	22 nF 63
33 5322 122 33	361 120 pF	50V			2613	4822 122 33177	
34 5322 122 32		63V			2614	1922 124 331//	10 nF 50
85 4822 124 23		50V		1.	2615	4822 124 40242	1 μF 63
88 4822 122 33		50V		1		4822 124 40433	47 μF 25
39 5322 122 33		63V			2616	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25'
10 4822 124 41					2617	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25°
10 4822 124 41 11 4822 124 40		50V			2618	5322 122 31863	330 pF 50°
		63V			2619 .		47 μF 25\
4822 126 10		25V			2620	4822 121 43526	47 nF 250
13 5322 122 32		63V			2621	5322 122 34123	1 nF 50\
4822 122 33		50V		İ	2622	4822 121 41935	12 nF 250
6 4822 124 23	53 1 μF	50V		-	2623	4822 122 33177	
17 4822 124 23	53 1 μF	50V			2624		10 nF 50\
4822 122 33		50V		.		5322 122 34123	1 nF 50\
50 5322 122 31		50V			2625	5322 121 42489	33 nF 250
					2626	4822 121 43187	27 nF 250
		63V			2627	4822 121 41857	10 nF 250
55 4822 126 13		25V			2628	4822 124 40433	47 uF 25V
6 4822 122 33		50V			2629	4822 124 40433	47 μF 25V
7 4822 122 33		50V			2631	4822 124 40242	47 μF 23V
8 4822 124 802	27 2,2 μF	35V		1			
	,			1	داناد	JUCK 122 J2208	470 pF 50V
	-1	35 V		1	2632	5322 122 32268	470 pF



				ı				
2633	5322 124 41431	22 μF 35V		3094	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ	0,1W	
2700	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V		3095	4822 051 20472	4,7 k Ω	0,1W	
2701 2702	4822 126 10002 4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V 100 nF 25V		3096	4822 100 12157	10 kΩ	0.4144	
2703	4822 124 40248	100 μF 63V		3097	4822 051 20332 4822 100 12157	3,3 kΩ 10 kΩ	0,1 W	only for SECAM
2720	5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V		3099	4822 100 12155	2,2 kΩ		Only to SECAM
2721	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	only for SECAM	3100	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	0,25W	
2722	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	only for SECAM	3104	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ	0,1W	
2725 2726	4822 126 10002 5322 122 32654	100 nF 25V		3105	4822 051 20122	1,2 kΩ	0,1W	
2727	4822 124 41576	22 nF 63V 2,2 μF 50V		3106 3116	4822 051 20271 4822 051 20123	270 Ω 12 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
2728	4822 124 40248	10 μF 63V		3117	4822 051 20183	12 kΩ	0,1 V V	
2737	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V		3118	4822 051 20222	2,2 kΩ	0,1W	
2738	5322 124 41431	22 μF 35V		3119	4822 051 20101	100 Ω	0,1W	
2739 2740	4822 126 10002 4822 124 41576	100 nF 25V 2,2 μF 50V		3128 3132	4822 051 20223 4822 051 20681	22 kΩ 680 Ω	0,1W	
2741	4822 126 10002	100 nF 25V		3135	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
2820	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	only for SECAM	3137	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	0,25W	
2821	4822 122 33177	10 nF 50V	only for SECAM	3138	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
2822 2824	4822 126 13245 4822 126 12945	12 pF 8,2 pF	only for SECAM	3400 3401	4822 051 20222 4822 051 10102	2,2 kΩ	0,1W	
2834	5322 122 32531	100 pF 50V	only for SECAM	3401	4822 051 20472	1 kΩ 4,7 kΩ	0,25W 0,1W	
2840	4822 124 40248	10 μF 63V	only for SECAM	3408	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
2841	5322 122 32654	22 nF 63V	only for SECAM	3409	4822 050 11002	1 $k\Omega$	0,4W	
2842 2843	4822 124 80885 4822 124 40248	220 pF 16V 10 μF 63V	only for SECAM	3410	4822 116 52199 4822 116 52199	68 Ω	0,5W	
2844	4822 124 80885	220 pF 16V	only for SECAM	3411 3412	4822 051 20472	68 Ω 4,7 kΩ	0,5W 0,1W	
2845	4822 124 40246	4,7 μF 63V	only for SECAM	3413	4822 116 52283	$4,7 k\Omega$	0,5W	
2846	4822 124 40246	4,7 μF 63V	only for SECAM	3414	4822 051 20472	4,7 k Ω	0,1W	
				3415	4822 051 10104	100 kΩ	0,25W	
RESIS	STORS			3416 3417	4822 116 52234 4822 116 52249	100 kΩ 1,8 kΩ	0,5W 0,5W	
				3418	4822 051 20333	33 kΩ	0,1W	
3001 3002	4822 051 20471 4822 051 20473	470 Ω 0,1W		3419	4822 051 10102	1 $k\Omega$	0,25W	
3002	4822 051 20473	47 kΩ 0,1W 22 kΩ 0,1W		3420 3422	4822 051 20103 4822 051 20182	10 kΩ	0,1W	
3010	4822 100 12156	4,7 kΩ		3423	4822 051 20182	1,8 kΩ 1,8 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3012	4822 051 20332	3,3 kΩ 0,1W		3424	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
3017 3018	4822 051 20103 4822 100 12156	10 kΩ 0,1W 4,7 kΩ		3425	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
3019	4822 051 20682	6,8 k Ω 0,1W		3426 3429	4822 051 20682 4822 051 20472	6,8 kΩ 4,7 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3020	4822 100 12156	4,7 $k\Omega$		3430	4822 051 20472	$4,7 k\Omega$	0,1W	
3021	4822 051 20272	$2,7$ k Ω $0,1$ W		3431	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
3022 3023	4822 051 20821 4822 051 10102	820 Ω 0,1W 1 k Ω 0,25V	ı	3432	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	0,25W	
3025	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ 0,1W	•	3433 3434	4822 051 20103 4822 051 20223	10 kΩ 22 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3026	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3435	4822 051 20823	82 kΩ	0,1W	
3028 3029	4822 051 20472	$4.7 \text{ k}\Omega = 0.1\text{W}$		3436	4822 051 20223	22 kΩ	0,1W	
3030	4822 116 52283 4822 051 20222	4,7 kΩ 0,5W 2,2 kΩ 0,1W		3437 3438	4822 051 20103 4822 051 20392	10 kΩ 3,9 kΩ	0,1W	
3031	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ 0,1W		3439	4822 051 20223	$3,9$ k Ω 22 k Ω	0,1W 0,1W	
3033	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25V	1	3440	4822 051 20158	1,5 Ω	0,1W	
3034 3036	4822 051 20222 4822 051 20392	2,2 k Ω 0,1W 3,9 k Ω 0,1W		3441	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
3037	4822 051 20392	$1,2 \text{ k}\Omega = 0,1\text{W}$		3442 3443	4822 050 11002 4822 051 20103	1 kΩ 10 kΩ	0,4W 0,1W	
3038	4822 051 20392	3,9 kΩ 0,1W		3444	4822 051 20103	10 kΩ	0,1W	
3039	4822 100 12157	10 kΩ		3445	4822 051 10223	22 $k\Omega$	0,25W	
3040 3041	4822 051 20222 4822 051 20472	2,2 k Ω 0,1W 4,7 k Ω 0,1W		3446	4822 051 10103	10 kΩ	0,25W	
3043	4822 051 20561	$560 \Omega 0.1W$		3447 3448	4822 116 52233 4822 051 20223	10 kΩ 22 kΩ	0,5W 0,1W	
3044	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ 0,25W		3449	4822 051 20104	100 kΩ	0,1W	
3045 3046	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 0,1W		3450	4822 051 20225	2,2 ΜΩ	0,1W	
3051	4822 051 20222 4822 051 20105	2,2 k Ω 0,1W 1 M Ω 0,1W		3451 3452	4822 116 52233	10 kΩ	0,5W	
3052	4822 051 20822	8,2 kΩ 0,1W		3453	4822 051 20393 4822 051 20472	$39 k\Omega$ $4,7 k\Omega$	0,1W 0,1W	
3054	4822 051 20562	$5,6$ k Ω $0,1$ W		3454	4822 051 20471	470 Ω	0,1W	
3055 3060	4822 051 20821 4822 051 20222	820 Ω 0,1W 2,2 k Ω 0,1W		3455	4822 051 20221	220 Ω	0,1W	
3061	4822 051 20101	$\frac{2}{100} \Omega = 0.1W$		3456 3457	4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ	0,1W	
3062	4822 051 20182	1,8 kΩ 0,1W		3457	4822 051 20472	4,7 kΩ 4,7 kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3063	4822 051 20271	270 Ω 0,1W		3459	4822 116 52283	$4,7 k\Omega$	0,5W	
3064 3089	4822 051 20561 4822 051 10102	560 Ω 0,1W 1 k Ω 0,25W		3461	4822 116 52175	100 Ω	0,5W	
3090	4822 051 10102	$1 k\Omega 0.25W$		3462 3465	4822 116 52175 4822 051 10102	100 Ω 1 kΩ	0,5W 0,25W	
3091	4822 051 20562	5,6 kΩ 0,1W		3466	4822 116 52224	470 Ω	0,25 vv 0,5W	
3092 3093	4822 051 20332	3,3 kΩ 0,1W		3467	4822 051 20472	4,7 k Ω	0,1W	
5030	4822 051 20152	1,5 kΩ 0,1W		3468	4822 116 52224	470 Ω	0,5W	

FAMILY	BOARD	NZ.
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1,17,19	
基為, 18,2	
Desc. 17.9	

0.470	1000 051 00101											
3470	4822 051 20104	100					3628	4822 051 20103		kΩ	0,1W	
3471	4822 051 20104	100					3630	4822 051 20333	33	ks.	0,1W	
3474	4822 051 20471	470		0,1W			3631	4822 051 20158	1,5	Ω	0,1W	
3475	4822 116 52256	2,2	kΩ	0,5W			3632	4822 051 20331			0,1W	
3476	4822 051 20272	2,7	kΩ	0,1W			3633	4822 051 20331	33		0,1W	
3477	4822 051 20103	1.0	kΩ			· i	3634	4822 051 20183				
3478	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ				3635			kΩ		
3479	4822 051 20471	470		0,1W				4822 116 52283				
3481							3636	4822 051 20473	47	kΩ		
	4822 051 20473	47	kΩ				3637	4822 051 20109		Ω	0,1W	
3482	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ				3638	4822 051 20109	. 10	Ω	0,1W	
3483	4822 051 20104	100					3701	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	1
3484	4822 051 20472	: 4,7	kΩ	0,1W			3702	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W	
3485	4822 051 20103	. 10	kΩ				3703	4822 051 20101	100		0,1W	
3487	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W		12 N	3704	4822 051 20123		kΩ		
3488	4822 051 20182	1,8	kΩ				3705	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ		
3489	4822 116 52256	2,2	kΩ	,			3707				,	
3490	4822 051 20681	680		0,1W		J. 1714/14.	1 :	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ		only for SECAM
3491	4822 051 10102				, .		3708	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ		only for PAL
		. 1		0,25W	٠	11 5 3.1	3720	4822 051 20822	8,2			only for SECAM
3492	4822 116 52176	10	Ω			inskrije:	3721	4822 051 20122	1,2	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3493	4822 051 20331	330		0,1W		term of the second	3723	4822 051 20104	100) kΩ	0,1W	
3494	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W		the state of	3725	4822 051 20682	6,8	kΩ	0,1W	
3495	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W			3726	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ		
3496	4822 116 52176	10	Ω	0,5W			3727	4822 051 20152	1,5	kΩ		
3498	4822 050 11002	1	kΩ	0,4W			3728	4822 051 20563	56	kΩ		
3499	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ			1075	3729	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ		
3500	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ			only for PAL	3730	4822 051 20183			,	
3501	4822 051 10102	1.	kΩ			only for PAL	1		18	kΩ	•	
3502	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ				3731	4822 051 20183	18	kΩ	,	
				,		only for PAL	3737	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	-	
3503	4822 116 52224	470		0,5W			3739	4822 051 20473	47	kΩ	0,1W	
3504	4822 051 20104	100				500 - 13	3741	4822 100 12156	4,7	kΩ		only for SECAM
3505	4822 116 52271	. 33	kΩ			13.144	3742	4822 100 12158	22	kΩ		•
3506	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,4W		only for PAL	3743	4822 051 20271	270		0,1W	only for PAL
3516	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W		only for PAL	3743	4822 051 20221	220		0,1W	only for SECAM
3517	4822 050 11002	1	kΩ			tut i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	3744	4822 051 20104	100		0,1W	Only for SECAIVI
3519	4822 116 52243	1,5	kΩ			1771	3745	4822 051 20561	560		-	
3520	4822 051 20829	82	Ω			and the subsect of the	3746				0,1W	
3521	4822 051 20829	82	Ω	0,1W		ndesen palace no	1	4822 051 20561	560		0,1W	only for SECAM
3522	4822 051 20829	82	Ω	0,1W		er er er er er er er er er er er er er e	3749	4822 051 20561	560		0,1W	
3530	4822 051 20682						3760	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	
		6,8	kΩ			The state of the	3762	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	
3531	4822 051 20682	6,8	kΩ			1000 C 等	3782	4822 051 20272	2,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3532	4822 051 20224	220		0,1W			3820	4822 051 20822	8,2	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3533	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	,		111 - 1 - 1	3821	4822 051 20822	. 8,2	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3534	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	0,1W	7.17		3822	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3535	4822 051 10473	47	kΩ	0,25W			3823	4822 100 12159	100		,	only for SECAM
3536	4822 051 20105	1	MΩ	0,1W			3824	4822 051 20104	100		0,1W	only for SECAM
3537	4822 051 20562	5,6	kΩ	0.1W		(1) 시구를	3825	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3538	4822 051 10102	1		0,25W		2 t (W)	3826	4822 051 10103	10	kΩ		
3539	4822 116 52233	10	kΩ			Market Committee	3827	4822 051 20332			0,25W	,
3540	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,1W		e de la Carlo La Carlo de la br>La Carlo de la	1		3,3	kΩ		only for SECAM
3596	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W			3829	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3597	4822 051 20104						3831	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
		100	kΩ	0,1W			3832	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3600	4822 051 20479	47	Ω	0,1W			3833	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3601	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W			3834	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	only for SECAM
3602	4822 051 20331	330	Ω	0,1W			3835	4822 051 10103	10	kΩ	0,25W	only for SECAM
3603	,4822 051 20123	12	kΩ	0,1W			3854	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	•
3604	4822 051 20394	390	kΩ	0,1W			3855	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3605	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W			3858	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3606	4822 100 12157	10	kΩ				3859	4822 051 10008	Ö	Ω	0,25W	
3607	4822 051 20105	1	МΩ	0,1W			3904	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3608	4822 051 20473	47	kΩ	0,1W			3907	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,25 vv	
3610	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W			3911	4822 051 20008	Ö			
3611	4822 116 52271	33	kΩ	0,5W			3913			Ω	0,1W	
3612	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W			3914	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3613	4822 116 52256	2,2	kΩ	0,1 VV				4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3614	4822 051 20103			0,5 VV 0,1W			3915	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3615		10	kΩ				3916	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,1W			3918	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3616	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W			3920	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3617	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W		İ	3921	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3618	4822 100 12159	100	kΩ	A 4141			3922	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3619	4822 051 20158	1.5	Ω	0,1W			3923	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3620	4822 051 20472	47	kΩ	0,1W			3924	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3621	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W			3925	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3623	4822 001 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W			3926	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3624	*022 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	0,1W			3927	4822 051 10008	ō	Ω	0,25W	
3625	4822 051 20339	33	Ω	0,1W		1	3928	4822 051 10008	Ö	Ω	0,25W	
2026	4822 051 20479	47	Ω	0,1W		[3930	4822 051 20008	Ö	Ω	0,1W	only for SECAM
3627	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	0,1W		ľ	3931	4822 051 20008	Õ	Ω	0,1W	Only TOT GEORIVI
						1			~		-,	

DU	FAMILY						
		0,25W 0,1W	Ω	0	051 10008 051 20008		3932 3933
	only for PAL	0,1W	Ω	Ō	051 20008		3940
-						3	COILS
				27 μ 100	157 53253 157 53265		5002 5003
1			μН	15	157 52842	4822 1	5004
			μH μH	27 8,2	157 53253 157 53251		5005 5006
			μH	8,2	157 53251		5014
			μH	56	157 63676	4822 1	5015
1			μH ⊔	27 56	157 53253 157 63676		5016 5017
			μH μH	22	157 50961		5021
- 1	only for SECAM		μH	330	157 63675	4822 1	5023
	only for SECAM		μH 	560 27	157 63678 157 53253		5024 5025
			μH μH	22	157 50961		5401
ŀ			F		157 53005	4822 1	5402
i			μΗ	6,8	157 52285 157 70038		5501 5601
					157 53531		5603
					157 53531	4822 1	5604
			μН	6,8	157 62681 157 52285		5605 5700 -
			μιι	0,0	157 62681		5720
				8,2	157 53251		5723
			μН	8,2	157 53251 157 70877		5724 5725
			μН	6,8	157 52285	4822 15	5727
			μH μH	6,8 10	157 52285 157 71184		5728 5740
			μπ	10	137 71104	4022 1	3140
-						S	DIODE
				1N41 BAT	130 30621		6002
				1N41	130 31983 130 30621		6004 6401
				1N41	130 30621		6402
1			79-B5\ 79-B6\		130 34233 130 34278		6403 6404
			48	1N41	130 30621	4822 13	6406
			79-B18		130 31024		6504 6505
			79-B6\ 79-B6\		130 34278 130 34278		6508
			79-B12		30 34197		5520
			'9-B12 '9-B12		130 34197 130 34197		6522 6530
			'9-B12		30 34197	4822 13	6531
	only for CCOAL	2	79-B12		30 34197		3540 3720
	only for SECAM only for SECAM			BAT1 BAT1	130 32076 130 32076		6720 6721
	only for SECAM		1	BB81	30 83702	4822 13	820
	only for SECAM only for SECAM			BA58 BA58	30 83703 30 83703		5821 5822
	only for SECAM			BAT1	30 32076		5823
	only for SECAM			BAT1	30 32076	5322 13	6824
					RS & IC's	SISTORS	TRANS
		_		BC85	30 41983		7000
İ		IS KT-96	7403F		209 30692 30 60729		7004 7005
		111-20		BC85	30 41983		7006
			8B	BC84	30 41982		7007
		Γ .	8B 094B	BC85 HEF4	30 41983 209 11306		7010 7014
			24EK	DTA1	30 61495	4822 13	015
				BC84 BC84	30 41982 30 41982		7016 7021
		KT-96			30 60729		024
				BC84	30 41982		025
1			ಶಟ	BC84	30 41982	5322 13	026

027 029	4822 130 60729 4822 130 42353	DTC124EEKT-96 BSF19-F2	
030	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
031	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
032 037	5322 130 41982 5322 130 41983	BC848B	
038	4822 130 61495	BC858B DTA124EK	
051	4822 209 32155	LA7191	
053	4822 209 60177	LM339D	
402	4822 209 30146	L2722	
403	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
404	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
405	4822 130 61495	DTA124EK	
406	4822 130 60089	BD436	
407	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
408	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96	TDD 4 411
410	4822 209 33473	TMP91C642AN/N	IDP4-1U
411	4822 209 30836	SAA1310/N2	
412 413	4822 209 32709 5322 209 11306	ST24C04CB1 HEF4094BT	
420	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
421	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
423	4822 130 44283	BC636	
424	4822 130 44283	BC636	
500	5322 130 41983	BC858B	only for PAL
501	5322 130 41983	BC858B	• •
502	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96	
503	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
504	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96	1 (541
506	5322 130 41982	BC848B	only for PAL
592 601	5322 209 11102 4822 209 31548	HEF4052BT LA7282	
602	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96	
604	4822 130 41715	BC328-40	
605	4822 130 60729	DTC124EEKT-96	
606	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
607	4822 130 41715	BC328-40	
808	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
609	4822 130 42615	BC817-40	
610	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
611	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
612 613	4822 130 42615	BC817-40	
720	5322 130 41983 4822 209 31554	BC858B TDA9800/V3	only for PAL
720	4822 209 31554	TDA9802/V3	only for SECAM
721	5322 130 41982	BC848B	omy for or or
723	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
727	5322 130 41982	BC848B	only for SECAM
761	5322 130 41983	BC858B	•
323	5322 130 41982	BC848B	only for SECAM
324	5322 130 41982	BC848B	only for SECAM
340	4822 209 31555	TDA9830/V1	only for SECAM

CHROMA SECAM PROCESSING CSP PANEL

CITORS				_
5322 122 34123 4822 122 33177 5322 122 32658 5322 122 34123 5322 122 32531 4822 122 33177 5322 122 34123 5322 122 32659 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 5322 122 34123 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 33177 4822 122 32531 5322 122 32531 5322 122 33538 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177	1 10 22 1 100 10 1 133 10 10 10 10 10 10 100 10	++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	50V 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V	
TORS	-			_
4822 051 20223 4822 051 10102 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20332 4822 051 20322 4822 051 20821 4822 051 20391 4822 051 20821 4822 051 20821 4822 051 20102 4822 051 20122 4822 051 20122 4822 051 20152 4822 051 20152 4822 051 20133 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20183 4822 051 20183 4822 051 20183 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20473 4822 051 20473 4822 051 20473 4822 051 20473 4822 051 20473 4822 051 20008 4822 051 20008	22 1 330 3,3 820 680 1 390 820 1 1,2 2,2 1 1,5 10 33 2,2 2,2 1 18 2,2 1,5 10 1 560 4,7 1 47 47 1 0 0	kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ kΩ	0,1W 0,25W 0,1W 0,1W 0,1W 0,1W 0,25W 0,1W 0,25W 0,1W 0,1W 0,1W 0,1W 0,25W 0,1W	
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4822 157 63661 4822 157 63661 4822 157 63676 4822 157 52842 4822 157 63675 4822 157 63659 4822 156 21456 4822 156 21459 4822 157 63678	15 330 560	μΗ μΗ		
	5322 122 34123 4822 122 33177 5322 122 32658 5322 122 34123 5322 122 34123 5322 122 34123 5322 122 34123 5322 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331977 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331947 4822 122 331977 4822 122 331977 4822 122 331977 4822 122 331977 4822 122 331977 4822 122 33658 5322 122 32531 5322 122 32531 5322 122 33538 4822 122 33177 4822 122 33177 4822 122 331797 TORS 4822 051 20223 4822 051 10102 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20331 4822 051 20222 4822 051 10102 4822 051 20122 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20122 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20103 4822 051 20008 4822 157 63661 4822 157 63661 4822 157 63675	5322 122 34123 1 4822 122 33177 10 5322 122 32658 22 5322 122 34123 1 5322 122 32659 33 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 5322 122 34123 1 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 331947 100 4822 122 31947 100 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33177 10 4822 122 33538 150 5322 122 32658 22 5322 122 32531 100 5322 122 33538 150 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 390 4822 051 20331 390 4822 051 20331 390 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20331 37 4822 051 20331 330 4822 051 20330 33 4822 051 20330 33 4822 051 20330 33 4822 051 20330 33 4822 051 20330 33 4822 051 20472 4,7 4822 051 20472 4,7 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 20473 47 4822 051 2047	5322 122 34123 1 nF 5322 122 32658 22 pF 5322 122 32531 100 pF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 5322 122 32659 33 pF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 5322 122 32659 33 pF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 31947 100 nF 4822 122 31947 100 nF 4822 122 31947 100 nF 4822 122 31947 100 nF 4822 122 31947 100 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 33177 10 nF 4822 122 32442 10 nF 5322 122 32658 22 pF 5322 122 32531 100 pF 5322 122 32531 100 pF 5322 122 32531 100 pF 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20332 3,3 kΩ 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20332 3,3 kΩ 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 20331 330 Ω 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 4822 051 20331 390 Ω 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 4822 051 20472 4,7 kΩ 4822 051 20152 1,5 kΩ 4822 051 20160 1 kΩ 4822 051 20473 47 kΩ 4	S322 122 34123

TRANSISTORS & IC's							
7200	4822 130 42353	BSF19-F2					
7201	5322 130 41982	BC848B					
7202	4822 209 73852	PMBT2369					
7203	5322 130 41982	BC848B					
7205	5322 130 41982	BC848B					
7207	4822 130 60145	DTC124E/25					
7240	5322 130 41982	BC848B					
7520	4822 209 73599	TDA4725/V2					

IN/OUT, VPS MSIO/VPS PANEL

CONN	ECTORS			
	4822 265 41295 4822 265 51352	15 pin Scart		
CAPA	CITORS			
2510	4822 122 31947	100 nF		
2511	4822 124 80454	10 μF	16V	
2541 2561	4822 124 40248 4822 124 80454	10 μF 10 μF	63V 16V	
25.70	4822 122 31727	470 pF	63V	
2571	4822 122 31727	470 pF	63V	
2580	4822 122 31727	470 pF	63V	
2581 2590	4822 124 40248 4822 122 31947	10 μF 100 nF	63V 63V	
2591	4822 122 32442	100 nF	50V	
2600	4822 122 31825	27 pF		only for VPS
2601	4822 122 31981	33 nF		only for VPS
2602 2603	4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947	100 nF 100 nF	63V	only for VPS
	4022 122 31347	100 111	05 V	
RESIS	TORS	,		
3508	4822 051 10471	470 Ω	0,25W	
3509	4822 051 10561	560 Ω	0,25W	
3511 3512	4822 051 10471 4822 051 10122	470 Ω 1,2 kΩ		
3512	4822 051 10122	1,2 kΩ		
3514	4822 051 10123	12 kΩ	0,25W	
3515	4822 051 10103	10 kΩ	0,25W	
3516 3517	4822 051 10229 4822 051 10101	22 Ω 100 Ω		
3518	4822 051 10101	100 Ω		
3541	4822 051 10104	100 kΩ	0,25W	
3542	4822 051 10472	4,7 kΩ	0,25W	
3550 3551	4822 051 10829 4822 051 10682	82Ω $6,8 k\Omega$	0,25W 0,25W	
3560	4822 051 10102	1 kΩ	-,	
3561	4822 051 10471	470 Ω		
3562 3563	4822 051 10122 4822 051 10123	1,2 kΩ 12 kΩ		
3564	4822 051 10123	12 kΩ	0,25W	
3565	4822 051 10103	10 kΩ	0,25W	
3566	4822 051 10101	100 Ω		
3567 3568	4822 051 10101 4822 051 10229	100 Ω 22 Ω		
3570	4822 051 10682	$6.8 k\Omega$	0,25W	
3571	4822 051 10682	6,8 kΩ	0,25W	
3572 3581	4822 051 10224	220 kΩ	0,25W	
3581 3582	4822 051 10104 4822 051 10472	100 kΩ 4,7 kΩ	0,25W 0,25W	
3583	4822 051 10224	220 kΩ	0,25W	
3584	4822 051 10471	470 Ω	0,25W	
3600 3601	4822 051 10101 4822 051 10101	100 Ω 100 Ω	1/8W 1/8W	only for VPS only for VPS
3602	4822 051 10332	$3,3$ k Ω	1/8W	only for VPS
3603	4822 051 10682	$6,8$ k Ω	1/8W	only for VPS
3604	4822 051 10105	1 MΩ	1/8W	only for VPS
3605 3606	4822 051 10562 4822 051 10105	5,6 k Ω 1 M Ω	1/8W 1/8W	only for VPS only for VPS
3607	4822 051 10101	100 Ω	1/8W	only for VPS
3608	4822 051 10104	100 kΩ	1/8W	only for VPS
3609	4822 051 10105	1 MΩ	1/8W	only for VPS
3802 3906	4822 051 10008 4822 051 10008	$egin{array}{ccc} \Omega & \Omega & \Omega & \Omega \end{array}$	0,25W 0,25W	
3910	4822 051 10008	0Ω	0,25W	
3911	4822 051 10008	0 Ω	0,25W	
3913	4822 051 10008	Ω 0	0,25W	

6550 6551 6552 6560 6561 6562 6563 6564 6565 6566 6570 6571 6580 6590	4822 130 34197 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 31024 4822 130 30621 4822 130 30621 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 34197 4822 130 31024	BZX79-B12 1N4148 1N4148 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B18 1N4148 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B12 BZX79-B12		
TRAN	SISTORS & IC's		1	
7509 7510 7511 7540 7550 7560 7562 7580 7590 7591 7593 7594 7600	5322 130 41983 4822 130 42353 5322 130 41983 5322 130 42616 4822 130 42616 4822 130 4253 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41982 5322 209 10576 5322 209 10576 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982 4822 209 73306	BC858B BFS19 BC858B BC848B BC818-40 BFS19 BC858B BC848B HEF4053BD HEF4053BD BC848B BC848B VPS IC SDAS	5642	only for VPS

IN/OUT, TELETEXT, VPS MVIO PANEL

IN/OUT, TELETEXT, VPS MVIO PANEL

CONN	IECTORS :		
	4822 265 41295 4822 265 31086 4822 265 51352	15 pin 6 pin Scart	
MISC	ELLANEOUS		
1000 1200 1300	4822 242 81099 4822 242 81471 4822 320 40186	Crystal 12 MHz Crystal 27 MHz Delay line	
CAPA	CITORS		
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2010 2020 2030 2200 2201 2202 2204 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2250 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2307 2308 2307 2308 2309 2311 2302 2303 2304 2305 2301 2311 2312 2313 2304 2305 2307 2307 2308 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2312 2313 2314 2340 2351 2351 2352 2370 2371 2372 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2511 2551 2561 2570 2571 2580 2591 2591 2591 2591 2591 2591 2591 2591	4822 122 31947 5322 122 32658 4822 122 32658 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 5322 122 34123 5322 122 34123 5322 122 3448 5322 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 4822 122 31947 5322 122 34123 5322 122 31947 5322 122 32661 4822 124 80227 4822 124 80227 4822 124 80227 4822 124 31947 5322 122 32481 4822 122 31947 5322 122 32481 4822 122 31947 5322 122 32481 4822 122 31947 5322 122 32481 4822 122 31947 5322 122 32481 4822 122 31947 5322 122 32481 5322 122 32482 5322 122 32482 5322 122 32482 5322 122 32268 5322 122 32268 5322 122 32268 5322 122 32268 5322 122 32268 5322 122 32268	100 nF 63V 22 pF 50V 22 pF 50V 10 nF 50V 1 nF 50V 100 nF 63V 100 nF 50V 100 nF 63V 100 nF 50V 100 nF 63V	

RESIS	STORS				
3000	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3001 3003	4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472	4,7 4,7	kΩ kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3004	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3010	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	
3011	4822 051 20181	180	Ω	0,1W	
3200 3201	4822 051 20101 4822 051 20101	100 100	Ω	0,1W 0,1W	
3202	4822 051 20681	680	Ω	0,1W	
3203	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	0,1W	
3204 3205	4822 051 20151 4822 051 20273	150	Ω	0,1W	
3300	4822 051 20273	27 8,2	kΩ kΩ	0,1W 0,25W	
3301	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	
3302	4822 051 20224	220	kΩ	0,1W	
3303 3304	4822 051 10563 4822 051 10102	56 1	kΩ kΩ	0,25W 0,25W	
3305	4822 051 20681	680	Ω	0,1W	
3306	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	
3307 3340	4822 051 10102 4822 051 20105	1 1	kΩ MΩ	0,25W 0,1W	
3341	4822 051 20332	3,3	kΩ	0,1W	
3350	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,1W	
3351 3352	4822 051 20471 4822 051 20221	470 220	Ω	0,1W 0,1W	
3370	4822 051 20101	100	Ω	0,1W	
3371	4822 051 20479	47	Ω	0,1W	
3372 3373	4822 051 20271 4822 051 20225	270 2,2	Ω M Ω	0,1W	
3374	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W	
3400	4822 051 20103	10	kΩ	0,1W	
3401 3403	4822 051 20103 4822 051 20472	10 4,7	kΩ kΩ	0,1W	
3404	4822 051 20221	220	Ω	0,1W	
3405	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	
3406 3407	4822 051 10102 4822 051 20122	1 1,2	kΩ kΩ	0,25W	
3408	4822 051 10102	1	kΩ	0,25W	
3409	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3451 3452	4822 051 20472 4822 051 20472	4,7 4,7	kΩ kΩ		
3501	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	
3510 3511	4822 051 10102	1,0	kΩ		
3512	4822 051 20471 4822 051 20122	470 1,2	Ω kΩ		
3513	4822 051 20123	12	kΩ		
3514 3515	4822 051 20123 4822 051 20103	12 10	kΩ kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3516	4822 051 20471	470	Ω	0,144	
3517	4822 051 20471	470	Ω		
3518 3519	4822 051 20229 4822 051 20101	22 100	Ω		
3520	4822 051 20101	100	Ω		
3530	4822 051 20109	10	Ω		
3541 3542	4822 051 10104 4822 051 20472	100 4.7	kΩ kΩ	0,25W 0,1W	
3550	4822 051 20829	82	Ω	0,1W	
3560	4822 051 20229	22	Ω		
3561 3562	4822 051 10102 4822 051 20122	1,0 1,2	kΩ kΩ		
3563	4822 051 20123	12	kΩ		
3564 3565	4822 051 20123 4822 051 20103	12 10	kΩ kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3566	4822 051 20471	470	Ω		
3567	4822 051 20101	100	Ω		
3568 3570	4822 051 20101 4822 051 20682	100 6,8	Ω k Ω		
3571	4822 051 20682	6,8	kΩ		
3572 3580	4822 051 20224 4822 051 20471	220	kΩ	0,1W	
3581	4822 051 20471	470 100	Ω kΩ	0,1W 0,1W	
3582	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3583 3590	4822 051 20224 4822 051 10682	220 6,8	kΩ kΩ	0,1W 0,25W	
	322 301 10002	5,5	,	J,2011	

COILS	3	
	1000 157 70500	4.7
5000	4822 157 70503	4,7 μΗ
5010	4822 157 70503	4,7 μΗ
5020	4822 157 70503	4,7 μΗ
5030	4822 157 70503	4,7 μΗ
5200	4822 157 63343	
5201	4822 157 70503	4,7 μΗ
5250	4822 157 53265	100 μH
5300	4822 157 63343	•
5301	4822 157 53252	22 μH
5370	4822 157 70131	ΣΣ μ
5400	4822 157 63343	
J+00	4022 137 00040	/
DIODE	 E S	
		P.70.
6550	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
6551	5322 130 34331	BAV70
6560	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
6561	5322 130 34331	BAV70
6570	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
6571	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
6580	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
6590	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
6592	4822 130 33699	BZX84-C12
0092	4022 130 33099	BZA04-C12
TRAN	SISTORS & IC's	
7000	4822 209 32331	SAB 8032 WITH SOCKET
7020	5322 209 31276	PC74HCT573T
7030	4822 209 31553	FCB61C65LL-70T
7200	4822 209 32328	SAA5248GP/E
7250	4822 209 31553	FCB61C65LL-70T
7300	4822 209 71415	MC1377P
7340	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7350	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7351	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7370	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7371	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7372	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7400	4822 209 32327	BA7605N
7401	5322 130 41983	BC858B
7402	4822 130 61495	DTA 124EK
7402		
	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7404	4822 209 73852	PMBT 2369
7405	5322 130 41983	BC858B
7511	5322 130 41983	BC858B
7512	4822 130 42353	BFS19
7513	5322 130 41983	BC858B
7540	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7561	5322 130 41982	BC848B
7562	4822 130 42353	BFS19
7563	5322 130 41983	BC858B
7580	5322 130 41983	BC848B
7590	5322 209 14481	HEF4053BT
7591	5322 209 14481	HEF4053BT
7595	4822 130 42616	BC818-40

PCS 74583

IN/OUT, OSD, VPS NIO PAN	EL
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	114/001, 0		IIO I MILL
		ı	
MISCELLANEOUS		3855	4822 051 20103
4822 265 41295 15 pin		3856 3857 3858	4822 051 20222 4822 051 20472 4822 051 20222 4822 051 20008
CAPACITORS		3859 3860	4822 051 20008
CAPACITORS		3861	4822 051 20223
2510 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2511 4822 124 80535 10 µF 2541 4822 124 22826 10 µF 2560 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2561 4822 124 80535 10 µF 2570 5322 122 32268 470 pF 2580 5322 122 32268 470 pF 2580 5322 122 32268 470 pF 2581 4822 124 22826 10 µF 2590 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2591 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2600 5322 12231946 27 pF 2602 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2603 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2603 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2603 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2850 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2851 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2850 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2851 4822 126 10002 100 nF 2853 5322 126 10223 4,7 nF 2853 5322 126 10223 4,7 nF 2855 5322 116 80853 560 pF 2858 4822 124 22826 10 µF	25V 16V 16V 25V 16V 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V only for 50V only for 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 63V 16V	3862 3863 3864 3865 3866 3867 3901 3905 3907 3912 3915 3915 3922 3923	4822 051 20153 4822 051 20104 4822 051 20472 4822 051 20475 4822 051 20475 4822 051 20475 4822 051 20008 4822 051 10008 4822 051 10008 4822 051 10008 4822 051 20008 4822 051 10008 4822 051 10008
2860 4822 126 10002 100 nF	25V	6565	5322 130 34331
15 (20.16)		6567 6570	4822 130 30621 4822 130 34197
RESISTORS		6571	4822 130 34197
RESISTORS 3508 4822 051 20471 470 Ω 3509 4822 051 20471 470 Ω 3510 4822 051 10102 1 kΩ 3511 4822 051 20122 1,2 kΩ 3512 4822 051 20123 12 kΩ 3513 4822 051 20103 10 kΩ 3514 4822 051 20103 10 kΩ 3516 4822 116 52191 33 Ω 3541 4822 051 20104 100 kΩ 3542 4822 051 20472 4,7 kΩ 3550 4822 051 20829 82 Ω 3551 4822 051 20829 82 Ω 3550 4822 051 20829 82 Ω 3561 4822 051 20122 1,2 kΩ 3561 4822 051 20122 1,2 kΩ 3564 4822 051 20122 1,2 kΩ 3563 4822 051 20122 1,2 kΩ 3564 4822 051 20103	0,1W only fo 0,1W 6580 6590	4822 130 34197 4822 130 31024 NSISTORS & IC's 5322 130 41983 4822 130 42353 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41982 4822 130 4253 5322 130 41983 5322 130 41982 5322 209 14481 5322 209 14481 5322 209 32728 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982 5322 130 41982	

3855	4822 051 20103	10 :	kΩ	0,1W	
3856	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	
3857	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3858	4822 051 20222	2,2	kΩ	0,1W	
3859	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3860	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3861	4822 051 20223	22	kΩ	0,1W	
3862	4822 051 20153	15	kΩ	0,1W	
3863	4822 051 20104	100	kΩ	0,1W	
3864	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3865	4822 051 20472	4,7	kΩ	0,1W	
3866	4822 051 20475	4,7	$M\Omega$	0,1W	
3867	4822 051 20475	4,7	$M\Omega$	0,1W	
3901	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3905	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3907	4822 051 10008	0 ;	Ω	0,25W	
3912	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3915	4822 051 20008	0	Ω	0,1W	
3922	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
3923	4822 051 10008	0	Ω	0,25W	
	4822 051 10008	-		- /	

6550	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
6551	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6552	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6560	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
6564	4822 130 31024	BZX79-B18
6565	5322 130 34331	BAV70
6567	4822 130 30621	1N4148
6570	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
6571	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
6580	4822 130 34197	BZX79-B12
6590	4822 130 31024	BZX79-B18

111/7/11	01010110 4 10 0		
7509	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
7510	4822 130 42353	BSF19-F2	
7511	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
7540	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7550	4822 130 42616	BC818-40	
7560	4822 130 42353	BSF19-F2	
7562	5322 130 41983	BC858B	
7580	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7590	5322 209 14481	HEF4053BT	
7591	5322 209 14481	HEF4053BT	
7593	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7600	4822 209 32728	SDA5642-5	only for VPS
7851	5322 130 41982	BC848B	
7852	5322 130 41982	BC848B	

HEAD AMPLIFIERS LHA

4822 214 33714 LHA 2/0 4822 214 33761 LHA 3/0 4822 214 33666 LHA 4/0

NFM PANEL

4822 214 60168 NFM

CABLES

4822 321 61675	Cable chinch	not for N4
4822 320 50318	Cable B6 - L8	only for N4
4822 320 50293	Cable SM1 - F1	not for N4
4822 321 61675	Cable chipch	only for N4
4822 320 50294	Cable DC1 - F6	not for N4
4822 320 50299	Cable L4 - F2	only for N4
4822 320 50319	Cable L6 - 1911	not for N4
4822 320 50293	Cable SM1 - F1	only for N4
4822 320 50321	Cable L1 - 1915	not for N4
4822 320 50297	Cable L2 - F3	
4822 320 50298	Cable L3 - F8	
4822 320 50299	Cable L4 - F2	not for N4
4822 320 50318	Cable B6 - L8	not for N4
4822 320 50342	Cable 1932 - 1912	only for N4
4822 320 50344	Cable L1 - 1915	only for N4
4822 320 50345	Cable L6 - 1911	only for N4
4822 320 50346	Cable 1103 - 1925	only for N4
4822 320 50343	Cable 1105 - 1922	only for N4